P 75

G. R. S. IX-5]

Previous references.

File No. 211-16

1916-17

(police)

Serial Nos. 1-9

Later references.

pol 42-19(182)
" 121-19(3, 6, 7 etc. 22)
" 142-23 (1-6+9)
" 52-26-12
Pol 174-29-1
" 316-36-1

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1-9

Part B for July 16

SUBJECT.

Compilation of Arms Law manual

To the S.P. Police
No 6948 17.7.16
for 100 Copies of the Supplement
to the Hyderabad Arms Law manual

17/7/16

W D 68—GPB—50,000—24-7-16

G. R. S. 11] 1916-17

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(Police)

NOTES.

File No. 2/1-16

FILE HEADING.

Compilation of an Arms Law Manual.

From

No.	Dated	Received

Diary No.	Enclos.	Spare Copies.	Serial No.

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER.

NOTES AND ORDERS.

NOTES—First Sheet.

WD 1233—GPB—60,000—1-12-16—S.

2

G. R. S. III-2]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | Police File No. 211 of 1916-17

File linked
Police 229-17

Serial No.

Extract from Legis file no. 7-16 re supply of the Arms Regulation to certain Officers.

× × × × ×

Subd. May the Regn. be got printed in book form? It would probably be more useful if the Rules are also printed along with the Regulation and got bound in one volume.
(Subd) S.V.S.
2.11.16

2) Gpo.
(Subd.) G.S. 2.11.16

3) Transferred to the Police Section for putting up an up to date copy of the Arms Rules and other notifications thereon.
(Subd.)
S.V.S
9.12.16.

4) Subd. It is suggested that the law regarding arms & ammunition in Mysore may be printed in the form of a Manual containing:-

(1) The Regulation
(2). The Rules
(3.) Important orders relating to the subject.

5) Such a compilation has been made and put up.

6) The Rules have been recast

7C B

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

WD 1238—GPB—60,000—1-12-16—S.

General and Revenue Secretariat. | Police File No. 211 of 1916-17

Serial No.

71.

into the form of the Madras Rules and have been brought up to date.

7) In schedule I relating to exemptions items nos 16 and 19 require some explanation.

Item no. 16. In the present rule which was issued in Dec 1905 Sub Asst. Surgeons are exempted. The Officers who are then designated Sub Asst. Surgeons are now designated Asst. Surgeons the former designation being now applied to Officers who were then known as Hospital Assistants. So it is proposed to change "Sub Asst. Surgeon" to "Assist Surgeon"

My minute dt.

Item no. 19. The designation of Dy. Inspector of the Education Dept has been since changed to Dt. Inspectors of Education. So the word 'Dy.' is altered to 'Dt.'

approved 8.2.17

8) This file may be sent to the Surgeon Genl. for him to state whether the Surgeons mentioned in the Schedule are all living. ~~If any of them are dead~~ Such of them as are dead may be omitted from the list.

9) Important orders relating to the subject have been collected and it is proposed to print them as an

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

ND 1233—GPB—60,000—1-12-16—S.

G. R. S. III-2]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | Police File No. 211 of 1916-17

Serial No.

an appendix. As some of the orders are confidential ones it is a matter for consideration whether they may be printed.

Confidential ones may be printed separately for use of Secretariat

10) The Chief Court's judgment referred to in this office letter no. J275-8-Police/20-05-2 dt 5-6-06 is not available here. A draft calling for a copy of it from the Reg. Ch. Cl. is put up.

11) If the arrangement above proposed is approved the draft notification marked 7 I will be issued first and then a draft to the Supdt. Govt. Press asking him to print the manual will be put up.

Manual to be printed in Govt. Press

12) Subd. for orders with a copy of the Myore Arms Rules and a copy of the Madras Rules.

7 I

7 K.

See A

18-8-17

To The Registrar, Chief Court. no. J 5-87 dt. 21-8-17 calls for a copy of the judgment in criminal appeals nos. 64, 65 & 66 of 1893.

" In favour of furnishing the necessary information in regard to the Swamies of the Mutts,

Mazra Branch)

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

WD 1233—GPB—60,000—1-12-16—S.

G. R. S. III-2]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | Police File No. 211 of 1916.

Serial No.

i) The names of ~~the~~ Swamies of 10 mutts have been shewn in ~~the Appendix~~ Schedule I. Some of them seem to be correct. As the Branch has no information to verify them, may the Supdt's office be requested to verify the list & return early.

Submtd for orders.
24/8/17

Mur Mis 27/8/17 ii) Office) Please ~~see~~ the Swamis whose names are given in the Schedule are living or any changes by succession have taken place.

W.D.
25/8/17

iii) The List of Names of the Swamies of certain mutts ~~are noted~~ is enclosed herewith.

27/8/17

Bo

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

WD 1233—GPB—60,000—1-12-16—S.

G. R. S. III-2]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | Polia File No. 211 of 191[illegible]

Serial

List of the Names of the Swamies of Matts

(1) Bababendan Senga. Syed Murtyuza Sha Khadri

(2) Shudli Singeri Matt Sri Sankaralbharati Swami

627-1911 (3) Mulbagal Matt Srimad Abhinava Sri Krishnananda Swami

(4) Munigi Matt.

(5) Sagar Tk. Kere Matt ?

Nagar Tk Keladi Kere Matt 10 } names not known.

Rahadari (7) Ramachendrapura Matt

p. 9 (8) Kumcha Jain Matt 9

{ಶೃ ಸಂ ದ ನಿಜಗುಣ ಶಿವಯೋಗಿ-
{ಶರಣ್ಣಾಂಶ್ರ ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನಮಠ

VHSW

1) List of 10 matts noted in the Matt list, 2 have been repeated (Munagi & Ramachandrapura Matts) The names of the Swamis of matts nos 1-4, 6 and 8 in the list appended, which are given in the Matt list, are correct- There are no refs. to verify the names of the Swamis of the remaining 2 matts-viz 5 and 7- viz Sagar Kere Matt & Rama-

Chandrapura

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

WD 1233—GPB—60,000—1-12-16—S.

654

G. R. S. III-2]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

Police File No. 211 of 1916/17

Serial No. 2

Ramachandra per Mall: may this information be furnished to Brett?
(Initd) Asp. 4.5.9.17

From The Registrar, Chief Court. No. D. Dis 210. 37-1917-18 dt 22/23.8.17 (Sd) M.S. 5.9.17.

Forwards copy of the judgment in criminal appeals nos 64, 65 & 66 of 1893.

This judgment was called for in connection with the framing of an order (in which it is referred) along with the proposed Arms Law Manual. The main file has been sent to the Imperial Branch. On its return the judgment will be inserted in the proper place in the Manual. Subd.

BS. 28.8.17

28/8

The judgment received from the Chief Court has been kept in its proper place. Necessary corrections have been made in Schedule I in accordance with the note of the Imperial Branch. Subd.

BS. 6.9.17

As spare copies of the Arms Regulations and the Rules framed thereunder are not available a compilation of the Regulations and the Rules were ordered for a reprint. Opportunity. Suitable opportunity was taken for a complete compilation of

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

ND 1233—GPB—60,000—1-12-1

G. R. S. III-2]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | Police File No. 211 of 1916-17

Serial No.

all the standing orders and notifications, and draft is accordingly submitted herewith for favour of approval. The Rules have been arranged on the model of the British Indian Rules. If this draft is approved, the Manual will be submitted again in final proof before it is printed.

8/9

First Member

Secy-Offg
8/9

8/9

1004 — 8/9

If the copies are not received from the Press Keep this in the A

3 Do The compiler

despore Gazette

no 936 11th Sep 1917

Notifies the rules relating to arms, ammunition and military stores.

Send proof to Press

Subd. with a draft letter Supdt. Govt. Press asking him to print copies of the Manual. The orders which have a penal subject are included in the appendix to the Manual. Cross

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

454
3.42

WD 1223—GPB—60,000—1-12-16—S.

G. R. S. III-2]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | Police File No. 211 of 1916-17

Serial No.	
	which are of a confidential nature or which relate to merely routine matters are forpose to be pomitted as a supplement to the Manual which is not intended for publication.
	BF 19.10.17
Sub A	
4	To, The Supdt Govt Press. Issued 29/10
	No J 1479 Dt 30.10.17
91	Requests to supply in book form 1200 copies of the Manual and 500 copies of the Supplement to this office and 300 copies of the Manual to the Curator Govt Book Depot at an early date.
5	From The Supdt. Govt: Press. no. 1959 Dt 28.5.18
	Forwards 1200 copies of the Manual. The title pomitted on the wrapper is wrong. May the copies be returned to the Press for being corrected. A Draft is however put up.
Sub A 3/6	BF 4.6.18. Issued 4/6
6.	To, The Supdt Govt Press.
	No J 4961 Dt 4.6.18.
	Requests that the Correct title may be printed on Slips and pasted in the right place.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

WD 1233—GPB—60,000—1-12-16—S.

G. R. S. III-2]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | Police File No. 211 of 1916-17

Serial No.	
7	From The Supdt. Govt. Press. no. 2071 Dt 19.6.18 forwards 1195 copies of the Manual with a new wrapper. A copy of the book is put up for perusal. A draft forwarding 800 copies to the D.G. of Police in Mysore is subd. for orders. Copies of the Supplement have not yet been received. BS. 21.6.18.
8	To. The D-G of Police No J 5213 Dt 28.6.18 Forwards 800 Copies of the Mysore Arms Law Manual. Five hundred copies of the Supplement have been received. A copy of it has been put up for perusal. Subd. for orders with draft forwarding 200 copies to the D.G.P. BS. 16-7-18.
9	To. The DG of Police No G 964 Dt 17-7-18 Forwards 200 copies of the Supplement to the Mysore Arms Law

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

G. R. S. VI—G/32]

SUBJECT.....

.....

.....

Diary No. of letter replied to .. ..

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

( )

, the *191* .

Date of issue 20.8.17

Signed by W. G. Srinivasan

Section Police

File No. 211-16

Serial No. 1

No. 1587

To

The Registrar, Chief Court

Sir,

I am directed to request you to be so good as to forward to this office a copy of the Chief Court's judgment in criminal appeals nos. 64, 65 & 66 of 1893.

I have &c.

for Secy to Govt.
Genl Dept.

BFL
18.8.17

over.

D. Dis. No. 37
1917-18 En 1

J 454

17-18

Police

211-16

2

25 AUG 1917

Chief Court of Mysore,

Bangalore, 22nd August 1917.

23rd do

From

N. T. GOPALIENGAR, Esq., B. A., LL. B.,

Registrar of the Chief Court of Mysore.

To

D. M. NARASINGA RAO, Esq., B. A., B. L.,

Secretary to the Government of Mysore,

General Department.

Sir,

Adverting to your No. J. 587/Pol:211-16-1 dated the 21st Instant, I am directed to forward a copy of the Chief Court's Judgment in Criminal Appeals Nos: 64, 65 and 66 of 1893.

I have the honor to be,

S i r,

Your most obedient servant,

N Gopalaiengar

REGISTRAR.

M.S.C.

2

+ 10/9

J 936 Encl 1
Pol 211-16 3.
DJ 11-9-17

Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by the Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890, and in supersession of all previous notifications on the subject, the Govt. of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to make the following rules relating to arms, ammunition & military stores:

Provided that all exemptions and exclusions made, all licences or duplicates granted or issued, all fees imposed, levied, remitted or reduced and all powers conferred by or under any notification hereby superseded, and in force at the commencement of this notification, shall so far as they are consistent herewith, be deemed to have been respectively made, granted, issued, imposed, levied, remitted, reduced, or conferred hereunder.

8/9/17

8/9/17 For Secy to Govt.
Gl. Genl.

To The Comptroller Mysore Gazette for publication in English and in Kannada in Part III of the Gazette. The copy of each line may be in book size. Proof should be sent for approval before [illegible] that requires for a book form (Octavo). [illegible] as that shown [illegible] may be made [illegible] [illegible] printed. [illegible] Rules]

8/9/17

2

The Dangerous Drugs Rules 1917

Contents

Rules

1. Short title.
2. Interpretation.

Application of the Regulations

3 Exemptions & exclusion
4. Exclusion.

Transport

5 Licence required for transport.
6. Conveyance to be marked.
7 & 8. Transport by persons entitled to possess drugs.
9. Restrictions to which transport licence is subject.
10. Application for transport licence
11. Contents of packages to be marked.
12. Procedure on arrival of articles at destination.

Manufacture and sale

13 & 14 Licences to manufacture, convert, keep & sell

Possession of arms & firing arms.

15. Licence to possess arms & to arm prospkts.

16. Licence to go armed on a journey.

17. Licence to possess arms.

18 Licence to possess and carry arms for destroying wild animals.

19. Restriction as regards breech loading rifles and ball rifle ammunition.

20. Licence for possession or transport of sulphur

General

21. Fees how levied.

22. Applications for licences.

23. Period of currency of licences.

24. Grant of duplicate of licence lost or destroyed.

25. Conditions subject to which licences are granted.

26. Licences to be produced on demand.

27. Language of licences

28. Scope of licences.

29. Powers of Officers empowered to grant licences.

30. Certificate of exemption.

31. Subordination of Officers.

Schedules.

The Rules

Short title

1. These rules may be called the Mysore Arms Rules 1917.

Interpretation.

2. In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context, all words and expressions which are defined in the General Clauses Regulation, 1899, shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them thereby; and the provisions of sections 9, 10 and 13 to 19 of the said Regulation shall be deemed to apply as if these rules were an enactment made by Govt. after the commencement of the said Regulation.

Application of the Regulation

Exemptions & exclusion.

3 Under section 22, -

(a) persons and classes of persons &

(b) the arms and ammunition

specified or described in Schedules I & II are, respectively, exempted and excluded, to the extent there indicated, from the operation of prohibitions & directions contained in the Regulation,

5

Reclaim.

4. (a) All sections of the Regulation are extended to sulphur in quantities exceeding ten seers.
(b) Ten cartridges and bullets when possessed in quantities exceeding 1 cwt. at any time shall be deemed to be military stores within the meaning of the Regulation.

4 For the purposes of the definition of "military stores" contained in section 4, all sections of the Regulation are extended to sulphur. The State to all leaden cartridges and bullets when possessed in quantities exceeding 1 cwt. at any one time and to sulphur in quantities exceeding ten seers

Transport.

5. No arms or ammunition or military stores shall be transported in any part of Mysore without a license in Form I, ~~appended to these Rules~~: The license will be granted by the Magistrate of the district. If the articles are to be consigned to a place beyond the jurisdiction of the officer granting the license, the consent of the Magistrate of the district to which the consignment is made must be obtained before the license is issued. Such consent may be obtained by the person applying for the license, or the District Magistrate to whom application for the license is made may forward the proposed license to the officer whose consent is required, and on receiving a reply should either issue the license to the applicant, or inform him that his application for a license to transport arms, etc., has been refused. The fee payable in respect of every such license shall be ten rupees.

License required for transport of arms, etc.

6. Every consignment of arms or ammunition or military stores transported in any part of Mysore by railway on lines within the jurisdiction of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore shall be conspicuously marked with the words "Arms," "Ammunition" or "Military Stores," as the case may be, in such a manner as to be readily recognizable by the Railway authorities. A copy of the license to transport the articles shall be attached to the way bill when the consignment is booked as a parcel, and to the invoice when booked as goods, and no consignment shall leave the railway premises without the contents being verified and compared with the license by the Railway Police at the place of delivery. Telegraphic advice of every such consignment shall be sent to the receiving station by the Railway authorities at the forwarding station.

Consignments to be marked.

7. Persons lawfully entitled to possess arms, or to go armed, are permitted to transport, in any part of Mysore, arms or ammunition in reasonable quantities for their own use. Any person abusing this exemption and transporting such articles otherwise than in reasonable quantities for his own use, will be held to have contravened this rule, and will, on conviction, become liable to the penalties under sections 13 and 14.

Transport by persons entitled to possess arms.

Note.—A cooly or servant carrying a packet properly secured and addressed to an exempted person so long as he travels with it on the direct route from the licensed dealer's premises or a railway station to the residence of such exempted person will be held to require no license provided that the exempted person is responsible for the conduct of the cooly or servant he employs and that the cooly or servant himself does not deviate from the direct route.

8. A person licensed to possess arms, ammunition or military stores, or who is exempted from the liability to take out such a license, is entitled to transport to his residence, from the premises of a licensed dealer, arms, ammunition or military stores without a separate transport license, so long as the articles purchased are in reasonable quantity and for his own use. A licensed dealer in arms, ammunition and military stores may supply the order of any such person, and may, without a separate transport license, send or despatch, in any way desired, to the residence of the purchaser, the articles ordered by any such person, so long as they fulfil the requirements of Rule 7, and are legibly addressed to the person for whom they are intended.

9. A license to transport arms or ammunition or military stores is void, if the consignment breaks bulk at any place short of the district for which it may be granted. A license to transport shall ordinarily not be made valid for more than twice the period actually required for the conveyance of the articles to their destination by the intended route.

Restrictions to which transport license is subject.

10. Persons desirous of transporting arms, ammunition or military stores must apply in writing to the officer authorized to grant transport licenses from the place of despatch. The application must specify—

Application for transport-license

(*a*) the place to which the articles are to be transported, the route of transport, and the probable time that will be occupied in the journey;

(*b*) the quantity, description, average price, and the purpose of each kind of arms or ammunition;

(*c*) whether the applicant desires that the officer to whom he applies should obtain the consent of the Magistrate of the place of consignment; (if the applicant has obtained such consent, the evidence of such consent must be produced);

(*d*) in the case of breech-loading rifles and balled rifle ammunition, whether the previous sanction of the Government has been obtained.

11. Persons transporting arms, ammunition or military stores under a license must write legibly on the cases or packages containing such articles an account of their contents.

Contents of packages to be marked.

7
4

12. Within six days of the articles reaching their destination, the consignee must deliver the transport license to the Magistrate of the district, who must satisfy himself that the articles transported to his district correspond with the entries in the license, and that any deficiency is properly accounted for.

Procedure on arrival of articles at destination.

Manufacture and sale.

13. Licenses to manufacture, convert, keep and sell arms or ammunition or military stores may be granted by the Magistrate of the district or by the Magistrate of a sub-division of the district. They shall be in Forms II and III appended to these Rules. The fee, payable in stamps, shall be twenty rupees in respect of licenses to manufacture, convert and sell, and ten rupees in respect of licenses to keep and sell. Every license-holder under this rule shall keep, in such form as the Government may from time to time direct, registers of all arms manufactured or converted, of all ammunition and military stores manufactured, of all stock in hand, and of all sales. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on demand by any Magistrate, or by any Police officer not below the rank of Inspector. Magistrates and all Police officers not below the rank of Inspector are hereby empowered to enter and inspect any premises within their several jurisdictions in which arms or ammunition or sulphur are manufactured, or kept, and to examine the stock and accounts of receipts and sales of arms, ammunition and military stores. Every person licensed to sell arms and ammunition shall affix a signboard on a conspicuous part of his shop or usual place of business, and shall cause to be painted thereon in large letters in English, or in Kannada, his name and the words "licensed to manufacture," or "licensed to deal in arms, ammunition and military stores," as the case may be. He shall also post up in his shop a copy of section 23 of the Mysore Arms Regulation in Kannada or in English.

Licenses to manufacture, convert, keep and sell.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Rule, a person holding a license under the Mysore Explosives Regulation, II of 1888, endorsed in accordance with Rule 42 of the Rules thereunder, to manufacture, possess and sell, or to possess and sell, explosives, may be granted *free of all charge* a license for the same period in Form II or Form III, respectively, in regard to ammunition or military stores which are not explosives.

14. Licenses to manufacture, convert, keep and sell arms or ammunition issued under Rule 13 shall exclude by specific and express condition, (1) the manufacture and conversion of breech-loaders and (2) the use of parts of British Military weapons (whether condemned or not) in any process of manufacture and conversion.

Possession of arms and going armed.

Rule 15.—Licenses to possess arms and ammunition in reasonable quantities and to go armed for purposes of sport, of protection, or of display, may be granted by the Magistrate of the district or by the Magistrate of a sub-division of the district in Form IV. Such a license shall be liable to a fee of four annas for each weapon and shall be granted for one year at a time. The Magistrate of the district, may, however, for reasons to be placed on record, issue, on payment of the requisite fees in a lump sum, such licenses for periods not exceeding three years at a time to persons of known good conduct and respectability. A license granted under this rule will authorize the holder to carry the arms described in it on occasions when they may be reasonably required for the purposes named in the license. But the holder unless specially authorized by the Magistrate must not go armed in railway carriages, or to fairs, religious processions, or other public assemblages. Licenses granted under this rule, shall, on countersignature by the Secretary to Government in the General Department or other Officer authorized in this regard by the Government, be valid for such districts as may be specified by the countersigning officer.

ney. it will occupy. Such license will be valid in other jurisdictions only for such journey and for such period, and will be liable to a fee of four annas for each weapon. Holders of licenses under this rule, unless specially authorized by the officer granting the licenses, must not go armed in railway carriages, or to fairs, religious processions, or other public assemblages.

When such Magistrate receives an application for a license in Form V from a person who is not resident within his jurisdiction, or is not personally known to him he shall, before granting the license, ascertain from the Magistrate of the district or sub-division of the district in which the applicant resides, whether there is any objection to the grant of the license, unless for reasons to be recorded, he considers this precaution to be clearly unnecessary.

Licenses to possess arms.

17. Licenses to *possess* fire-arms or ammunition or military stores may be granted by the Magistrate of the district or sub-division of the district in Form VI without fee, and shall be valid for five years. Such licenses will not authorize the holders to go armed or to carry arms. Licenses to possess *and carry* arms (Form IV) will be liable to fees as stated in Rule 15.

Licenses to possess and carry arms for destroying wild animals.

18. Licenses to possess and carry arms and ammunition may be granted by the Magistrate of the district or sub-division of the district in Form VII without fee, and for a term of five years, to persons who require arms for the destruction of wild animals which do injury to human beings, cattle, or crops. Such a license will be valid only in or on the immediate confines of the district for which it is granted. It will be subject to the conditions that the license and the weapon it covers are shown once a year, between the 15th November and the 31st December, to the nearest Magistrate; that the weapon becomes confiscated to Government directly it is sold or seized in execution of any debt; and that such weapon is carried only on occasions when it is to be used *bona fide* for the destruction of wild animals. Holders of licenses under this rule must not go armed in railway carriages, or to fairs, religious processions, or other public assemblages. If a gun covered by such license is lost or stolen, the license-holder shall at once give notice of the fact at the nearest Police Station.

Restriction as regards breech-loading rifles and balled rifle ammunition.

19. Licenses in Forms I, IV, V, VI and VII shall not, in the case of breech-loading rifles and balled rifle ammunition, be granted without the previous sanction of the Government.

Licenses for possession or transport of sulphur.

20. Licenses for the possession or transport of sulphur, proved to the satisfaction of Government to be intended only for *bona fide* medicinal, manufacturing or agricultural purposes, may be granted without payment of any fee. This concession does not extend to sulphur intended for the manufacture of gunpowder or of ammunition generally, as defined in Section 4 of the Mysore Arms Regulation.

General.

Fees how levied.

21. The fees leviable under these rules shall be taken in the shape of "impressed stamps." Ordinarily the applications for licenses or renewals of licenses shall be written on "impressed stamps" of value equal to the amount of fee leviable in respect of such licenses or renewals, and the licenses will be issued on plain paper. But when the licenses themselves are written or printed on "impressed stamps," the applications may be on paper of the value hereinafter mentioned. When an application for a license is written on an "impressed stamp," and the license is refused, the value of the stamp will be refunded to the applicant.

Applications for licenses.

22. Applications for licenses in respect of which no fee is leviable, or regarding licenses printed on impressed stamps on which the full fee has been paid, shall be considered to be applications within the meaning of Schedule II, Article I, Clause (*a*), of the Mysore Court Fees Regulation, 1900, and shall bear a Court-fee stamp of one anna.

"Rule 23.—All licenses under Rule 13 shall expire on the 31st December of the year for which they may be issued. Licenses under Rule 15 shall expire on the 31st December of the year or of the last year of the period, as the case may be, for which they may be issued; and licenses under Rule 18 shall expire on the 31st December of the 5th year of their currency. But the currency of a license may be renewed, previous to its expiration and on payment of a second fee, by the same authority that granted it; and a license under Rule 15 [illegible] by the Magistrate of the Taluk or by the Magistrate of the Taluk for one year at a time, when not more than [illegible] since the issue or last renewal of the license [illegible] the District or of the Sub-Division of the District

[illegible] ing disposal

its expiration, and on payment of a second fee,—by the same authority that granted it; provided always that, where a renewal of license is applied for as aforesaid, the period of its currency shall, whether the application is eventually granted or refused, be deemed to include the interval during which the application was pending disposal.

Grant of duplicates of licenses lost or destroyed.

24. When a license granted in accordance with these rules is lost or accidentally destroyed, a duplicate may be granted to the licensee on payment of the same fee as he paid on the original license, if not in excess of one rupee; and, in any other case, on payment of a fee of one rupee. Cultivators or other persons to whom licenses may have been granted without payment of any fee may obtain duplicates of such licenses, if lost or destroyed, free of all fee.

Conditions subject to which licenses are granted.

25. All licenses shall be given and held subject to the conditions endorsed on the reverse, and subject to these rules and to the provisions of the Arms Regulation. Where arms are intended to be employed in the pursuit of game, a separate license under the Mysore Game Regulation and Rules is necessary. Licenses under Rules 15 and 18 may also be granted subject to the observance of a close season in the pursuit of animals and birds that do not injure either men, or cattle, or crops and are not otherwise provided for. The limits of the close season will be decided by the Government, and the condition regarding such close season, if imposed, shall be endorsed on the reverse of the license.

Licenses to be produced on demand.

26. Any person holding a license, or acting under a license, granted in accordance with these rules, shall be bound to produce the same, when called upon to do so by any Magistrate or by any Police Officer in charge of a Police Station, or by any Police Officer of higher rank.

Language of licenses.

27. Licenses granted for use within a district shall be written or printed in Kannada. Licenses for use beyond the district where they may be granted shall be in English and may be in Kannada as well.

Scope of licenses.

28. A license granted under these rules will cover only the weapons or other articles and the person named therein, unless the officer granting a license under Rule 15 or 16 deems it expedient to include the retainers of any person named in the license; in such case, the entry on the face of the license shall declare how many and whose retainers are covered by the license. Joint licenses in the names of more than one person cannot be issued; every person seeking to possess or carry arms must take out a separate license.

Powers of officers empowered to grant licenses.

29. Any officer empowered to grant a license under these rules may, at his discretion, refuse to grant, to renew, or to consent to the issue of, a license, or may refer any application for the orders of the Government.

Certificates of exemption.

30. All persons exempted under Section 22 of the Regulation or Rule 1 of these rules are entitled on application to the Magistrate of the district to be furnished with certificates of such exemption.

Subordination of officers.

31. All Magistrates and other authorities acting under these rules will perform their duties subject to the control of their executive superiors and of the Government.

Schedule I

The persons or classes of persons specified or described in the first column of the subjoined Table are exempted, in respect of the arms and ammunition described in the second column, when carried or possessed (save where otherwise expressly stated) for their own personal use, from such prohibitions & directions contained in the Regulations as are indicated in the fourth column, subject to the provisos and restrictions entered in the third column.

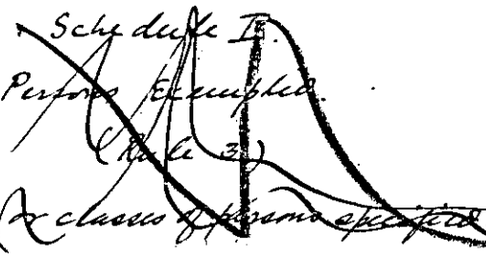
The Table.

Persons or classes of persons.	Arms & ammunition.	Provisos and restrictions	Prohibitions & directions

Schedule E.

Persons Exempted.

(Rule 3.)



The persons (or classes of persons) specified or described in the

(1)(i) All Maharajas, Rajas, Nawabs, Members of any Order of Knighthood and (ii) all persons who — (a) hold Kaiser-i-Hind medal (b) bear a title conferred by the Govt. of India or by or in the name of H.H the Maharaja of Mysore. (c) have been granted a sword in public Durbar (d) received certificates on the 1st Jan 1877 (e) are exempted from personal attendance in Civil Courts.	All except — (a) cannon (b) articles designed for torpedo service (c) war rockets (d) machinery for the manufacture of arms & ammunition.	The arms or ammunition carried or possessed by any person herein exempted shall be for his own personal use, and shall not exceed such quantities (if any) as the Govt. may declare to be reasonable for him to carry or possess	These exemptions are subject to rules & restrictions under Sections 5, 9, & rule's discretion only Notification No J1782-1 dated 26 12 05.
(2) All members and ex-members of the Councils of the British Indian Dominions and of the Council of H.H the Maharaja of Mysore	-Do-	-Do-	-Do-
(3) All military and naval officers, all soldiers, sailors, volunteers, police officers, forest officers jail officers and excise officers in the service of the Govt. of India or the Govt. of H.H the Maharaja of Mysore. Provided that a native soldier belonging	-Do-	-Do-	-Do-

either to the Mysore State Troops or to the British Indian Army while absent from his regiment on leave shall be exempt only in respect of such arms and ammunition as may be covered by a pass granted to him by the commanding officer.

Explanation. - The term 'soldier' as used in this clause does not include 'reservist'.

(4) All magistrates, Justices of the Peace, Honorary Magistrates and judicial officers of and above the rank of Munsiff. - do - - do - - do -

(5) All European and East Indian subjects of H.M. the King Emperor, all Americans and all Americans and Europeans not British-born subjects of H.M. who are temporarily residing or travelling in Mysore.

Such [illegible] as [illegible] for by residence

Notification No. J3926-Police 15-61 3 M.I.6 etc

(6) All pensioned officers of the military and civil depts. who would be exempt if in service.	- Do -	- Do -	- Do -
(7) Arms and relatives of H.H. the Maharaja and their retainers	- Do -	- Do - Subject to such orders as the Govt. may issue regarding the no. of such persons and the no. & weapons & retainers to be included under this head.	- Do -
(8) Members of the Repre-sentative Assembly and of Dt. Boards.	- Do -	The arms or ammunition carried or possessed shall be for the personal use and shall not exceed such quantity if any as the Govt. may declare to be reasonable for him to carry or possess.	- Do - shall be of such description
(9) Landholders and members of Municipal and Local Boards of approved loyalty and of good position according to lists that may from time to time be issued by Govt.	- Do -	- Do -	- Do -
(10) All village Patels, including Maund Patels, Nad Patels, Mokhtesar Patels and Bayalada Patels, Talavars and other rural police	- Do -	- Do -	- Do -
(11) All persons of the Coorg race residing or travelling in Mysore	- Do -	- Do -	- Do -
(12) All postal runners & village postmen in frontier or wild districts where the superior departmental officers direct them to carry arms on duty and Supdts. & Inspectors of Post Offices and	- Do -	- Do -	- Do -

Mail overseers and such other officers of the Postal Dept. as the Govt. of H.H. the Maharaja may by general or special order, from time to time direct.			
(13) All officers of the Mysore Public Works Dept. of and above the rank of Overseer.	- Do -	- Do -	- Do -
(14) All officers of the Geological Dept. of and above the rank of Apprentice Geologist	- Do -	- Do -	- Do -
(15) All Rev. Officers of and above the rank of Tk Sheristadar	- Do -	- Do -	- Do -
(16) All medical officers of and above the rank of ~~Sub~~ Asst. Surgeons.	- Do -	- Do -	- Do -
(17) All Heads of Depts. and all Secretaries to Govt. including Govt. Under & Asst. Secretaries	- Do -	- Do -	- Do -
(18) The Supdt. of the Amrut Mahal Dept. all Amrut Mahal Daroga, Sarvegars & Mundals and the Hd. Clerk of the Amrut Mahal Dept. as also the Sarvegars or cowherds of the Palace Amrut Mahal Dept. in charge of Palace cattle	- Do -	- Do -	- Do -

(19) Inspection, ~~Inspection~~ and Asst. Inspectors of Education Dept. and the Asst to the D.E.O. Cuddapah	- do -	- do -	- do -	
(21) All persons to whom fire-arms may be presented by the Govt. of H.H. the Maharaja	- do -	- do -	- do -	Section 8 & 9
(22) ~~Sri Ramaraujana Mahipa Murty Rajendraswami of Murji Matt, Chitaldrug~~				
21 (23) Syed Mruthyuja Sha Khadri Sajjade of Guru Dattatreya Bahabudan Swamis Darga, Chikmagalur	- do -			Section 8, 9, 1
22 (24) Sri Sankarabharati Swamy of the Kudli Sringeri Matt, Shimoga Dt.	2 revolvers 10 swords 2 gauntlets 2 guplies or walking sticks with concealed swords			- do -
23 (25) Sriman Nrusinga Sajjadeva Murty Rajendraswami Chitaldrug	20 guns 40 swords			Section 8
24 (26) H.T. Sugandharaj, Palyagar, Hagalvadi	2 guns 2 swords			Section 8, 9, 1
25 (27) Srikrishnananda Tirthaswami of the Mulbagal Matt, Tirthahalli Tk.	4 cap guns 4 swords 4 long swords 4 pistols 18 spears			- do -
26 (28) Sriraghaveswara Bharathiswamiji of the Raghavendra Swamy Matt, Nagar Tk.	2 Cannelle muzzle double cap guns 1 Enfield do - 1 Carnatic double barrel cap gun 2 Carnatic single barrel cap gun. 4 swords 2 spears 2 lances 4 Ghajane 1 Jamgal			- do -

26			
(29) A. Ramanna, Mysore	1 revolver 1 double barrel gun		— Do —
			J1153 [illegible] 59 05-28 23 10
27			
(30) Sri Mahanta Swami Adhyaksha of Sri Guru Samsthana, Hire Mutt, Sagar &c	1 Gun 1 sword		Sections 8 & 9 J2053 - Pol. - 233-11 6 876 115
28			
(31) The taxidermist & the fieldsman of the Govt. museum.	All excepting (a) Cannon (b) articles designed for torpedo service (c) war rockets (d) machinery for the manufacture of arms & ammunition	The arms and ammunition possessed or carried shall be for the bona fide purpose of collecting specimens for the Natural History section of the Museum and shall not exceed such quantities as the Govt may from time to time declare to be reasonable for them to possess or carry.	— Do — G 9073-G 2m 110-3-48 [illegible] 1 shotgun & sword as weapons only
29			
(32) Executive officers of the Electrical Dept drawing a pay of Rs 5 a-per mensem and above.	— Do —	The arms & ammunition carried or possessed shall be for their ~~protection~~ and shall not exceed such quantities as the Govt may from time to time declare to be reasonable for them to possess or carry.	Sections 8; 9, 10 & 11 J2 53 Pol 133 [illegible]
30			
(33) (a) Chemist, Agl. & Gol Dept (b) Dy. Director of Agriculture (c) Asst. Director of Agri. (d) Senior Asst. Chemists (e) Senior Asst. Mycologist (f) Senior Asst. Entomologist (g) Agricultural Engineer (h) Senior Asst. Botanist	— Do —	— Do —	— Do — ~~J705 Pol 17 10-2~~ J705 [illegible] 23 [illegible] [illegible]
31			
(34) Personal Asst. to the Chief Commandant, Mysore	— Do —	— Do —	— Do — J705 [illegible]
32			
Slate Mosps			
(35) Sri Ramachandra Bharati Swami of the Ramachandrapur Mutt, Nagar &c.	2 Karnatic Single barrel cap guns 1 English — Do — 1 Karnatic double barrel cap gun 4 swords 2 Spears ? 2 lances 4 Chapkis 1 Tangal		Sections 8 & 9 J1330 Pol [illegible]

33 (36)	Devendrakirti Bhattāraka Pattācharya, Swami of the Jain Matt at Humcha in the Nagar Tk.	2 revolvers 11 sword 5 guns 1 Sepli (one ...		Sections 8, 9, 10 J2616-[illegible]
(37)	Manager, Agricultural Farm, Hebbal.	All except – (a) Cannon (b) articles designed for torpedo service (c) war rockets (d) machinery for the manufacture of arms & ammunition	The arms and ammunition carried or possessed shall be for the bona fide purpose of protecting the crops on the farm and shall not exceed such quantities as may be deemed to be reasonable for him to carry or possess.	Sections 8 & 9 J735-[illegible] 40-13-2 B ... all ... arms ... only
(38)	Junior Asst. Entomologist, Agricultural Dept.	- Do -	- Do -	- Do - J ... 43 -2 B
(39)	Agricultural Inspector in charge of the Mastic Farm, Sagar.	- Do -	- Do -	- Do - J180 -Pol 87-15-2 B
(40)	Sluck dero.	- Do -	The arms & ammunition carried or possessed shall be for their own personal use and shall not exceed such quantities as may be deemed to be reasonable for them to carry or possess for self protection.	- Do - J 516 -Police 271-13-6 P ... of such ... a pair only
50 (41)	Slatin Mastic, Rangnakalli, Tarikere-Narasimharajapura Tramway	- Do -	The arms or ammunition carried or possessed by him shall be for his personal use and shall not exceed such quantities, if any, as the Govt. may, from time to time, declare to be reasonable for him to carry or possess.	- Do - J1328 6 ... of ...
(42)	Manager, Agricultural Farm, Hiriyur.	- Do -	The arms or ammunition carried or possessed by him shall be for the bona fide purpose of protecting the crops on the farm and shall not exceed such quantities as may be deemed reasonable for him to carry or possess for	- Do - J 194 ... 80-16-2 P ... shall be ... each ... per

(40) (4) The Aides-de-camp on the staff of H.H. the Maharaja	- 00. -	17 The arms & ammunition carried or possessed by them shall be for their own personal use, and shall not exceed such quantities, if any, as the Govt may, from time to time declare to be reasonable for them to carry or possess.	Sections 8, 9, 10 & 11 I.A. 1972 Pol 81-16-1 (Grant description &c)
(41) (42) Revanasiddaswami of the Hon. Mutt, Kelasi Samsthana Sagar	2 guns & 2 swords. ~ 1/67-13		Sections 8 & 9 Entitled to 2 guns & 2 swords I.A. 1921-22 4 6/15 817

Persons or classes of persons.	Arms and ammunition	Places and restrictions	Prohibitions & directions

16

Schedule II

Rule 3

Arms, Ammunition & Military Stores Excluded.

Within the areas specified in the first column of the subjoined table, the arms, ammunition and military stores described in the second column are exempted from the operation of such prohibitions and restrictions contained in the Regulation as are indicated in the third column.

The Table.

Area	Arms and ammunition	Prohibitions & restrictions
The Mysore State.	(1) Spears of all kinds.	All
	(2) Bows and arrows.	- do -
	(3) Uniform swords & dirks of recognised military or official pattern when possessed by or intended to be supplied to persons entitled to wear them as part of their uniforms.	- do -
	(4) Ornamental arms of an obsolete pattern possessing only antiquarian value, masonic swords and theatrical & fancy dress swords, provided they are virtually useless for offensive & defensive purposes.	- do -
	(5) Hunting Knives	- do -
	(6) Sulphur not exceeding 1lb.	- do -
	(7) Saltpetre not exceeding 1 lb.	- do -

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Schedule III

Licence Forms

FORM I.

(*Vide Rule 5.*)

FEE—TEN RUPEES IN STAMPS.

License to transport Arms, Ammunition or Military Stores in Mysore.

Name, etc., of license-holder and agent, if any, authorized for the purpose of this consignment	Place of license-holder's business	Number of packages	Arms		Ammunition		Place of despatch, route and mode of transit	Time for which license is valid	Destination	Name and residence of consignee
			Description	Number	Description	No. or weight in seers				
								From the—— to the—— ——19		

Date on which consent was given by _____

the_____of the _____ of the

_____where _____or

is the place of consignment place of despatch.

The_____19 The_____19 . (Seal)

This license is subject to all the provisions of the "Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890," and of the Rules framed thereunder.

This license is void after the expiration of the period named, or if bulk is broken before reaching the place of destination, or if the articles are taken by any route other than is specified on the license.

The contents of each package covered by this license must be described in legible letters on the outside of such package.

The articles covered by this license will be delivered only to persons lawfully entitled to possess the same.

This license must be delivered to the Magistrate of the district to which the articles are consigned, and the articles must be available for exhibition to such Magistrate within six days of the consignment reaching his district.

The officer granting this license must send a copy thereof on the day of issue to the Magistrate of the district as above described.

When the license is granted for transport within the limits of the same district, the license must be given up to the local Magistrate (if any) having jurisdiction in the place to which the articles are consigned, who will satisfy himself that the conditions have been complied with, and return the license to the District Magistrate. The District Magistrate will send copies of any license granted by him for transport within the district to the local Magistrate having jurisdiction. Where there is no local Magistrate, the license must be returned to the Magistrate of the district.

FORM II.

(Vide Rule 13.)

FEE—TWENTY RUPEES IN STAMPS.

License to manufacture, convert or sell, or to keep for sale, Arms, Ammunition, or Military Stores.

Serial number of license	Name and residence of license-holder	Place of business, factory, or shop	Description of Arms		Description of Ammunition or Military Stores		Date on which license expires
			to be manufactured or converted	to be sold or kept for sale	to be manufactured	to be sold or kept for sale	
							The 31st of December 19 .

_____ District.

The _____ *19* .

Seal

(Signature.)

_____ *of* _____

Form of renewing the License.

Date and year of renewal	Date on which the renewed license expires	Signature of Magistrate

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1. This license is given subject to the provisions of "The Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890" and the rules framed thereunder. The attention of the holder is drawn to the sections of the Regulations quoted separately below.

2. He shall keep registers of all arms manufactured or converted, of all ammunition and military stores manufactured, of all stock in hand, and of all sales, in such forms as the Government may direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on demand by any Magistrate or by any Police officer not below the rank of Inspector and shall furnish not later than the 10th of each month a copy of his sale book showing the sales made during the preceding month to the Superintendent of Police of the district in which he carries on business.

4. If any arms or ammunition covered by this license are lost or stolen, he shall at once give notice at the nearest Police Station.

N. B.—This condition may be omitted at the discretion of the Government.

5. He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his shop, or usual place of business, a signboard, on which shall be painted in large letters in English and in Kannada his name and the words "Licensed to manufacture (or "Licensed to deal in) arms, ammunition, and military stores," as the case may be. He shall also post up in his shop a copy of section 23 of the Regulation either in Kannada or in English.

6. He shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license under Form IV or V—(1) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of articles sold, (2) the nature and amount of the articles sold, (3) the date of sale, and shall sign the endorsement.

7. This license only covers sales of arms, ammunition, or military stores effected upon the premises shown on the face of the license.

8. The licensee shall not sell arms to a soldier of the Native Indian Army or of the Military Forces of the Maharaja, unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by the Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass.

9. This license expires on the 31st December of the year in which it is issued but the licensee can have it renewed by filing an application for its renewal on stamped paper of the prescribed value.

10. The license-holder shall not sell arms or ammunition to any person without the permission in writing of the Magistrate of the district in which the person requiring such arms or ammunition is for the time being residing. But this prohibition does not apply to persons exempted from the operation of sections 8-11 of the Arms Regulation by Rule 1 of the Arms Rules and who declare that they purchase for their own use.

11. This license does not authorize the licensee to manufacture or convert breech-loaders or to use parts of British Military weapons (whether condemned or not) in any process of manufacture or conversion.

Sections of the Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890, referred to in Condition No. 1.

5. No person shall manufacture, convert, or sell, or keep, offer, or expose for sale any arms, ammunition or military stores, except under a license and in the manner and to the extent permitted thereby.

Nothing herein contained shall prevent any person from selling any arms or ammunition which he lawfully possesses for his own private use to any person who is not by any enactment for the time being in force prohibited from possessing the same; but every person so selling arms or ammunition to any person other than a person entitled to possess the same by reason of an exemption under Section 22 of this Regulation shall, without unnecessary delay, give to the Magistrate of the district, or to the Officer in charge of the nearest Police Station, notice of the sale and of the purchaser's name and address.

11. Any person possessing arms, ammunition, or military stores, the possession whereof by him has, in consequence of the cancellation or expiry of a license, * * * become unlawful, shall deposit the same, without unnecessary delay, with the Officer in charge of the nearest Police Station.

If the owner of anything deposited under this section does not, within three years from the date on which such thing is so deposited, produce a license authorizing him to possess the same and apply for delivery of the same, such thing shall be forfeited to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

14. Whoever commits any of the following offences (namely) :—

(*a*) manufactures, converts, or sells, or keeps, offers, or exposes for sale, any arms, ammunition, or military stores in contravention of the provisions of section 5;

(*b*) fails to give notice as required by the same section;

* * * * * * *

(*f*) intentionally makes any false entry in a record or account which, by a rule, * he is required to keep ;

(*g*) intentionally fails to exhibit anything which, by a rule, * * he is required to exhibit ; or

(*h*) fails to deposit arms, ammunition, or military stores, as required by section 11, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both.

15. Whoever does any act mentioned in clause (*a*) * * * of Section 14 in such manner as to indicate an intention that such act may not be known to any public servant as defined in the Indian Penal Code or to any person employed upon a railway, or to the servant of any public carrier,

and whoever, on any search being made under Section 20, conceals or attempts to conceal any arms, ammunition, or military stores,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or with both.

16. Whoever, in violation of a condition subject to which a license has been granted, does or omits to do any act shall, when the doing or omitting to do such act is not punishable under Section 14 or Section 15, be punished with imprisonment for a term, which may extend to six months, or with fine, which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

17. Whoever knowingly purchases any arms, ammunition, or military stores from any person not licensed or authorized under the proviso to Section 5 to sell the same, or

delivers any arms or ammunition or military stores into the possession of any person without previously ascertaining that such person is legally authorized to possess the same,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

18. Any person violating any rule made under this Regulation, and for the violation of which no penalty is provided by this Regulation, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both.

19. When any person is convicted of an offence punishable under this Regulation, committed by him in respect of any arms, ammunition, or military stores, it shall be in the discretion of the convicting Court or Magistrate further to direct that the whole or any portion of such arms, ammunition, or military stores, and any cart, or baggage animal used to convey the same, and any box, package, or bale in which the same may have been concealed, together with the other contents of such box, package or bale, shall be confiscated.

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FORM III.

(*Vide Rule 13.*)

FEE—TEN RUPEES IN STAMPS.

License to keep and sell Arms, Ammunition, or Military Stores.

Serial number of license	Name and residence of license-holder	Place of business	Description of		Date on which license expires
			Arms	Ammunition or Military stores	
					The 31st of December 19 .

(Signature)

———District.

Seal.

———*of*———

The———*19* .

Form of renewing the License.

Date and year of renewal	Date on which the renewed license expires	Signature of Magistrate

* * * become unlawful, shall deposit the same without unnecessary delay with the Officer in charge of the nearest Police Station.

If the owner of anything deposited under this section does not, within three years from the date on which such thing is so deposited, produce a license authorizing him to possess the same and apply for delivery of the same, such thing shall be forfeited to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

14. Whoever commits any of the following offences (namely) :—

(*a*) manufactures, converts, or sells, or keeps, offers, or exposes for sale, any arms, ammunition, or military stores in contravention of the provisions of Section 5 ;

(*b*) fails to give notice as required by the same section ;

* * * * *

(*f*) intentionally makes any false entry in a record or account which, by a rule, * he is required to keep ;

(*g*) intentionally fails to exhibit anything which, by a rule * he is required to exhibit ; or

(*h*) fails to deposit arms, ammunition, or military stores, as required by Section 11,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine, or with both.

15. Whoever does any act mentioned in clause (*a*) * * of Section 14 in such manner as to indicate an intention that such act may not be known to any public servant as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or to any person employed upon a railway, or to the servant of any public carrier,

and whoever, on any search being made under Section 20, conceals or attempts to conceal any arms, ammunition, or military stores,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or with both.

16. Whoever, in violation of a condition subject to which a license has been granted, does or omits to do any act shall, when the doing or omitting to do such act is not punishable under Section 14 or Section 15, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

17. Whoever knowingly purchases any arms, ammunition, or military stores from any person not licensed or authorized under the proviso to Section 5 to sell the same, or

delivers any arms, ammunition, or military stores into the possession of any person without previously ascertaining that such person is legally authorized to possess the same,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

18. Any person violating any rule made under this Regulation, and for the violation of which no penalty is provided by this Regulation, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both.

19. When any person is convicted of an offence punishable under this Regulation, committed by him in respect of any arms, ammunition, or military stores, it shall be in the discretion of the convicting Court or Magistrate further to direct that the whole or any portion of such arms, ammunition, or military stores, and any cart, or baggage animal used to convey the same and any box, package, or bale in which the same may have been concealed, together with the other contents of such box, package, or bale, shall be confiscated.

FORM IV.

(Vide Rule 15.)

FEE—FOUR ANNAS FOR EACH WEAPON, PAYABLE IN STAMPS

License to possess Arms or Ammunition and to go armed for purposes of sport, protection or display.

Serial number of license	Name of license-holder with particulars of residence	Number of retainers, if any, covered by the license (Rule 28)	Arms or ammunition		Purpose for which granted	District or place within which license is valid	Date on which license expires
			Description	Quantity			
							The 31st of December 19 .

Seal.

(Signature)

The ——of———— 19 .

——of——

Form of renewing the License.

Date and year of renewal	Date on which the renewed license expires	Signature of Magistrate

NOTIFICATION.

No. J. 1932—*Police* 133-11-11, *dated* 10*th January* 1913.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to direct that the annexed forms be substituted for license Forms Nos. IV and V appended to the Rules under the Mysore Arms Regulation published with Notification No. J. 1782—Pol. Mis. 65, dated the 26th December 1905.

By Order,
K. R. SRINIVASIENGAR,
Officiating Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Departments.

Form No. IV.

(*Vide* Rule 15.)

Fee—Four annas for each weapon, payable in stamps.

License to possess arms or ammunition and to go armed for purposes of sport, protection or display.

1	2	3		4					5	6
Serial number of license	Name of license-holder with particulars of residence	Arms or ammunition that licensee is entitled to possess		Retainers (if any) covered by the license					District or place within which the license is valid	Date on which the license expires
		Description	Quantity	Name of retainer	Name of retainer's father	Address of retainer	Arms or ammunition that retainer is entitled to possess: Description	Arms or ammunition that retainer is entitled to possess: Quantity		

....

(Signature)

Seal

.....

The.....of.....191 .

Form of renewing the license.

Date and year of renewal	Date on which the renewed license expires	Signature of Magistrate

2-7

-2-

CONDITIONS.

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890, and the Rules framed thereunder.

2. It covers only the persons named and the arms and ammunition described therein and such retainers (if any) as may be entered in column 4.

3. It extends only to the place or district named therein, unless countersigned for other districts or the whole of the Mysore State by the Secretary to Government, General Department, or other officer authorised to countersign.

4. It authorises the holder or persons acting under it to go armed within the place or district named for *bona fide* prosecution of the purpose named on the license; but, unless specially authorised by the Magistrate, it does not permit the holder or persons aforesaid to go armed in Railway carriages or to fairs, religious processions or other public assemblages.

5. The license-holder, when purchasing any new arms or ammunition, shall have the following particulars endorsed upon his license under the vendor's signature:—

(1) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased;

(2) the nature and quantity of the articles purchased;

(3) the date of purchase.

6. If any weapon covered by this license is lost or stolen, the license-holder shall at once give notice of the fact to the nearest police station.

N. B.—This condition may be omitted at the discretion of the Government.

7. The special attention of the license-holder is drawn to the following sections of the Regulation:—

Section 8.—No persons shall go armed with any arms, except under a license and to the extent and in the manner permitted thereby.

Any person so going armed without a license, or in contravention of its provisions, may be disarmed by any Magistrate, police officer or other person empowered by the Government of Mysore in this behalf by name or by virtue of his office.

Section 14.—Whoever commits any of the following offences (namely)—

* * * * *

(*d*) goes armed in contravention of the provisions of Section 8;

(*e*) has in his possession or under his control any arms, ammunition or military stores in contravention of the provisions of Section 9 or Section 10;

* * * * *

(*h*) fails to deposit arms, ammunition or military stores, as required by Section 11, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine or with both.

8. This license expires on 31st December of the year or of the last year of the period as the case may be for which it is issued. The license-holder can have it renewed by filing an application for its renewal on stamped paper of the prescribed value.

9. This license does not empower the holder to employ fire arms in the pursuit of game, for which a separate license under the Mysore Game Regulation and Rules is necessary. In addition to conforming to the said Regulation and Rules, the license-holder is also bound to observe a close season, as prescribed by the Government, in respect of the undermentioned animals and birds which do no injury to men, cattle or crops:—

Specification of animals or birds	Close season
.....	.....
.....	.....

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Form V.

(*Vide* Rule 16.)

Fee—Four annas for each weapon, payable in stamps.

License to go armed on a journey.

1	2		3					4	5	6
Name, etc., of license-holder with particulars of his residence	Arms and ammunition covered by the license		Retainers (if any) covered by the license					Place of departure, route and destination of journey	Time which journey will probably take	Period for which the license is valid
	Description	Quantity	Name of retainer	Name of retainer's father	Address of retainer	Arms and ammunition that retainer is entitled to carry				
						Description	Quantity			

.....

The.....191 . Seal (Signature)

.....Dt.

CONDITIONS.

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890, and the Rules framed thereunder.

2. It covers only the persons named and the arms and ammunition described therein and such retainers (if any) as may be entered in column 3.

3. It is void after the expiration of the period named therein.

4. It does not permit holders to go armed in railway carriages, or to fairs, religious processions or other public assemblages.

5. The license-holder shall, at the time of purchase, have the following particulars endorsed upon his license by the vendor from whom he purchases and under the vendor's signature:—

(1) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased;

(2) the nature and quantity of the articles purchased;

(3) the date of purchase.

By Order,
K. R. SRINIVASIENGAR,
Officiating Secretary to Government,
General and Revenue Departments.

FORM VI.

(Vide Rule 17.)

FREE OF ALL FEE.

License to possess Firearms, Ammunition, or Military Stores.

Name, etc., of license-holder, with particulars of residence	Number and description of weapons	Ammunition or Military Stores		Place, with full details where articles are to be kept	Term for which license is valid
		Description	Quantity		
					For five years from the—— of——

Seal

(Signature)

The———of———19 .

Magistrate of the———District.

This license protects only the weapons and articles named, so long as they are kept in the place described on the license.

It does not authorize the holder to go armed or to carry arms.

It is granted subject to the provisions of " the Mysore Arms Regulations, 1890" and the Rules framed thereunder.

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GENERAL.

No. J. 3074—*Police*, 283-13-2, *dated* 10*th March* 1915.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to direct that the annexed form be substituted for license Form VII appended to the Rules under the Mysore Arms Regulation published with notification No. J. 1782—Pol. Mis. 65, dated the 26th December 1905.

FORM VII.

(VIDE RULE 18.)

Free of all fee.

License to possess Arms and Ammunition for the purpose of destroying wild animals.

Name etc., of license holder with particulars of residence	Name and description of any member of the licensee's family or servant employed to watch crops or cattle, residing with him, by whom the arms covered by this license may be also used	Arms and ammunition		Place or tract with license is valid	Term for which license is valid	Title and residence of Magistrate to whom the license and weapon must be shown between the 15th November and 31st December
		Description	Quantity			
					From the..... of..... to the 31st December 19 .	

(Signature).

The.....of .....19 . (Seal).

Magistrate of the.....District.

This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890, and the rules framed thereunder.

The holder is bound to show his license and weapons once a year to the Magistrate of.....

This license is void if the holder sells his weapon; if it is seized in excution of a decree; if it is carried to any considerable distance beyond the limits of the places named in the license; or if he fails to show it once a year to the Magistrate aforesaid.

The holder shall not lend any arms or ammunition covered by this license to any person other than a *bona fide* member of his family, or servant who may be employed by him to protect the crops or cattle situated in the area specified in the license and who is mentioned in column 2 of the license.

It is void on the death of the holder.

The holder must not go armed in railway carriages, or to fairs, religious processions or other public assemblages.

If a gun covered by this license is lost or stolen, the license holder shall at once give notice of the fact at the nearest Police Station.

This license does not empower the holder to employ fire arms in the pursuit of game, for which a separate license under the Mysore Game Regulation and rules is necessary.

In addition to conforming to the said Regulation and Rules, the license-holder is bound to observe a close season as prescribed by Government, in respect of the undermentioned animals and birds, which do no injury to men, cattle or crops.

Specification of animals or birds	Close Season.
.....	.....
.....	.....

Notes of Magistrate to whom the license and weapon are periodically shown.

By Order,
D. M. NARASINGA RAO,
Officiating Secretary to Government,
General and Revenue Departments.

For Secretary to Govt.
Sl. Dept.

G. R. S. VI—G/32]

SUBJECT.....

.....

.....

Diary No. of letter replied to.....

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT,
( )
, the 191 .

Date of issue 30.X.17

Signed by W. G. Srinivasa

Section Police
File No. 211-16
Serial No. 4

No. J. 1479 Encls

To

The Supdt. Govt. Press

Sir,

In forwarding herewith the accompanying compilations, namely, the Mysore Arms Law Manual and the Supplement thereto I am directed to request you to be so good as to get them printed in book form and supply 1200 copies of the Manual and 500 copies of the Supplement to this Office and

over.

300 copies of the Manual only
to the Canadian Govt. Book Depot
at an early date.

In this connection I
am to invite your attention
to the fact that the Customs Rules
included in the Manual has
already been printed in Part III
of the Imperial Gazette of the 17th October
1917 as notification no. F936-Pol 211-
16-3 dated the 16th September 1917
and that it has been requested
to be kept standing for this purpose.

Proofs may be sent to
this office for approval.

I have &c
for Secy to Govt.

List of enclosure

RG
19-10-17

Copied by

Examined by

WD 86—GPB—60,000—15-11 16

The following Regulation received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja on the fifth day of December 1890, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

REGULATION NO. VI OF 1890.

A Regulation to consolidate and amend the law relating to Arms, Ammunition and Military Stores.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to arms, ammunition and Military stores; His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

I. Preliminary.

Short title.
Local extent.

1. This Regulation may be called "The Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890," and it extends to the whole of the Territories of Mysore.

Savings.

But nothing herein contained shall apply to the manufacture, conversion, sale, transport, bearing or possession of arms, ammunition or Military stores by order of the Government, or by a public servant or a volunteer enrolled under the Indian Volunteer's Act, 1869, in the course of his duty as such public servant or volunteer.

Commencement.

2. This Regulation shall come into force at once.

Repeal of Enactments.

3. Act No. XI of 1878 (the Indian Arms Act, 1878) shall be repealed. But all authorities and permissions given, licenses and exemptions granted, orders and appointments made, notifications published, and rules, conditions, and forms prescribed under that Act shall be deemed to be respectively given, granted, made, published and prescribed under this Regulation.

And all such authorities, permissions, licenses and exemptions shall, except as otherwise provided by this Regulation, continue in force for the periods for which they may have been given or granted respectively, or where no such period is expressly fixed, for one year from the date on which this Regulation comes into force, and shall then cease to have effect.

Interpretation-clause.

4. In this Regulation unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

"Cannon" includes also all howitzers, mortars, wall pieces, mitraillenses and other ordnance and machine-guns, all parts of the same, and all carriages, platforms, and appliances for mounting, transporting and serving the same:

"Arms" includes fire-arms, bayonets, swords, daggers, spears, spear-heads and bows and arrows, also cannon and parts of arms, and machinery for manufacturing arms:

"Ammunition" includes also all articles specially designed for torpedo service and submarine mining, rockets, guncotton, dynamite, lithotracteur and other explosive or fulminating material, gunflints, gunwards, percussion caps, fuses and friction tubes, all parts of ammunition and all machinery for manufacturing ammunition, but does not include lead, sulphur or saltpetre:

"Military Stores" in any section of this Regulation as applied to any part of the Territories of Mysore means any Military stores to which the Government of Mysore may from time to time by notification in the Official Gazette specially extend such section in such part, and includes also all lead, sulphur, saltpetre and other material to which the Government of Mysore may from time to time so extend such section:

"License" means a license granted under this Regulation, and "licensed" means holding such license.

II. Manufacture, Conversion, Sale and Transport.

Unlicensed manufacture, conversion and sale prohibited.

5. No person shall manufacture, convert, or sell, or keep, offer or expose for sale, any arms, ammunition, or Military stores except under a license and in the manner, and to the extent permitted thereby.

Nothing herein contained shall prevent any person from selling any arms or ammunition which he lawfully possesses for his own private use to any person who is not by any enactment for the time being in force prohibited from possessing the same; but every person so selling arms or ammunition to any person other than a person entitled to possess the same by reason of an exemption under Section 22 of this Regulation shall, without unnecessary delay, give to the Magistrate of the district or to the officer in charge of the nearest Police station notice of the sale and of the purchaser's name and address.

Power to prohibit transport.

6. The Government of Mysore may, from time to time by notification in the Official Gazette—

(*a*) regulate or prohibit the transport of any description of arms, ammunition or Military stores over the whole of the Territories of Mysore or any part thereof, either altogether or except under a license and to the extent and in the manner permitted by such license, and

(*b*) cancel any such notification.

Arrest of persons conveying arms, &c., under suspicious circumstances.

7. When any person is found carrying or conveying any arms, ammunition or Military stores, whether covered by a license or not, in such manner or under such circumstances as to afford just grounds of suspicion that the same are being carried by him with intent to use them, or that the same may be used for any unlawful purpose, any person may without warrant apprehend him and take such arms, ammunition or Military stores from him.

Procedure where arrest made by person not a Magistrate or a Police officer.

Any person so apprehended and any arms, ammunition or Military stores so taken by a person not being a Magistrate or Police officer shall be delivered over as soon as possible to a Police officer.

All persons apprehended by, or delivered to, a Police officer and all arms and ammunition seized by or delivered to any such officer under this section shall be taken without unnecessary delay before a Magistrate.

III. Going armed and Possessing arms, &c.

Prohibition of going armed without license.

8. No person shall go armed with any arms except under a license and to the extent and in the manner permitted thereby.

Any person so going armed without a license or in contravention of its provisions may be disarmed by any Magistrate, Police officer or other person empowered by the Government of Mysore in this behalf by name or by virtue of his office.

Unlicensed possession of fire-arms, &c.

9. No person shall have in his possession or under his control any cannon or fire-arms or any ammunition or Military stores except under a license and in the manner and to the extent permitted thereby.

Possession of arms of any description without license prohibited in certain places.

10. In any place to which the Government of Mysore may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specially extend this section, no person shall have in his possession any arms of any description except under a license and in the manner and to the extent permitted thereby.

Arms of which possession has become unlawful to be deposited at Police station.

11. Any person possessing arms, ammunition or Military stores, the possession whereof by him has, in consequence of the cancellation or expiry of a license or by the issue of a notification under Section 10, become unlawful, shall deposit the same without unnecessary delay with the officer in charge of the nearest Police station.

If the owner of any thing deposited under this section does not within three years from the date on which such thing is so deposited produce a license authorizing him to possess the same and apply for delivery of the same, such thing shall be forfeited to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

IV. Licenses.

Power to make rules as to licenses.

12. The Government of Mysore may, from time to time, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules to determine the officers by whom, the form in which, and the terms and conditions on and subject to which, any license shall be granted; and may by such rules among other matters—

(*a*) fix the period for which such license shall continue in force;

(*b*) fix a fee payable by stamp or otherwise in respect of any such license granted other than a license for possession;

(*c*) direct that the holder of any such license other than a license for possession shall keep a record or account in such form as the Government of Mysore may prescribe of anything done under such license, and exhibit such record or account when called upon by an officer of Government to do so;

(*d*) empower any officer of Government to enter and inspect any premises in which arms, ammunition or Military stores are manufactured or kept by any person holding a license of the description referred to in Section 5;

(*e*) direct that any such person shall exhibit the entire stock of arms, ammunition and Military stores in his possession or under his control to any officer of Government so empowered; and

(*f*) require the person holding any license or acting under any license to produce the same, and to produce or account for the arms, ammunition or Military stores covered by the same when called upon by an officer of Government so to do.

Cancelling and suspension of license.

13. Any license may be cancelled or suspended—

(*a*) by the officer by whom the same was granted, or by any authority to which he may be subordinate, or by any Magistrate of a District within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the holder of such license may be, when, for reasons to be recorded in writing, such officer, authority or Magistrate deems it necessary for the security of the public peace to cancel or suspend such license; or

(*b*) by any Judge or Magistrate before whom the holder of such license is convicted of an offence against this Regulation, or against the rules made under this Regulation; and

the Government of Mysore may at its discretion by a notification in the Official Gazette cancel or suspend all or any licenses throughout the whole or any portion of the Territories of Mysore.

V. Penalties.

For breach of Sections 5,6,8 to 12.

14. Whoever commits any of the following offences, (namely)—

(*a*) manufactures, converts or sells, or keeps, offers or exposes for sale any arms, ammunition or Military stores in contravention of the provisions of Section 5;

(*b*) fails to give notice as required by the same section;

(*c*) transports any arms, ammunition or Military stores in contravention of a regulation or prohibition issued under Section 6;

(*d*) goes armed in contravention of the provisions of Section 8;

(*e*) has in his possession or under his control any arms, ammunition or Military stores in contravention of the provisions of Section 9 or Section 10;

(*f*) intentionally makes any false entry in a record or account which, by a rule made under Section 12, clause (*c*), he is required to keep;

(*g*) intentionally fails to exhibit anything which, by a rule made under Section 12, clause (*c*), he is required to exhibit; or

(*h*) fails to deposit arms, ammunition or Military stores, as required by Section 11;

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both.

15. Whoever does any act mentioned in clause (*a*), (*c*) or (*e*) of Section 14, in such manner as to indicate an intention that such act may not be known to any public servant, as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or to any person employed upon a Railway or to the servant of any public carrier,

For secret breaches of Sections 5, 6, 9 and 10.

and whoever, on any search being made under Section 20, conceals or attempts to conceal any arms, ammunition or Military stores,

For concealing arms, &c.

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or with both.

16. Whoever, in violation of a condition subject to which a license has been granted, does or omits to do any act shall, when the doing or omitting to do such act is not punishable under Section 14 or Section 15, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

For breach of license.

17. Whoever knowingly purchases any arms, ammunition or Military stores from any person not licensed or authorized under the proviso to Section 5 to sell the same; or

For knowingly purchasing arms, &c., from unlicensed person.

delivers any arms, ammunition or Military stores into the possession of any person without previously ascertaining that such person is legally authorized to possess the same,

For delivering arms, &c., to person not authorized to possess them.

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

18. Any person violating any rule made under this Regulation, and for the violation of which no penalty is provided by this Regulation, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both.

Penalty for breach of rule.

19. When any person is convicted of an offence punishable under this Regulation committed by him in respect of any arms, ammunition or Military stores, it shall be in the discretion of the convicting Court or Magistrate further to direct that the whole or any portion of such arms, ammunition or Military stores, and any cart or baggage animal used to convey the same, and any box, package or bale in which the same may have been concealed, together with the other contents of such box, package or bale, shall be confiscated.

Power to confiscate.

VI. Miscellaneous.

20. Whenever any Magistrate has reason to believe that any person residing within the local limits of his jurisdiction has in his possession any arms, ammunition or Military stores for any unlawful purpose,

Search and seizure by Magistrate.

or that such person cannot be left in the possession of any such arms, ammunition or Military stores without danger to the public peace,

such Magistrate, having first recorded the grounds of his belief, may cause a search to be made of the house or premises occupied by such person, or in which such Magistrate has reason to believe such arms, ammunition or Military stores are or is to be found, and may seize and detain the same although covered by a license, in safe custody for such time as he thinks necessary.

The search in such case shall be conducted by, or in the presence of, a Magistrate or by or in the presence of some officer, specially empowered in this behalf by name or in virtue of his office by the Government of Mysore.

21. The Government of Mysore may at any time order or cause to be seized any arms, ammunition or Military stores in the possession of any person notwithstanding that such person is licensed to possess the same, and may detain the same for such time as it thinks necessary for the public safety.

Seizure and detention by Government.

Power to exempt.

22. The Government of Mysore may, from time to time by notification published in the Official Gazette—

(*a*) exempt any person by name or in virtue of his office or any class of persons or exclude any description of arms or ammunition or withdraw any part of the Territories of Mysore from the operation of any prohibition or direction contained in this Regulation; and

(*b*) cancel any such notification and again subject the persons or things or the part of the Territories of Mysore comprised therein to the operation of such prohibition or direction.

Information to be given regarding offences.

23. Every person aware of the commission of any offence punishable under this Regulation shall, in the absence of reasonable excuse, the burden of proving which shall lie upon such person, give information of the same to the nearest Police officer or Magistrate, and

every person employed upon any Railway or by any public carrier shall, in the absence of reasonable excuse, the burden of proving which shall lie upon such person, give information to the nearest Police officer regarding any box, package or bale in transit which he may have reason to suspect contains arms, ammunition or Military stores in respect of which an offence against this Regulation has been or is being committed.

Sanction required to certain proceedings under Section 14, clause (*e*).

24. Where an offence punishable under Section 14, clause (*e*), has been committed in any part of the Territories of Mysore, no proceedings shall be instituted against any person in respect of such offence without the previous sanction of the Magistrate of the District.

Searches in the case of offences against Section 14, clause (*e*), how conducted.

25. Where a search is to be made under the Code of Criminal Procedure in the course of any proceedings instituted in respect of an offence punishable under Section 14, clause (*e*), such search shall, notwithstanding anything contained in the said Code, be made in the presence of some officer specially appointed by name or in virtue of his office by the Government of Mysore in this behalf, and not otherwise.

Operation of other laws not barred.

26. Nothing in this Regulation shall be deemed to prevent any person from being prosecuted under any other law for any act or omission which constitutes an offence against this Regulation or the rules made under it, or from being liable under such other law to any higher punishment or penalty than that provided by this Regulation; Provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

Power to take census of fire-arms.

27. The Government of Mysore may, from time to time by notification in the Official Gazette, direct a census to be taken of all fire-arms in any local area, and empower any person by name or in virtue of his office to take such census.

On the issue of any such notification, all persons possessing any such arms in such area shall furnish to the person so empowered such information as he may require in reference thereto, and shall produce such arms to him if he so requires.

Any person refusing or neglecting to produce any such arms when so required, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both.

Notice and limitation of proceedings.

28. No proceeding other than a suit shall be commenced against any person for anything done in pursuance of this Regulation, without having given him at least one month's previous notice in writing of the intended proceeding and of the cause thereof, nor after the expiration of three months from the accrual of such cause.

K. SHESHADRI IYER,

Dewan of Mysore.

NOTIFICATION.

No. J. 936—Police 211-16-3, dated 11th September 1917.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890, and in supersession of all previous notifications on the subject the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to make the following rules relating to arms, ammunition and military stores:

Provided that all exemptions and exclusions made, all licenses or duplicates granted or renewed, all fees imposed, levied remitted or reduced and all powers conferred by or under any notification hereby superseded, and in force at the commencement of this notification, shall so far as they are consistent herewith, be deemed to have been respectively made, granted, renewed, imposed, levied, remitted, reduced, or conferred hereunder.

C. S. BALASUNDARAM IYER,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

THE MYSORE ARMS RULES, 1917.

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THE RULES.

Short title.

1. These rules may be called the Mysore Arms Rules, 1917.

Interpretation.

2. In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context, all words and expressions, which are defined in the General Clauses Regulation, 1899, shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them thereby; and the provisions of sections 9, 10 and 13 to 19 of the said Regulation shall be deemed to apply as if these rules were an enactment made by Government after the commencement of the said Regulation.

Application of the Regulation.

Exemption and exclusion.

3. Under section 22,—

(*a*) the persons and classes of persons and

(*b*) the arms and ammunition

specified or described in Schedules I and II are, respectively, exempted and excluded, to the extent there indicated, from the operation of prohibitions and directions contained in the Regulation.

Extension.

4. (*a*) All sections of the Regulation are extended to sulphur in quantities extending ten seers.

(*b*) Leaden bird-shots and bullets when possessed in quantities exceeding 1 cwt. at any time, shall be deemed to be military stores within the meaning of the Regulation.

Transport.

License required for transport of arms, etc.

5. No arms or ammunition or military stores shall be transported in any part of Mysore without a license in Form I. The license will be granted by the Magistrate of the district. If the articles are to be consigned to a place beyond the jurisdiction of the officer granting the license, the consent of the Magistrate of the district to which the consignment is made must be obtained before the license is issued. Such consent may be obtained by the person applying for the license, or the District Magistrate to whom application for the license is made may forward the proposed license to the officer whose consent is required, and on receiving a reply should either issue the license to the applicant, or inform him that his application for a license to transport arms, etc., has been refused. The fee payable in respect of every such license shall be ten rupees.

Consignments to be marked.

6. Every consignment of arms or ammunition or military stores transported in any part of Mysore by railway on lines within the jurisdiction of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore shall be conspicuously marked with the words "Arms," "Ammunition" or "Military Stores," as the case may be, in such a manner as to be readily recognizable by the railway authorities. A copy of the license to transport the articles shall be attached to the way bill when the consignment is booked as a parcel, and to the invoice when booked as goods, and no consignment shall leave the railway premises without the contents being verified and compared with the license by the railway police at the place of delivery. Telegraphic advice of every such consignment shall be sent to the receiving station by the railway authorities at the forwarding station.

Transport by persons entitled to possess arms.

7. Persons lawfully entitled to possess arms, or to go armed, are permitted to transport, in any part of Mysore, arms or ammunition in reasonable quantities for their own use. Any person abusing this exemption and transporting such articles otherwise than in reasonable quantities for his own use, will be held to have contravened this rule, and will, on conviction, become liable to the penalties under sections 13 and 14.

Note.—A cooly or servant carrying a packet properly secured and addressed to an exempted person so long as he travels with it on the direct route from the licensed dealer's premises or a railway station to the residence of such exempted person will be held to require no license provided that the exempted person is responsible for the conduct of the cooly or servant he employs and that the cooly or servant himself does not deviate from the direct route.

8. A person licensed to possess arms, ammunition or military stores, or who is exempted from the liability to take out such a license, is entitled to transport to his residence, from the premises of a licensed dealer, arms, ammunition or military stores without a separate transport license, so long as the articles purchased are in reasonable quantity and for his own use. A licensed dealer in arms, ammunition and military stores may supply the order of any such person, and may, without a separate transport license, send or despatch, in any way desired, to the residence of the purchaser, the articles ordered by any such person, so long as they fulfil the requirements of Rule 7, and are legibly addressed to the person for whom they are intended.

Restrictions to which transport license is subject.

9. A license to transport arms or ammunition or military stores is void, if the consignment breaks bulk at any place short of the district for which it may be granted. A license to transport shall ordinarily not be made valid for more than twice the period actually required for the conveyance of the articles to their destination by the intended route.

Application for transport license.

10. Persons desirous of transporting arms, ammunition or military stores must apply in writing to the officer authorized to grant transport licenses from the place of despatch. The application must specify—

(*a*) the place to which the articles are to be transported, the route of transport, and the probable time that will be occupied in the journey;

(*b*) the quantity, description, average price, and the purpose of each kind of arms or ammunition;

(*c*) whether the applicant desires that the officer to whom he applies should obtain the consent of the Magistrate of the place of consignment; (if the applicant has obtained such consent, the evidence of such consent must be produced);

(*d*) in the case of breech-loading rifles and balled rifle ammunition, whether the previous sanction of the Government has been obtained.

Contents of packages to be marked.

11. Persons transporting arms, ammunition or military stores under a license must write legibly on the cases or packages containing such articles an account of their contents.

Procedure on arrival of articles at destination.

12. Within six days of the articles reaching their destination, the consignee must deliver the transport license to the Magistrate of the district, who must satisfy himself that the articles transported to his district correspond with the entries in the license, and that any deficiency is properly accounted for.

Manufacture and sale.

Licenses to manufacture, convert, keep and sell.

13. Licenses to manufacture, convert, keep and sell arms or ammunition or military stores may be granted by the Magistrate of the district or by the Magistrate of a sub-division of the district. They shall be in Forms II and III appended to these rules. The fee, payable in stamps, shall be twenty rupees in respect of licenses to manufacture, convert and sell, and ten rupees in respect of licenses to keep and sell. Every license-holder under this rule shall keep, in such form as the Government may from time to time direct, registers of all arms manufactured or converted, of all ammunition and military stores manufactured, of all stock in hand, and of all sales. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on demand by any Magistrate, or by any police officer not below the rank of Inspector. Magistrates and all police officers not below the rank of Inspector are hereby empowered to enter and inspect any premises within their several jurisdictions in which arms or ammunition or sulphur are manufactured, or kept, and to examine the stock and accounts of receipts and sales of arms, ammunition and military stores. Every person licensed to sell arms and ammunition shall affix a signboard on a conspicuous part of his shop or usual place of business, and shall cause to be painted thereon in large letters in English, or in Kannada, his name and the words

"licensed to manufacture," or "licensed to deal in arms, ammunition and military stores," as the case may be. He shall also post up in his shop a copy of section 23 of the Mysore Arms Regulation in Kannada or in English.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this rule, a person holding a license under the Mysore Explosives Regulation, II of 1888, endorsed in accordance with Rule 42 of the rules thereunder, to manufacture, possess and sell, or to possess and sell, explosives, may be granted *free of all charge* a license for the same period in Form II or Form III, respectively, in regard to ammunition or military stores which are not explosives.

14. Licenses to manufacture, convert, keep and sell arms or ammunition issued under Rule 13 shall exclude by specific and express condition, (1) the manufacture and conversion of breech-loaders and (2) the use of parts of British military weapons (whether condemned or not) in any process of manufacture and conversion.

Possession of arms and going armed.

Possession of arms and going armed for purposes of sport, etc.

15. Licenses to possess arms and ammunition in reasonable quantities and to go armed for purposes of sport, of protection, or of display, may be granted by the Magistrate of the district or by the Magistrate of a sub-division of the district in Form IV. Such a license shall be liable to a fee of four annas for each weapon and shall be granted for one year at a time. The Magistrate of the district, may, however, for reasons to be placed on record, issue, on payment of the requisite fees in a lump sum, such licenses for periods not exceeding three years at a time to persons of known good conduct and respectability. A license granted under this rule will authorize the holder to carry the arms described in it on occasions when they may be reasonably required for the purposes named in the license. But the holder unless specially authorized by the Magistrate must not go armed in railway carriages, or to fairs, religious processions, or other public assemblages. Licenses granted under this rule, shall, on countersignature by the Secretary to Government in the General Department or other officer authorized in this regard by the Government, be valid for such districts as may be specified by the countersigning officer.

Licenses to go armed on a journey.

16. The Magistrate of the district or the Magistrate of a sub-division of the district may grant a license in Form V for a journey, specifying the direction of the journey, and the period it will occupy. Such license will be valid in other jurisdictions only for such journey and for such period, and will be liable to a fee of four annas for each weapon. Holders of licenses under this rule, unless specially authorized by the officer granting the licenses, must not go armed in railway carriages, or to fairs, religious processions, or other public assemblages.

When such Magistrate receives an application for a license in Form V from a person who is not resident within his jurisdiction, or is not personally known to him he shall, before granting the license, ascertain from the Magistrate of the district or sub-division of the district in which the applicant resides, whether there is any objection to the grant of the license, unless for reasons to be recorded, he considers this precaution to be clearly unnecessary.

Licenses to possess arms.

17. Licenses to *possess* fire-arms or ammunition or military stores may be granted by the Magistrate of the district or sub-division of the district in Form VI without fee, and shall be valid for five years. Such licenses will not authorize the holders to go armed or to carry arms. Licenses to possess *and carry* arms (Form IV) will be liable to fees as stated in Rule 15.

Licenses to possess and carry arms for destroying wild animals.

18. Licenses to possess and carry arms and ammunition may be granted by the Magistrate of the district or sub-division of the district in Form VII without fee, and for a term of five years, to persons who require arms for the destruction of wild animals which do injury to human beings, cattle, or crops. Such a license will be valid only in or on the immediate confines of the district for which it is granted. It will be subject to the conditions that the license

and the weapon it covers are shown once a year, between the 15th November and the 31st December, to the nearest Magistrate; that the weapon becomes confiscated to Government directly it is sold or seized in execution of any debt; and that such weapon is carried only on occasions when it is to be used *bona fide* for the destruction of wild animals. Holders of licenses under this rule must not go armed in railway carriages, or to fairs, religious processions, or other public assemblages. If a gun covered by such license is lost or stolen, the license-holder shall at once give notice of the fact at the nearest police station.

Restriction as regards breech-loading rifles and balled rifle ammunition.

19. Licenses in Forms I, IV, V, VI and VII shall not, in the case of breech-loading rifles and balled rifle ammunition, be granted without the previous sanction of the Government.

Licenses for possession or transport of sulphur.

20. Licenses for the possession or transport of sulphur, proved to the satisfaction of Government to be intended only for *bona fide* medicinal, manufacturing or agricultural purposes may be granted without payment of any fee. This concession does not extend to sulphur intended for the manufacture of gunpowder or of ammunition generally, as defined in section 4 of the Mysore Arms Regulation.

General.

Fees how levied.

21. The fees leviable under these rules shall be taken in the shape of "impressed stamps." Ordinarily the applications for licenses or renewals of licenses shall be written on "impressed stamps" of value equal to the amount of fee leviable in respect of such licenses or renewals, and the licenses will be issued on plain paper. But when the licenses themselves are written or printed on "impressed stamps," the applications may be on paper of the value hereinafter mentioned. When an application for a license is written on an "impressed stamp," and the license is refused, the value of the stamp will be refunded to the applicant.

Applications for licenses.

22. Applications for licenses in respect of which no fee is leviable, or regarding licenses printed on impressed stamps on which the full fee has been paid, shall be considered to be applications within the meaning of Schedule II, Article I, Clause (*a*), of the Mysore Court Fees Regulation, 1900, and shall bear a court-fee stamp of one anna.

Period of currency of licenses.

23. All licenses under Rule 13 shall expire on the 31st December of the year for which they may be issued. Licenses under Rule 15 shall expire on the 31st December of the year or of the last year of the period, as the case may be, for which they may be issued; and licenses under Rule 18 shall expire on the 31st December of the 5th year of their currency. But the currency of a license may be renewed, previous to its expiration and on payment of a second fee, by the same authority that granted it; and a license under Rule 15 may be renewed by the Magistrate of the taluk or by the Magistrate of the sub-taluk for one year at a time, when not more than five years have elapsed since the issue or last renewal of the license by the Magistrate of the district or of the sub-division of the district, as the case may be;

Provided always that, where a renewal of license is applied for as aforesaid, the period of its currency shall, whether the application is eventually granted or refused, be deemed to include the interval during which the application was pending disposal.

Grant of duplicates of licenses lost or destroyed.

24. When a license granted in accordance with these rules is lost or accidentally destroyed, a duplicate may be granted to the licensee on payment of the same fee as he paid on the original license, if not in excess of one rupee; and in any other case, on payment of a fee of one rupee. Cultivators or other persons to whom licenses may have been granted without payment of any fee may obtain duplicates of such licenses, if lost or destroyed, free of all fee.

Conditions subject to which licenses are granted.

25. All licenses shall be given and held subject to the conditions endorsed on the reverse, and subject to these rules and to the provisions of the Arms Regulation. Where arms are intended to be employed in the pursuit of game, a separate license under the Mysore Game Regulation and Rules is necessary. Licenses under Rules 15 and 18 may also be granted subject to the observance of a close season in the pursuit of animals and birds that do not injure either men, or cattle, or crops and are not otherwise provided for. The limits of the close season will be decided by the Government, and the condition regarding such close season, if imposed, shall be endorsed on the reverse of the license.

Licenses to be produced on demand.

26. Any person holding a license, or acting under a license, granted in accordance with these rules, shall be bound to produce the same, when called upon to do so by any Magistrate or by any police officer in charge of a police station, or by any police officer of higher rank.

Language of licenses.

27. Licenses granted for use within a district shall be written or printed in Kannada. Licenses for use beyond the district where they may be granted shall be in English and may be in Kannada as well.

Scope of licenses.

28. A license granted under these rules will cover only the weapons or other articles and the person named therein, unless the officer granting a license under Rule 15 or 16 deems it expedient to include the retainers of any person named in the license; in such case, the entry on the face of the license shall declare how many and whose retainers are covered by the license. Joint licenses in the names of more than one person cannot be issued; every person seeking to possess or carry arms must take out a separate license.

Powers of officers empowered to grant licenses.

29. Any officer empowered to grant a license under these rules may, at his discretion, refuse to grant, to renew, or to consent to the issue of, a license, or may refer any application for the orders of the Government.

Certificates of exemption.

30. All persons exempted under section 22 of the Regulation or Rule 1 of these rules are entitled on application to the Magistrate of the district to be furnished with certificates of such exemption.

Subordination of officers.

31. All Magistrates and other authorities acting under these rules will perform their duties subject to the control of their executive superiors and of the Government.

SCHEDULE I.

The persons or classes of persons specified or described in the first column of the subjoined table are exempted, in respect of the arms and ammunition described in the second column, where carried or possessed (save where otherwise expressly stated) for their own personal use, from such prohibitions and directions contained in the Regulation as are indicated in the fourth column, subject to the provisos and restrictions entered in the third column.

The Table.

Persons or classes of persons	Arms and ammunition	Provisos and restrictions	Prohibitions and directions
(1) (i) All Maharajas, Rajas, Nawabs, Members of any Order of Knighthood and (ii) All persons who— (*a*) hold Kaiser-i-Hind medal, (*b*) bear a title conferred by the Government of India or by or in the name of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore. (*c*) have been granted a sword in public Durbar, (*d*) received certificates on the 1st January 1877, (*e*) are exempted from personal attendance in civil Courts.	All except— (*a*) Cannon. (*b*) Articles designed for torpedo service. (*c*) War rockets. (*d*) Machinery for the manufacture of arms and ammunition.	The arms or ammunition carried or possessed by persons herein exempted shall be for their own personal use and shall not exceed such quantities (if any) as the Government may declare to be reasonable for them to carry or possess.	Those contained in Sections 8, 9, 10 and 11.
(2) All Members and ex-Members of the Councils of the British Indian Administrations and of the Council of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.	Do ...	Do ...	Do
(3) All Military and Naval Officers, all Soldiers, Sailors, Volunteers, Police Officers, Forest Officers, Jail Officers and Excise Officers in the service of the Government of India or the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore. Provided that a native soldier belonging either to the Mysore State Troops or to the British Indian Army while absent from his regiment on leave shall be exempt only in respect of such arms and ammunition as may be covered by a pass granted to him by the Commanding Officer. Explanation.— The term "soldiers" as used in this clause does not include 'reservists.'	Do ...	Do ...	Do
(4) All Magistrates, Justices of the Peace, Honorary Magistrates and Judicial Officers of and above the rank of Munsiff.	Do ...	Do ...	Do
*(5) All European and East Indian subjects of H. M. the King Emperor, all Armenians and all Americans and Europeans not British-born subjects of H. M. who are temporarily residing or travelling in Mysore.	Do ...	Do ...	Do
(6) All pensioned officers of the Military and Civil Departments who would be exempt if in service.	Do	Do ...	Do

* This exception has been withdrawn with regard to
(1) Robert Rieckil of Bangalore.
(2) Germans and Austrians.
(3) Subjects of the Ottoman Government.

SCHEDULE I—*contd.*

Persons or classes of persons	Arms and ammunition	Provisos and restrictions	Prohibitions and directions
(7) *Areus* and relatives of His Highness the Maharaja and their retainers.	All except— (*a*) Cannon. (*b*) Articles designed for torpedo service. (*c*) War rockets. (*d*) Machinery for the manufacture of arms and ammunition.	Subject to such orders as the Government may issue regarding the number of such personages and the number of weapons and retainers to be included under this head.	Those contained in Sections 8, 9, 10 and 11.
(8) Members of the Representative Assembly and of District Boards so long as they continue to be such.	Do	The arms or ammunition carried or possessed shall be for their own personal use and shall not exceed such quantities if any as the Government may declare to be reasonable for them to carry or possess.	Do
(9) Landholders and members of Municipal and Local Boards of approved loyalty and of good position according to lists that may from time to time be issued by Government.	Do ...	Do ...	Do
(10) All village Patels, including Mande Patels, Nad Patels, Mokhtesar Patels, and Bagetana Patels, Talavars and other rural police.	Do ...	*Subject to such restrictions as the Government may from time to time prescribe in respect of the arms necessary for the discharge of their police duties.	Do
(11) All persons of the Coorg race residing or travelling in Mysore.	Do ...	The arms or ammunition carried or possessed shall be for their own personal use and shall not exceed such quantities (if any) as the Government may declare to be reasonable for them to carry or possess.	Do
(12) All postal runners and village postmen in frontier or wild districts where the superior departmental officers direct them to carry arms on duty and Superintendents and Inspectors of Post Offices and Mail Overseers and such other officers of the Postal Department as the Government of His Highness the Maharaja may by general or special order from time to time direct.	Do ...	Do ...	Do
(13) All officers of the Mysore Public Works Department of and above the rank of Overseer.	Do ...	Do ...	Do
(14) All officers of the Geological Department of and above the rank of Apprentice Geologist.	Do ...	Do ...	Do
(15) All Revenue Officers of and above the rank of Taluk Sheristadar.	Do ...	Do ...	Do
(16) All Medical Officers of and above the rank of Assistant Surgeon.	Do ...	Do ...	Do
(17) All Heads of Departments and all Secretaries to Government including Deputy, Under and Assistant Secretaries.	Do ...	Do ...	Do
(18) The Superintendent of the Amrut Mahal Department, all Amrut Mahall Darogas, Servegars and Mundals and the Head Clerk of the Amrut Mahal Department as also the Servegars or cowherds of the Palace Amrut Mahal Department in charge of Palace cattle.	Do ...	Do ...	Do

*Each village Patel may have only one fire arm without license.

SCHEDULE I—*contd.*

Persons or classes of persons	Arms and ammunition	Provisos and restrictions	Prohibitions and directions
(19) Inspectors, District Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors of the Education Department and the Assistant to the Inspector-General of Education.	All except— (*a*) Cannon. (*b*) Articles designed for torpedo service. (*c*) War rockets. (*d*) Machinery for the manufacture of arms and ammunition.	The arms or ammunition carried or possessed shall be for their own personal use and shall not exceed such quantities (if any) as the Government may declare to be reasonable for them to carry or possess.	Those contained in Sections 8, 9, 10 and 11.
(20) All persons to whom firearms may be presented by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja.	Do ...	Do ...	Do
(21) Syed Mruthyuza Sha Khadri Sajjade or Manager of Guru Dattatreya Bababuden Swami's Darga, Chikmagalur.	Do ...	Do ...	Do
(22) Sri Sankarabharatiswami of the Kudli, Sringeri Matt, Shimoga District.	2 Revolvers. 6 Single barrel guns. 10 Swords. 2 Jambies. 2 Guptis or walking sticks inlaid with swords.	...	Do
(23) Sriman Niranjana Jagadeva Murgi Rajendraswami, Chitaldrug.	20 Guns. 40 Swords.	...	Sections 8 and 9.
(24) H. J. Sugandaraj Palyagar, Hagalvadi.	2 Guns. 2 Swords.	...	Sections 8, 9, 10 and 11.
(25) Sri Krishnananda Tirthaswami of the Mulbagal Matt, Tirthahalli Taluk.	4 Cap guns. 4 Swords. 4 Long swords. 4 Pistols.		Sections 8, 9, 10 and 11.
26. Mr. A. Ramanna, Advocate and Landholder, Mysore.	1 Revolver. 1 Double barrel gun.	.....	Do
27. Sri Mahantaswami Adyaksha of Sri Guru Samsthana, Kere Matt, Sagar Taluk.	1 Gun. 1 Sword.	.....	Sections 8 and 9.
28. The taxidermist and the fieldsman of the Government Museum.	All except— (*a*) Cannon. (*b*) Articles designed for torpedo service. (*c*) War rockets. (*d*) Machinery for the manufacture of arms and ammunition.	The arms and ammunition possessed or carried shall be for the *bona fide* purpose of collecting specimens for the Natural History section of the Museum and shall not exceed such quantities as the Government may from time to time declare to be reasonable for them to possess or carry.	Do
29. Executive officers of the Electrical Department drawing a pay of Rs. 50 per mensem and above.	Do ...	The arms and ammunition carried or possessed shall be for their personal use and shall not exceed such quantities as the Government may from time to time declare to be reasonable for them to possess or carry	Sections 8, 9, 10 and 11
30. (*a*) Chemist, Agricultural and Geological Departments. (*b*) Deputy Director of Agriculture. (*c*) Assistant Director of Agriculture. (*d*) Senior Assistant Chemists. (*e*) Senior Assistant Mycologist. (*f*) Senior Assistant Entomologist. (*g*) Agricultural Engineer (*h*) Senior Assistant Botanist.	Do ...	Do ...	Do

SCHEDULE I—*concld.*

Persons or classes of persons	Arms and ammunition	Provisos and restrictions	Prohibitions and directions
31. Personal Assistant to the Chief Commandant, Mysore State Troops.	All except— (*a*) Cannon. (*b*) Articles designed for torpedo service. (*c*) War rockets (*d*) Machinery for the manufacture of arms and ammunition.	The arms and ammunition carried or possessed shall be for their personal use and shall not exceed such quantities as the Government may from time to time declare to be reasonable for them to possess or carry.	Sections 8, 9, 10 and 11.
32. Sri Ramachandra Bharatiswami of the Ramachandrapur Matt, Nagar Taluk.	2 Carnatic single barrel cap guns. 1 English do 1 Karnatic double barrel cap gun. 4 Swords. 2 Lances. 4 Ghajane. 1 Janjal.	.....	Sections 8 and 9.
33. Devendrakirti Bhattaraka Pattacharya, Swami of the Jain Matt at Humcha in the Nagar Taluk.	2 Revolvers. 11 Swords. 5 Guns. 1 Gupti (walking stick inlaid with sword).	.....	Sections 8, 9, 10 and 11.
34. Manager, Agricultural Farm, Hebbal.	All except— (*a*) Cannon. (*b*) Articles designed for torpedo service. (*c*) War rockets. (*d*) Machinery for the manufacture of arms and ammunition.	The arms and ammunition carried or possessed shall be for the *bona fide* purpose of protecting the crops on the farm, and shall not exceed such quantities as may be deemed to be reasonable for him to carry or possess.	Sections 8 and 9.
35. Junior Assistant Entomologist, Agricultural Department.	Do ...	The arms are ammunition carried or possessed by him shall be for the *bona fide* purpose of his work in connection with the investigation of insect pests and shall not exceed such quantities as may be deemed to be reasonable for him to carry or possess.	Do
36. Agricultural Inspector in charge of the Martur Farm, Sagar.	Do ...	... ..	Do
37. Shekdars	Do ...	The arms and ammunition carried or possessed by them shall be for their own personal use and shall not exceed such quantities as may be deemed to be reasonable for them to carry or possess for self protection.	Sections 8 and 9.
38. Station Master, Rangenahalli, Tarikere-Narasimharajapura Tramway.	Do ..	The arms or ammunition carried or possessed by him shall be for his personal use and shall not exceed such quantities, if any, as the Government may, from time to time, declare to be reasonable for him to carry or possess.	Do
39. Manager, Agricultural Farm, Hiriyur.	Do ...	The arms or ammunition carried or possessed by him shall be for the *bona fide* purpose of protecting the crops on the farm, and shall not exceed such quantities as may be deemed reasonable for him to carry or possess for this purpose.	Do
40. The Aides-de-camp on the staff of His Highness the Maharaja.	Do ...	The arms and ammunition carried or possessed by them shall be for their own personal use and shall not exceed such quantities, if any, as the Government may, from time to time, declare to be reasonable for them to carry or possess.	Sections 8, 9, 10 and 11.
41. Revansiddaswami of the Here Matt, Keladi Samsthana, Sagar.	2 Guns and 2 swords ...	... ..	Sections 8 and 9.

SCHEDULE II:

RULE 3.

Arms, Ammunition and Military Stores excluded.

Within the areas specified in the first column of the subjoined table, the arms ammunition and military stores described in the second column are exempted from the operation of such prohibitions and directions contained in the Regulation as are indicated in the third column.

The Table.

Area	Arms and ammunitions	Prohibitions and directions
The Mysore State	(1) Spears of all kinds	All.
	(2) Bows and arrows	Do
	(3) Uniform swords and dirks of recognised military or official patterns when possessed by or intended to be supplied to, persons entitled to wear them as part of their uniforms.	Do
	(4) Ornamental arms of an obsolete pattern possessing only antiquarian value, masonic swords, and theatrical and fancy dress swords, provided they are virtually useless for offensive and defensive purposes.	Do
	(5) Hunting knives	Do

SCHEDULE III.

LICENSE FORMS.

FORM I.

(Vide Rule 5.)

FEE—TEN RUPEES IN STAMPS.

License to transport Arms, Ammunition or Military Stores in Mysore.

Name, etc., of license-holder and agent, if any, authorized for the purpose of this consignment	Place of license-holder's business	Number of packages	Arms		Ammunition		Place of despatch, route and mode of transit	Time for which license is valid	Destination	Name and residence of consignee
			Description	Number	Description	No. or weight in seers				
								From the—— to the—— —19 .		

Date on which consent was given by the.....of the .....where is the place of consignment

The.....19 .

.....of the .....or place of despatch.

The.....19

Seal.

CONDITIONS.

This license is subject to all the provisions of the Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890, and of the rules framed thereunder.

This license is void after the expiration of the period named, or if bulk is broken before reaching the place of destination, or if the articles are taken by any route other than is specified on the license.

The contents of each package covered by this license must be described in legible letters on the outside of such package.

The articles covered by this license will be delivered only to persons lawfully entitled to possess the same.

This license must be delivered to the Magistrate of the district to which the articles are consigned, and the articles must be available for exhibition to such Magistrate within six days of the consignment reaching his district.

The officer granting this license must send a copy thereof on the day of issue to the Magistrate of the district as above described.

When the license is granted for transport within the limits of the same district, the license must be given up to the local Magistrate (if any) having jurisdiction in the place to which the articles are consigned, who will satisfy himself that the conditions have been complied with, and return the license to the District Magistrate. The District Magistrate will send copies of any license granted by him for transport within the district to the local Magistrate having jurisdiction. Where there is no local Magistrate, the license must be returned to the Magistrate of the district.

FORM II.

(Vide Rule 13.)

FEE—TWENTY RUPESS IN STAMPS.

License to manufacture, convert or sell, or to keep for sale, Arms, Ammunition, or Military Stores.

Serial number of license	Name and residence of license-holder	Place of business, factory, or shop	Description of Arms		Description of Ammunition or Military Stores		Date on which license expires
			to be manufactured or converted	to be sold or kept for sale	to be manufactured	to be sold or kept for sale	
							The 31st of December 19 .

(Signature.)

....District Seal. .....*of*.....

The.....*19* .

Form of renewing the license.

Date and year of renewal	Date on which the renewed license expires	Signature of Magistrate

CONDITIONS.

1. This license is given subject to the provisions of the Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890, and the rules framed thereunder. The attention of the holder is drawn to the sections of the Regulation quoted separately below.

2. He shall keep registers of all arms manufactured or converted, of all ammunition and military stores manufactured, of all stock in hand, and of all sales, in such forms as the Government may direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on demand by any Magistrate or by any Police officer not below the rank of Inspector and shall furnish not later than the 10th of every month, a copy of his sale book showing the sales made during the preceding month to the Superintendent of Police of the district in which he carries on business.

4. If any arms or ammunition covered by this license are lost or stolen, he shall at once give notice at the nearest police station.

N. B.—This condition may be omitted at the discretion of the Government.

5. He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his shop, or usual place of business, a signboard, on which shall be painted in large letters in English and in Kannada his name and the words "Licensed to manufacture (or "Licensed to deal in) arms, ammunition, and military stores," as the case may be. He shall also post up in his shop a copy of section 23 of the Regulation either in Kannada or in English.

6. He shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license under Form IV or V—(1) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of articles sold, (2) the nature and amount of the articles sold, (3) the date of sale, and shall sign the endorsement.

7. This license only covers sales of arms, ammunition, or military stores effected upon the premises shown on the face of the license.

8. The licensee shall not sell arms to a soldier of the Native Indian Army or of the Military Forces of the Maharaja, unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by the Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass.

9. This license expires on the 31st December of the year in which it is issued but the licensee can have it renewed by filing an application for its renewal on stamped paper of the prescribed value.

10. The license-holder shall not sell arms or ammunition to any person without the permission in writing of the Magistrate of the district in which the person requiring such arms or ammunition is for the time being residing. But this prohibition does not apply to persons exempted from the operation of sections 8-11 of the Arms Regulation by the Arm Rules and who declare that they purchase for their own use.

11. This license does not authorize the licensee to manufacture or convert breech-loaders or to use parts of British military weapons (whether condemned or not) in any process of manufacture or conversion.

Sections of the Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890, referred to in Condition No. 1.

5. No person shall manufacture, convert, or sell, or keep, offer, or expose for sale any arms, ammunition or military stores, except under a license and in the manner and to the extent permitted thereby.

Nothing herein contained shall prevent any person from selling any arms or ammunition which he lawfully possesses for his own private use to any person who is not by any enactment for the time being in force prohibited from possessing the same; but every person so selling arms or ammunition to any person other than a person entitled to possess the same by reason of an exemption under section 22 of this Regulation shall, without unnecessary delay, give to the Magistrate of the district, or to the officer in charge of the nearest police station, notice of the sale and of the purchaser's name and address.

11. Any person possessing arms, ammunition, or military stores, the possession whereof by him has, in consequence of the cancellation or expiry of a license, * * * become unlawful, shall deposit the same, without unnecessary delay, with the officer in charge of the nearest police station.

If the owner of anything deposited under this section does not, within three years from the date on which such thing is so deposited, produce a license authorizing him to possess the same and apply for delivery of the same, such thing shall be forfeited to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

14. Whoever commits any of the following offences (namely):—

(*a*) manufactures, converts, or sells, or keeps, offers, or exposes for sale any arms, ammunition, or military stores in contravention of the provisions of section 5;

(*b*) fails to give notice as required by the same section;

* * * * * * *

(*f*) intentionally makes any false entry in a record or account which, by a rule, * he is required to keep;

(*g*) intentionally fails to exhibit anything which, by a rule, * * he is required to exhibit; or

(*h*) fails to deposit arms, ammunition, or military stores, as required by section 11, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both.

15. Whoever does any act mentioned in clause (*a*) * * * of section 14 in such manner as to indicate an intention that such act may not be known to any public servant as defined in the Indian Penal Code or to any person employed upon a railway, or to the servant of any public carrier,

and whoever, on any search being made under section 20, conceals or attempts to conceal any arms, ammunition, or military stores,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or with both.

16. Whoever, in violation of a condition subject to which a license has been granted, does or omits to do any act shall, when the doing or omitting to do such act is not punishable under section 14 or section 15, be punished with imprisonment for a term, which may extend to six months, or with fine, which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

17. Whoever knowingly purchases any arms, ammunition, or military stores from any person not licensed or authorised under the proviso to section 5 to sell the same, or

delivers any arms or ammunition or military stores into the possession of any person without previously ascertaining that such person is legally authorised to possess the same,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

18. Any person violating any rule made under this Regulation, and for the violation of which no penalty is provided by this Regulation, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both.

19. When any person is convicted of an offence punishable under this Regulation, committed by him in respect of any arms, ammunition, or military stores, it shall be in the discretion of the convicting Court or Magistrate further to direct that the whole or any portion of such arms, ammunition or military stores, and any cart, or baggage animal used to convey the same, and any box, package, or bale in which the same may have been concealed, together with the other contents of such box, package or bale, shall be confiscated.

FORM III.

(Vide Rule 13.)

FEE—TEN RUPEES IN STAMPS.

License to keep and sell Arms, Ammunition, or Military Stores.

Serial number of license	Name and residence of license-holder	Place of business	Description of		Date on which license expires
			Arms	Ammunition or Military stores	
					The 31st of December 19 .

(Signature.)

....District ..... *of*.....

Seal.

The.....*19* .

Form of renewing the license.

Date and year of renewal	Date on which the renewed license expires	Signature of Magistrate

CONDITIONS.

1. This license is given subject to the provisions of the Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890, and the rules framed thereunder. The attention of the holder is drawn to the sections of the Regulation quoted separately below.

2. He shall keep registers of all arms and ammunition in stock, and of all sales in such form as the Government may from time to time direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on demand by any Magistrate or by any Police officer not below the rank of Inspector and shall furnish not later than the 10th of every month a copy of his sale book showing the sales made during the preceding month, to the Superintendent of Police of the district in which he carries on business.

4. If any arms or ammunition covered by this license are lost or stolen, he shall at once give notice at the nearest police station.

N.B.—This condition may be omitted at the discretion of the Government.

5. He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his shop, or usual place of business, a signboard on which shall be painted in large letters in English or in Kannada his name and the words "Licensed to deal in arms, ammunition and military stores." He shall also post up in his shop a copy of Section 23 of the Regulation either in Kannada or in English.

6. He shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license under Form IV or V—(1) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold, (2) the nature and amount of the articles sold, (3) the date of sale, and shall sign the endorsement.

7. This license only covers sales of arms, ammunition or military stores effected upon the premises shown on the face of the license.

8. The licensee shall not sell arms to a soldier of the Native Indian Army or of the Military Forces of the Maharaja, unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass.

9. This license expires on the 31st December of the year in which it is issued, but the licensee can have it renewed by filing an application for its renewal on stamped paper of the prescribed value.

10. The license-holder shall not sell arms or ammunition to any person without the permission in writing of the Magistrate of the district in which the person requiring such arms or ammunition is for the time being residing. But this prohibition does not apply to Government officials exempted from the operation of sections 8-11 of the Arms Regulation by the Arms Rules and who declare that they purchase for their own use.

11. This license does not authorize the licensee to manufacture or convert breech-loaders or to use parts of British military weapons (whether condemned or not) in any process of manufacture or conversion.

Sections of the Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890, referred to in Condition No. 1.

5. No person shall manufacture, convert, or sell, or keep, offer, or expose for sale, any arms, ammunition or military stores, except under a license and in the manner and to the extent permitted thereby.

Nothing herein contained shall prevent any person from selling any arms or ammunition which he lawfully possesses for his own private use to any person who is not by any enactment for the time being in force prohibited from possessing the same; but every person so selling arms or ammunition to any person other than a person entitled to possess the same by reason of an exemption under section 22 of this Regulation shall, without unnecessary delay, give to the Magistrate of the district, or to the officer in charge of the nearest police station, notice of the sale and of the purchaser's name and address.

11. Any person possessing arms, ammunition, or military stores, the possession whereof by him has, in consequence of the cancellation or expiry of a license,

[redacted] with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

18. Any person violating any rule made under this Regulation, and for the violation of which no penalty is provided by this Regulation, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both.

19. When any person is convicted of an offence punishable under this Regulation, committed by him in respect of any arms, ammunition, or military stores, it shall be in the discretion of the convicting Court or Magistrate further to direct that the whole or any portion of such arms, ammunition, or military stores, and any cart, or baggage animal used to convey the same and any box, package, or bale in which the same may have been concealed, together with the other contents of such box, package, or bale, shall be confiscated.

* * * become unlawful, shall deposit the same without unnecessary delay with the officer in charge of the nearest police station.

If the owner of anything deposited under this section does not, within three years from the date on which such thing is so deposited, produce a license authorizing him to possess the same and apply for delivery of the same, such thing shall be forfeited to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

14. Whoever commits any of the following offences (namely):—

(*a*) manufactures, converts, or sells, or keeps, offers, or exposes for sale, any arms, ammunition, or military stores in contravention of the provisions of section 5;

(*b*) fails to give notice as required by the same section;

* * * * * *

(*f*) intentionally makes any false entry in a record or account which, by a rule, * he is required to keep;

(*g*) intentionally fails to exhibit anything which, by a rule * he is required to exhibit; or

(*h*) fails to deposit arms, ammunition, or military stores, as required by section 11, * shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine, or with both.

15. Whoever does any act mentioned in clause (*a*) * * of section 14 in such manner as to indicate an intention that such act may not be known to any public servant as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or to any person employed upon a railway, or to the servant of any public carrier,

and whoever, on any search being made under section 20, conceals or attempts to conceal any arms, ammunition, or military stores,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or with both.

16. Whoever, in violation of a condition subject to which a license has been granted, does or omits to do any act shall, when the doing or omitting to do such act is not punishable under section 14 or section 15, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

17. Whoever knowingly purchases any arms, ammunition, or military stores from any person not licensed or authorized under the proviso to section 5 to sell the same, or

delivers any arms, ammunition, or military stores into the possession of any person without previously ascertaining that such person is legally authorized to possess the same,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

18. Any person violating any rule made under this Regulation, and for the violation of which no penalty is provided by this Regulation, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both.

19. When any person is convicted of an offence punishable under this Regulation, committed by him in respect of any arms, ammunition, or military stores, it shall be in the discretion of the convicting Court or Magistrate further to direct that the whole or any portion of such arms, ammunition, or military stores, and any cart, or baggage animal used to convey the same and any box, package, or bale in which the same may have been concealed, together with the other contents of such box, package, or bale, shall be confiscated.

FORM IV.

(Vide Rule 15.)

FEE—FOUR ANNAS FOR EACH WEAPON, PAYABLE IN STAMPS.

License to possess arms or ammunition and to go armed for purposes of sport, protection or display.

1	2	3		4					5	6
Serial number of license	Name of license-holder with particulars of residence	Arms or ammunition that licensee is entitled to possess		Retainers (if any) covered by the license					District or place within which the license is valid	Date on which the license expires
		Description	Quantity	Name of retainer	Name of retainer's father	Address of retainer	Arms or ammunition that retainer is entitled to possess			
							Description	Quantity		

....

The..... .....of.....19 .

Seal.

(Signature)

....

Form of renewing the license.

Date and year of renewal	Date on which the renewed license expires	Signature of Magistrate

CONDITIONS.

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890, and the rules framed thereunder.

2. It covers only the persons named and the arms and ammunition described therein and such retainers (if any) as may be entered in column 4.

3. It extends only to the place or district named therein, unless countersigned for other districts or the whole of the Mysore State by the Secretary to Government, General Department, or other officer authorised to countersign.

4. It authorises the holder or persons acting under it to go armed within the place or district named for *bona fide* prosecution of the purpose named on the license; but, unless specially authorised by the Magistrate, it does not permit the holder or persons aforesaid to go armed in railway carriages or to fairs, religious processions or other public assemblages.

5. The license-holder, when purchasing any new arms or ammunition, shall have the following particulars endorsed upon his license under the vendor's signature:—

(1) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased;

(2) the nature and quantity of the articles purchased;

(3) the date of purchase.

6. If any weapon covered by this license is lost or stolen, the license-holder shall at once give notice of the fact to the nearest police station.

N. B.—This condition may be omitted at the discretion of the Government.

7. The special attention of the license-holder is drawn to the following sections of the Regulation:—

Section 8.—No persons shall go armed with any arms, except under a license and to the extent and in the manner permitted thereby.

Any person so going armed without a license, or in contravention of its provisions, may be disarmed by any Magistrate, police officer or other person empowered by the Government of Mysore in this behalf by name or by virtue of his office.

Section 14.—Whoever commits any of the following offences (namely)—

* * * * *

(*d*) goes armed in contravention of the provisions of section 8;

(*e*) has in his possession or under his control any arms, ammunition or military stores in contravention of the provisions of section 9 or section 10;

* * * * *

(*h*) fails to deposit arms, ammunition or military stores, as required by section 11, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine or with both.

8. This license expires on the 31st December of the year or of the last year of the period as the case may be for which it is issued. The license-holder can have it renewed by filing an application for its renewal on stamped paper of the prescribed value.

9. This license does not empower the holder to employ fire arms in the pursuit of game, for which a separate license under the Mysore Game Regulation and rules is necessary. In addition to conforming to the said Regulation and rules, the license-holder is also bound to observe a close season, as prescribed by the Government, in respect of the undermentioned animals and birds which do no injury to men, cattle or crops:—

Specification of animals or birds	Close season
.....	.....
.....	.....

FORM V.

(Vide Rule 16.)

FEE—FOUR ANNAS FOR EACH WEAPON, PAYABLE IN STAMPS.

License to go armed on a journey.

1	2		3					4	5	6
Name, etc., of license-holder with particulars of his residence	Arms and ammunition covered by the license		Retainers (if any) covered by the license					Place of departure, route and destination of journey	Time which journey will probably take	Period for which the license is valid
	Description	Quantity	Name of retainer	Name of retainer's father	Address of retainer	Arms and ammunition that retainer is entitled to carry				
						Description	Quantity			

....

The.....19

Seal.

(Signature)

.....*District.*

CONDITIONS.

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890, and the rules framed thereunder.

2. It covers only the persons named and the arms and ammunition described therein and such retainers (if any) as may be entered in column 3.

3. It is void after the expiration of the period named therein.

4. It does not permit holders to go armed in railway carriages, or to fairs, religious processions or other public assemblages.

5. The license-holder shall, at the time of purchase, have the following particulars endorsed upon his license by the vendor from whom he purchases and under the vendor's signature :—

(1) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased;

(2) the nature and quantity of the articles purchased;

(3) the date of purchase.

FORM VI.

(Vide Rule 17.)

FREE OF ALL FEE.

License to possess Firearms, Ammunition, or Military Stores.

Name, etc., of license-holder, with particulars of residence.	Number and description of weapons.	Ammunition or Military Stores.		Place, with full details where articles are to be kept	Term for which license is valid.
		Description	Quantity		
					For five years from the——of——

.....

Seal.

(Signature)

The.....of.....19

Magistrate of the .....District.

This license protects only the weapons and articles named, so long as they are kept in the place described on the license.

It does not authorise the holder to go armed or to carry arms.

It is granted subject to the provisions of the Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890, and the rules framed thereunder.

FORM VII.

(*Vide Rule 18.*)

FREE OF ALL FEE.

License to possess Arms and Ammunition for the purpose of destroying wild animals.

Name, etc., of license-holder with particulars of residence.	Name and description of any member of the licensee's family or servant employed to watch crops or cattle, residing with him, by whom the arms covered by this license may be also used.	Arms and ammunition		Place or tract within which license is valid.	Term for which license is valid.	Title and residence of Magistrate to whom the license and weapon must be shown between the 15th November and 31st December.
		Description	Quantity			
					From the... ....of ..... to the 31st December 19 .	

The.....of.....19 .

(Signature)

Seal.

Magistrate of the.....District.

CONDITIONS.

This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890, and the rules framed thereunder.

The holder is bound to show his license and weapons once a year to the Magistrate of.....

This license is void if the holder sells his weapon; if it is seized in execution of a decree; if it is carried to any considerable distance beyond the limits of the places named in the license; or if he fails to show it once a year to the Magistrate aforesaid.

The holder shall not lend any arms or ammunition covered by this license to any person other than a *bona fide* member of his family, or servant who may be employed by him to protect the crops or cattle situated in the area specified in the license and who is mentioned in column 2 of the license.

It is void on the death of the holder.

The holder must not go armed in railway carriages, or to fairs, religious processions or other public assemblages.

If a gun covered by this license is lost or stolen, the license-holder shall at once give notice of the fact at the nearest police station.

This license does not empower the holder to employ fire arms in the pursuit of game, for which a separate license under the Mysore Game Regulation and rules is necessary.

In addition to conforming to the said Regulation and rules, the license-holder is bound to observe a close season as prescribed by Government, in respect of the undermentioned animals and birds, which do no injury to men, cattle or crops.

Specification of animals or birds	Close-season.
.....	.....
.....	.....
.....	

Notes of Magistrate to whom the license and weapon are periodically shown.

Appendix

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57

Inscription for Ch. Adams
relating to Adams
& ammunition.

11 pt
as the a[illegible]

16

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Judicial),—dated 5th October 1893.

READ:—

Letter No. 1144—3, dated 21st May 1893, from the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, soliciting instructions as to whether arms confiscated under Sections 11 and 19 of Regulation No. VI of 1890, (*i. e.*, Regulation to consolidate and amend the law relating to Arms, Ammunition and Military Stores) should be sent to the Government Military Stores at Bangalore, or whether they should be sold by public auction and the sale proceeds credited to Government.

G. O. No. 6924-31—J. 688, DATED, BANGALORE, 5TH OCTOBER 1893.

ORDER THEREON.—Arms forfeited or confiscated under Sections 11 and 19 of Regulation VI of 1890, should be sold by public auction to persons licensed to keep or sell such arms.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The District Magistrate of Hassan.
Copy to the other District Magistrates for information and guidance.

Exd.—J.T.R.

1892-93.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

JUDICIAL.

PROCEEDINGS.

Dated 5th October 1893.

No. 6924-31.
J. 688.

Passing orders regarding the disposal of arms forfeited or confiscated under Sections 11 and 19 of Regulation VI of 1890.

Mysore Govt. C. Press, Bangalore.—23-10-93.—120.

Proceedings of the Government of Mysore, Judicial, dated 27th July 1900.

G.O. no. 1349-57-J.148 dated 27th July 1900.

READ—

Correspondence ending with letter No. 262—12, dated 21st July 1900, from the Inspector General of Police in Mysore, to the Secretary to the Government of Mysore, General and Revenue Departments.

With reference to your docket No. 12221—J. 1208, dated 8th May 1900, forwarding copy of letter No. 2022, dated 30th April 1900, from the First Assistant to the Resident and subsequent reminder regarding the importation of some sulphur into the Bangalore City by one Bapanna, I have the honor to forward herewith copy of docket No. 30, dated 19th instant, from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore, with its enclosures in original.

Docket No. 30, dated 19th July 1900, from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, to the Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

His No. 4005—443, dated 17th May 1900, and reminder No. 134—17, dated 12th July 1900, forwarding, for enquiry and report, a petition, in original, from Virásawmi Naidu of Madras, regarding the importation of sulphur, without a permit, into Bangalore City by one R. Bapanna.

ENCLOSURE.

With reference to the above, has the honor to state as follows :—

(1) There is no person by name Bapanna in the Bangalore City who deals in combustible substances.

(2) On enquiries made at the railway goods-shed it is learnt that on the 14th April last, Messrs. Jagannatha Chetty & Co. had booked different kinds of articles to R. Papanna, C. Bassappa, Virabadrappa and Srikantappa of the City. The accounts of these persons were examined and it was found that each of the above individuals had received 20 pounds of sulphur among other articles.

(3) The above named persons are respectable merchants and are well-known dealers in native drugs in the City. The stock in the possession of these was examined and each was found to possess a quantity less than what he had received. The enclosed invoices show that none of them received more than 20 pounds of sulphur from Jagannatha Chetty & Co., on the 14th April 1900.

(4) Specimen of the sulphur imported by the above merchants is sent in the cover marked "A." It is understood that this kind of sulphur is not used for the preparation of gun-powder, &c., but that it is sold only for medicinal purposes. Specimen of the sulphur used for the former purpose is enclosed in cover marked "B."

(5) As the importation of small quantities of medicated sulphur is not prohibited, no further action has been taken in the matter.

No. 1349-57—J. 148, DATED BANGALORE, 27TH JULY 1900.

ORDER THEREON—The Government observe that the view taken by the Deputy Commissioner is incorrect. The Mysore Arms Regulation of 1890 and the Rules framed thereunder do not differentiate between sulphur of one kind and another, and the fact that the sulphur imported by R. Papanna and the three others referred to was intended to be used medicinally, and was not of the kind used in the manufacture of gun-powder, &c., is no reason therefore for holding the consignees exempted from the operation of the Arms Regulation. The quantity imported by each of them on the 14th April last is reported to have been 20 pounds, and as this was more than three times the quantity allowed free under Government Notification No. 7237—J. 803, dated 14th December 1897, the consignees have clearly laid themselves open to prosecution, and prompt steps should be taken accordingly and the result reported.

C. SREENIVASIENGAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, returning the enclosures of his docket No. 30, addressed to the Inspector General.

The Deputy Commissioners of other Districts, for information.

The Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

Exd.—H.A.R.

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1900-1901

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

JUDICIAL

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 27th July 1900

No. 1349-57
J. 148

Directing the prosecution of R. Papanna and three others, for importing 20 pounds of Sulphur without a license, under the Mysore Arms Regulation.

SBP—6-8-1900—400

Proceedings of the Government of Mysore, Judicial, dated 21st August 1900.

G.O. No. 2655-63-J282 dated 21st August 1900.

READ AGAIN—

Government Proceedings No. 1349-57—J. 148, dated the 27th July 1900, directing the prosecution of R. Papanna and three others for importing 20 lbs. of sulphur from Madras without a license.

No. 2655-63—J. 282, DATED BANGALORE, 21ST AUGUST 1900.

ORDER THEREON.—The order for the prosecution of the individuals referred to in the above was based on the assumption that the "seer" mentioned in the Notification of 14th December 1897, No. 7237—J. 803, was the same as the Mysore standard seer of 24 tolas, equivalent to 6067 lbs. Avoirdupois, (*vide* p. 809 of the "Mysore Gazetteer" Vol. I). This assumption, however, turns out to be incorrect, as the seer referred to in the corresponding Notification of the Government of India, from which the Mysore Notification of December 1897 was borrowed, represents 80 tolas, and the importation of 20 lbs. of sulphur by R. Papanna and others without a license is accordingly not illegal. Under these circumstances the order for their prosecution is hereby withdrawn.

C. SREENIVASIENGAR,
Secy. to Govt., Genl. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.
The Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

Copy to other Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Exd.—H.A.R.

1900-1901

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

JUDICIAL

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 21st August 1900

No 2655-63
J. 282

Defining the "Seer" mentioned in Government Notification No. 7237—J. 803, dated 14th December 1897, and observing that as the importation of 20 lbs. of sulphur by R. Papanna and others without a license under the Arms Rules is not illegal, their prosecution should be withdrawn.

SBP.—25-8-1900—300

Proceedings of the Government of Mysore, Judicial, dated 20th November 1900.

READ—

Letter No. 6079—195, dated 24th April 1900, from the Registrar of the Chief Court of Mysore, forwarding a copy of the following order passed by them in Criminal Revision Case No. 80 of 1899-1900.

In the Chief Court of Mysore at Bangalore; Friday, the 30th day of March 1900.

Present.

Mr. Justice J. W. Best, Chief Judge, and

Mr. Justice T. Narahari Rao, Judge.

Revision Case No. 80 of 1899-1900.

In the matter of the conviction of Muneppa accused in Criminal Case No. 19 of 1899-1900, on the file of the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Chikballapur (charge under Section 14 (*a*) of the Arms Act).

ORDER—The accused has been convicted of "manufacturing" a gun without a license and sentenced under Section 14 (*a*) of the Arms Regulation VI of 1890 to pay a fine of Rs. 7 or in default of payment of the fine to simple imprisonment for ten days.

All that is proved against the accused is that he repairs guns and was found in possession of a barrel, &c., given to him for the purpose of being repaired.

The question is whether the term "manufactures" in Sections 5 and 14 (*a*) of the Regulation includes repairs? This question has been answered in the negative by the Allahabad and Madras High Courts—Cf. J. L. R. 16 All. 276 and Weir's Digest p. 426.

That the work "manufacture" did not include "repair" under the Act of 1860 is apparent from the fact that both the words were used there in juxtaposition in Section 5 of that Act, "No person shall *manufacture, repair,* sell, or keep, or expose for sale," &c., and again "any person who shall *manufacture, repair,* sell, or keep, or expose for sale, &c." In the Act of 1878, which is the same as our Regulation VI of 1890, the word repair is replaced by "convert;" and it is contended by the Government Advocate that *this* word *includes* repair. We are unable to accede to this contention. The word convert has a technical meaning such as the conversion of a muzzle-loader into a breach-loader or a smooth bore into a rifled gun, &c.

As the word "repair" has been purposely omitted from the more recent Act and the Regulation which is founded on that Act, we must hold the conviction to be illegal.

It is, therefore, set aside and the fine, if levied, will be refunded.

Ordered as above.

G. O. No. 7051-59—J. 779, DATED BANGALORE, 20TH NOVEMBER 1900.

ORDER THEREON—The view held by the Chief Court being at variance with the opinion expressed by the Government Advocate in his letter No. 72, dated 1st November 1898, the Government Proceedings No. 6501-9—J. 681, dated 23rd idem, embodying the latter opinion, is hereby cancelled.

L. ANANTASAMI RAO,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Revt. Depts.

To—The Registrar of the Chief Court of Mysore.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
The Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

Ext.—C. W.

1900-1901

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

JUDICIAL

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 20th November 1900

No. $\frac{7051\text{-}59}{J.\ 779}$

'Cancelling Government Order No. 6501-9—J. 681, dated the 23rd November 1898, recording the Government Advocate's interpretation of the term "Manufacture" occurring in the Mysore Arms Regulation.

SBP—24-11-1900—350

GL

Notification no. 15386 - J1313 dt
17.3.02

Under Rule 8 of the Rules framed under the Import Arms ~~Rules~~ Regulation, VI of 1990, the D.G. of Police in Import is authorised to countersign all licences granted under the said rule.

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GL

Letter no. J 2326 - Police 144-12-2 dated the 10th Feb 1913 from the Secy. to Govt. GI & Rev. Depts. to the D. C. of Police in Mysore.

With reference to your letter no. 2182-186 dated the 9th December 1912 regarding the continuance of the power of committing arms licenses conferred on you by notification no. 15384 - J 1313 dated the 17th March 1902, I am directed to observe that the notification referred to issued under the Arms Rules of 1895, does not become inoperative, merely because the Arms Rules of 1895 were revised by the rules issued with Govt. notification no. 1782 - Police 65 dt 26.12.05. The notification of 1902 not having been either directly or indirectly repealed and not being inconsistent with the Arms Rules issued in 1905, the original authority to commit issue licenses continues unaffected.

2

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,

G.O. No. 436351-T37 dated 20th September 1902.

READ:—

Endorsement No. 4885, dated 5th September 1902, from the First Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, forwarding copies of the following :—

(1) Proceedings of the Government of Madras, No. 1159-Judicial, dated 28th July 1902.

Read—again the following paper :—

Order—Mis. No. 471, Judicial, dated 18th March 1902.

With reference to their applications dated 12th November 1900 and 31st December 1901, requesting that the return to Native States of fire-arms which are sent to British India for repair may be permitted without a fresh export license, the attention of Messrs. P. Orr & Sons, Madras, will be drawn to clause 3 of Rule 6-C. of the Arms Act Rules, which provides that, in the case of arms sent solely for purposes of repair, the Political Officer of a Native State may grant a license for import and export free of charge to the owner if he resides in the State and is included in the exemptions in paragraph 1 of the Arms Act Rules. A resident in a Native State importing a weapon into British India for purposes of repair can thus at the same time obtain a license permitting its return to him. Messrs. P. Orr & Sons will be informed that the Government of India are of opinion that no further relaxation of the rules, in this particular, is necessary.

Read—also the following papers :—

From Messrs. P. Orr & Sons, Madras, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Mount Road, 10th April 1902.

With reference to G. O. Mis. No. 471, Judicial, dated 18th March 1902, while admitting that on paper the clause quoted is sufficient for the purpose, we would point out it is in practice absolutely useless, as every European, whether residing in British or Native Territory, considers himself exempted from the operations of the Arms Act, as was expressly stated at its inception, and not one in a hundred is even aware that it is necessary for him to obtain a license to export an arm from a Native State.

We would therefore respectfully suggest that the present arrangement is open to improvement.

From the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore, dated 18th June 1902, No. 3303.

ORDER No. 1159, JUDICIAL, DATED 28TH JULY 1902.

With reference to their letter read above, Messrs. P. Orr & Sons will be informed that the Government see no reason to make a further representation to the Government of India on the subject. In order to remove as far as possible the ignorance of the Arms Act Rules, which is stated to prevail in the Native States to which arms are usually exported from Madras, the Commissioner of Police will be requested, when issuing a license for the export of arms to Native States, to attach to the license a notice stating that in the case of arms sent solely for the purpose of repair by persons included in the exemptions in paragraph 1 of the Arms Act Rules, import and export licenses can be obtained free of fee from the Political Officer of the State, thus obviating the necessity for an application to the Commissioner.

2. The Resident in Travancore and Cochin will be requested to make the procedure in this respect well known in those States either by notification or circular or in such other manner as he deems fit, and to repeat the promulgation every six months.

3. The Resident in Mysore will also be addressed on the subject.

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(2) Letter No. 1160, Judicial, dated 28th July 1902, from the Government of Madras, to the Resident in Mysore.

Messrs. P. Orr & Sons of Madras have brought to the notice of Government that the provisions of the rules framed by the Government of India under the Indian Arms Act, XI of

Judicial, dated 20th September 1902.

1878, requiring that a license should be taken out for the import of fire-arms from a Native State into British India, are not generally known to Europeans whether residing in British or Native Territory. I am directed to request that if you see no objection the procedure in this respect may be made known to Europeans residing in Mysore in such manner as you deem fit. I am to enclose for your information a copy of the Proceedings of Government, No. 1159 of this date, which contain the correspondence on the subject.

No. 4343-51—J. 372, DATED BANGALORE, 20TH SEPTEMBER 1902.

ORDER THEREON.—Communicated to District Magistrates with the request that wide publicity may be given to the procedure prescribed therein in regard to the import of fire-arms from Native States into British India.

H. V. NANJUNDAYYA,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The District Magistrates.
The Inspector General of Police in Mysore for information.

Exd—G.S.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Judicial, dated 18th May 1904.

READ AGAIN—

Government Proceedings No. 1457-64, dated the 23rd January 1904, directing that every person who seeks to possess or carry arms must take out a separate license under the Arms Regulation, and that joint licenses cannot be allowed.

READ ALSO—

Letter No. 599-44, dated the 29th April 1904, from the District Magistrate of Shimoga, submitting for orders a petition from Mr. Garudachar, Advocate, praying that a joint license in the name of himself and his brother may be allowed.

No. 2452-60—J., DATED BANGALORE, 18TH MAY 1904.

ORDER THEREON.—Government see no reason to reconsider their Order of the 23rd January 1904 read above. That order, it is observed, is applicable to all licenses for possessing, carrying, or going armed with arms ; and not merely to those issued in Forms IV and V. The District Magistrate will dispose of the petition of Mr. Garudachar, submitted by him, in the light of this direction.

2. The District Magistrate will also take note that a license in Form No. V only covers possession for the period (to be specified) of a journey, and that it does not empower the use or possession of arms on all occasions generally.

Offg. Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The District Magistrate, Shimoga, returning enclosures.
Copy to other District Magistrates.
Copy to the Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

Exd.—G. S.

1903-04

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS
THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

JUDICIAL

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 18th May 1904

No. 2452-60
J.

Observing that Government Order No. 1457-64—J., dated the 23rd January 1904, is applicable to all licenses for possessing or carrying arms or going armed and not merely to those issued in Forms IV and V and that a license in Form No. V empowers the use or possession of arms for the period (to be specified) of a journey only.

SBP—20-5-04—250

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Judicial, dated 20th May 1904.

READ—

(1). Letter No. 438—30, dated the 16th February 1904, from the District Magistrate, Shimoga District, requesting to be informed if a license under the Mysore Arms Regulation is required for the possession of a "Gupti" which is a wooden stick containing a sword and which is generally used as a walking stick.

(2). Correspondence ending with letter No. 623—45, dated the 10th May 1904, from the same officer, forwarding the weapon referred to for inspection.

G.O. No. 2484-92—J., DATED BANGALORE, 20TH MAY 1904.

ORDER THEREON.—The attention of the District Magistrate is invited to the definition of "Arms" contained in Section 4 of the Mysore Arms Regulation, VI of 1890, which evidently includes the weapon referred to by the District Magistrate inasmuch as a component part of it is a sword.

L. ANANTASAMI RAO,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The District Magistrate, Shimoga, returning the weapon.
The District Magistrates of other Districts.
The Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

Exd.—G.S.

1903-04

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS
THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

JUDICIAL

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 20th May 1904

No. 2484-92/J

Stating that the definition of 'Arms' contained in Section 4 of the Mysore Arms Regulation, VI of 1890, includes the weapon named "Gupti."

SBP— 1-6-04—200

gl

Letter no. J2758-Police 120-05-2 dated the 5th April 06 from the Secy to Govt. Gl & Rev. Dept, to the Dc. Magte. of the Kadra Dt.

With reference to your letter no. 584 dated the 19th Feb 1906 soliciting instruction as to whether bayonets, swords, double dbl & cut pieces thereof are to be treated as 'arms' and whether persons found in possession of such things are to be proceeded against as trespassers of the provisions of the Indian Arms Regulation, no VI of 1890. I am directed to invite your attention to the ruling of the Chief Court in their circular and judgment in criminal appeals nos 664, 65-266 of 1893 a copy of which is enclosed herein for your guidance & information.

26

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF MYSORE AT BANGALORE.

Monday, the 5th day of June 1893.

PRESENT.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY ESQUIRE, CHIEF JUDGE.

and

A. RAMACHANDRA IYER ESQUIRE, J U D G E.

Petitions of Criminal Appeals Nos.64 65 and 66 of 1893, against the convictions and sentences by the City Magistrate of Bangalore, under section 14 Clause (a) of the Mysore Arms Regulation of 1890, in Criminal Cases Nos. 551, 553 and 552 of 1892-93 respectively.

APPELLANTS.

In Appeal No.64 of 1893.

Sham Sheer Khan. (accused).

In Appeal No.65 of 1893.

Mahomed Hussain (accused).

In Appeal No. 66 of 1893.

Mahomed Hoossain. (accused).

JUDGMENT.

The appellants were convicted of an offence under clause (a) section 14 of the Arms Regulation. They have appealed on the ground that the conviction was against law and the weight of evidence.

The evidence which was adduced in these cases was to the effect that, when the appellants' houses were searched by order of the District Magistrate, old pistols and a large number of gun stocks, barrels, chisels hammers and other articles were found. The Magistrate's argument was that these were parts of fire-arms and that, as the definition of fire-arms includes parts of such arms, the prisoners were guilty of possessing or keeping fire-arms without license.

The

The appellants' advocates pressed upon our attention a judgment of a Full Bench of the Madras High Court reported in I.L.R. Vol: 6 page 60. The material part of the judgment is as follows:--"It appears from the evidence taken in the case that the gun was quite unserviceable and unfit for use. A fire arm in such a state as this, even though it might be repaired and rendered serviceable, is not, we think, one for which a license need be taken out. In including parts of arms in the meaning of arms, the Legislature intended, in our opinion, to provide against the importation of arms in parts which might be put together at any moment and used as fire arms. A fire-arm which is defective and otherwise unserviceable is not, we think, within the meaning of the Act". We accept this interpretation of the Act.

We are not able to gather from the evidence whether the articles which were found in the appellants' houses were parts which might at any moment be put together and used as fire-arms, or whether they were articles which might be manufactured or converted into parts of fire arms. Again, the evidence in regard to the pistols was that they were old; and not whether in their present condition they were serviceable. As this aspect of the case does not seem to have suggested itself to the Magistrate, we consider it advisable to send the cases back to him and to direct him to take additional evidence and if necessary, to examine two or more experts. The record will be submitted to us within three weeks from the date of receiving this order. We reserve our judgment on the other points which were argued before us.

Sd/- T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty,
CHIEF JUDGE.

Sd/- A. Ramachandra Iyer,
J U D G E.

Friday.

FRIDAY, the 11th day of August 1893.

J U D G M E N T.

We have already expressed our concurrence in the judgment of the Madras High Court which explains the meaning of the expression "parts of a fire arm". We directed the Magistrate to record additional evidence in order to ascertain whether all or any of the articles which were produced before him might be treated as fire arms or parts of fire arms. The evidence of Mr. Leonard and other witnesses satisfies us that the articles might at great expense and trouble be manufactured or converted into fire-arms, but that they are not parts of fire-arms in their present condition. We find that the accused persons committed no offence. We quash the convictions and sentences and direct that the fines, if levied, be refunded.

Sd/- T.R.A. Thumboo Chetty,

CHIEF JUDGE.

Sd/- A. Ramachandra Iyer,

J U D G E.

"C O P Y."

S. Venkata Ranga Ayenga

Deputy R E G I S T R A R.

TSK

GL

Notification no. J 3491-PR 108-05-21
of 13.6.06.

With reference to clause (10) of Rule 1 of the Arms Rules, the Govt. of H.H. the Maharaja are pleased to direct that each village Patil be allowed to hold free of license only a single fire arm in virtue of his office and that if he requires more he should apply for a license for such additional arm like any other person and abide by the orders of the Dy. Supdt. in the matter.

30

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Judicial (Police), dated 18th March 1908.

G.O. No. J. 2802-42—Pol. 147-07-2, dated Bangalore, 18th March 1908.

Order.—A question having been raised as to the interpretation of the words "temporarily residing" which occur in Rule I, clause 5 of the Rules published with Notification No. J. 1782—Police Mis. 65, dated the 26th December 1905, Government are pleased to lay down that all Americans and Europeans who are not natural-born or naturalised British subjects are exempted persons only so long as they are temporarily residing or travelling in Mysore, but that they cease to be exempted when they have settled in Mysore or have no apparent intention of leaving Mysore.

C. S. BALASUNDARAM IYER,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The District Magistrates of all the Districts.
The Inspector-General of Police in Mysore.
The Registrar of the Chief Court in Mysore.
Other Heads of Departments.

Exd.—C. P. S.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Judicial and Legislative (Police), dated 10th April 1909.

G.O. No. J. 3026-65—Police 144-08-2, dated Bangalore, 10th April 1909.

Order.—In continuation of the instructions issued under Government Proceedings No. J. 2802-42—Police 147-07-2, dated the 18th March 1908, regarding the interpretation of the words "temporarily residing" which occur in Rule 1, clause (5), of the Rules framed under the Mysore Arms Regulation, Government are pleased to lay down that continental Europeans who have settled in the State for a term of years but have not adopted a Mysore domicile are entitled to the benefit of the exemption granted by the above-mentioned clause of the said Regulation. Further, a person who is exempted under Rule 1, clause (3), of the Arms Rules, in his capacity as a volunteer, does not forfeit that exemption by reason of the fact that he may not be eligible for exemption under the provisions of Rule 1 (5) of the Rules under the Regulation.

K. S. CHANDRASEKHARA AIYAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The District Magistrates of all Districts.
The Heads of Departments.

Exd.—C. V.

GENERAL.

Notification No. J. 3194—*Police* 156-08-2, *dated 19th April 1909.*

The following rules regarding the carriage of arms by travellers going into China are published for general information :—

1. Every respectable foreigner entering China from abroad, by sea or land, may carry in his luggage, for self-defence, one pistol and one revolver and a supply of cartridges for the same not exceeding 500 rounds in all, but must declare them at the time of entry to the customs, who will release them after examination. Any contravention of this provision entails confiscation of the arms, etc., not declared.

2. Foreigners, duly provided with passports, proceeding to the interior of China, or to Tibet, Mangolia, Turkistan, etc., will be allowed to carry with them, declaration having been duly made, arms and ammunition for self-defence not exceeding twice the quantities fixed above.

3. No other arms may be imported by foreigners for self-defence under the above provisions except pistols and short-barrelled revolvers carried on the person.

4. Every respectable foreigner entering China from abroad, by sea or land, may carry in his luggage not more than three sporting guns and a supply of cartridges for the same not exceeding 3,000 rounds in all, but must declare them at the time of entry into the customs, who will release them after examination and payment of duty. Any contravention of this provision entails confiscation of the guns, etc., not declared. In the event of old guns being thus imported with fresh ammunition both may be passed free of duty.

5. The expression "Sporting guns and cartridges imported by foreigners" refers exclusively to shot guns and ammunition for same. Military arms and ammunition must not be fraudulently imported under any pretext.

(*N. B.*—The importation of sporting rifles is not provided for, such importation being of rare occurrence, but no difficulties will be raised whenever a request for their importation shall be addressed to the (Chinese) Commissioner of Customs through the medium of the British Consul.)

33

By Order,
K. S. CHANDRASEKHARA AIYAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Judicial and Legislative (Police), dated 14th June 1909.

G.O. No. J. 3849-88—Police 130-07-9, dated Bangalore, 14th June 1909.

Order.—The following arrangement has been entered into by the Durbar with the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore in regard to the carriage of arms by passengers during journeys on railways over which criminal jurisdiction has been ceded to the British Government:—

1. Persons who are exempted from the provisions of Sections 8 to 11 of the Mysore Arms Regulation, may, as heretofore, retain their arms in their own immediate possession while travelling in a railway carriage within Mysore Territory.

2. Persons specially authorised either under Rule 15 or under Rule 16 of the Rules issued under the Mysore Arms Regulation to go armed in a railway carriage, may also retain their arms in their own possession while travelling by railway within the limits of the State.

Magistrates should exercise discrimination in the issue of licenses containing such special authorisation and issue them only in rare and exceptional cases. Copies of the license so granted should be forwarded without delay to the District Magistrate of the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, for information.

3. Persons holding licenses in Form IV or V (granted under Rule 15 or 16, as the case may be, of the Rules) but not specially authorised to go armed as described in clause (2) above, should deposit their arms with the guard in charge of the train under the rules for the conveyance of the luggage of passengers.

4. To draw the attention of the license-holders to this requirement, a foot-note will be appended to the licenses requiring the licensee to hand over the arms to the guard of the train as mentioned above.

K. S. CHANDRASEKHARA AIYAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Inspector-General of Police in Mysore.
The District Magistrates of Districts.
All Heads of Departments.

Exd.—G. P. S.

34

GL

Notification no. J1146 - Police 175-08-5 dated the 12th October 09

In supersession of all previous notifications on the subject, the Govt. of H.H. the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased under section 25 of the Arms Regulation VI of 1890, to appoint all magistrates in the State as officers in whose presence searches in the course of proceedings in respect of offences punishable under section 14, clause (c) of the said Regulation may be made in their respective jurisdictions.

2. The Police Inspector of the Manjarabad Hobli is empowered to conduct within the Hobli, searches under section 20 of the Regulation and he is further appointed as an officer in whose presence searches under the circumstances referred to in section 25 may be made within the said Hobli.

35

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Judicial and Legislative (Police), dated 8th June 1910.

READ—

Letter No. 3002, dated the 19th May 1910, from the First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore:—

"I am directed to forward herewith a copy of a letter No. 429, dated the 28th February 1910, from the Government of India in the Home Department, to the address of Messrs. Rodda & Company of Calcutta, and to request that the decision of the Government of India contained therein may be communicated to the dealers in ammunition in the Mysore State."

(ENCLOSURE TO THE ABOVE.)

Letter No. 429, dated the 28th February 1910, from the Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department (Public), to Messrs. Rodda & Company, Calcutta:—

"In reply to your letter dated the 16th February 1910, I am directed to say that in the event of a license issued in Form XVI, XVII or XVIII of the forms appended to the Arms Rules containing no entry as to the quantity of ammunition covered thereby, an arms-vendor should refuse to supply any ammunition to the licensee and should return the license to be properly filled in."

G.O. No. J. 3703-11—POLICE 215-09-2, DATED BANGALORE, 8TH JUNE 1910.

ORDER THEREON.—Communicated to the Inspector-General of Police in Mysore and the District Magistrates of Districts, for information and guidance, with the observation that Forms Nos. XVI, XVII and XVIII referred to in the enclosure to the letter read above correspond to Forms Nos. IV and VII under the Mysore Arms Rules.

Offg. Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Inspector-General of Police in Mysore.
The District Magistrates of Districts.

Exd.—C. V.

36

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Judicial and Legislative (Police), dated 19th April 1911.

No. J. 2940-8—Police 48-10-4, dated Bangalore, 19th April 1911.

Order.—Some cases have been brought to the notice of Government in which dealers in arms in the State sold rifles to persons in British India who had only licenses for guns. Such sales to persons of weapons different from that for which they hold a license should be prevented and for this purpose it is necessary that licensed dealers in arms in Mysore should carefully examine the licenses of intending purchasers and if such purchasers are British Indian subjects, they should ascertain from the District Magistrates concerned the nature of the weapons covered by the licenses held by the intending purchasers. The Inspector-General of Police and the District Magistrates are therefore requested to instruct all dealers in arms in the State accordingly.

C. S. BALASUNDARAM IYER,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Inspector-General of Police in Mysore.
The District Magistrates of Districts.

Exd.—C. R.

37

GL

Extract from
Govt. of India Home Dept. Public letter no
1340-1348 to the Local Govts. dated the 9th June 1911

—

I am directed to refer to Rules 8(4)(a) & 31 of the Rules framed under the Arms Act published with the Home Dept. Notification no 3102 dated the 16th August 1907

2. It has been brought to the notice of the Govt. of India that the practice of describing the calibre of rifles by two figures is liable to lead to misapprehension as to the bore of the weapon. Which the figures describe. I am thus to explain that in the case of rifles described as .450/400, .577/450, .500/450, the former of the two figures represents the size of the chamber, and the latter figure the size of the bore.

38

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,

READ—

Subject No. 60 of the Representative Assembly Proceedings of 1910, in the matter of empowering Taluk Magistrates to renew gun licenses issued under Rule 15 of the Arms Rules and of issuing them for a period of five years at a time instead of for one year only as at present.

SUBJECT No. 60.
Gun license.
(a) Messrs. B. Subramanya Bhatta and H. Subbaraya, Koppa Taluk.
(b) Mr. Krishnachar, Goribidnur Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—(a) There is considerable delay in obtaining renewals of gun licenses annually from District Magistrates. The Amildar Magistrate may be empowered to renew old licenses, fresh licenses being issued by the District Magistrate.

(b) Gun licenses may be renewed once in five years instead of annually.

(a) The members explained that difficulties were experienced by license-holders owing to the fact of their licenses for previous years being taken away by the authorities, which gave room for subordinate Police officers to annoy the people.

Reply of Government.—(a) The question of empowering Amildar Magistrates to renew old licenses will be considered.

(b) Orders will be passed enabling officers to issue licenses for a period not exceeding three or four years if the stamp payable in respect of the application for the period for which the license is asked for is paid in a lump.

2. This office docket No. J. 3152-60—Police 219-10-1, dated the 17th May 1911, calling for the opinions of the Inspector-General of Police and the District Magistrates of Districts.

3. The replies received from the above officers.

4. Subject No. 80 of the Representative Assembly Proceedings of 1911.

SUBJECT No. 80.
Gun licenses.
(1) Mr. Puttanna Gowda, Tirthahalli Taluk.
(2) and (3) Messrs. C. Vaman Rao, Kanakappa and Nadig Subba Rao, Nagar Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—(1) As guns are necessary for the protection of crops in the malnad, the rule requiring the annual renewal of gun licenses may be abolished and their renewal once in five years ordered.

(2) (a) For the renewal of gun licenses the periods of which have expired, they have to be sent to the Sub-Divisional or District Magistrate. It is prayed that the power of renewal of such licenses may be granted to Taluk Magistrates.

(b) If a person desires to possess a license for a period not exceeding four years and is ready to pay the license fee for the entire period when he applies for the license, the same may be granted to him.

(3) Licenses to possess arms for the protection of crops are granted for five years. Such licenses with the arms are to be presented before the Taluk Amildar Magistrate once in the month of December every year and seen by him. If the Amildar is out of taluk headquarters, the parties are very much inconvenienced to get the licenses attested by him and sometimes the one year allowed by the rules expires before the Magistrate's attestation can be obtained. Instead of prescribing one year's limit in such cases, it will be convenient if the parties concerned are allowed to present the licenses for attestation either at the time of Jamabandi or at any time within the official year.

(4) Mr. K. Channakeshava Rao, Koppa Taluk.

(4) The Government orders, promised in the last session of the Assembly, regarding the issue of gun licenses for a period not exceeding three or four years at a time, if the required stamp is paid in a lump, may be issued at an early date.

Reply of Government.—Noted for consideration. There ought to be no difficulty in altering the time for presentation of licenses for renewal from specified months in the year to the time of Taluk or Huzur Jamabandi.

The orders already promised as regards (4) will be expedited.

G.O. No. J. 1266-74—POLICE 219-10-14, DATED 5TH NOVEMBER 1912.

ORDER THEREON.—Government consider that the delay complained of will, to a certain extent, be minimised by empowering the Taluk Magistrates to renew gun licenses. They are therefore pleased to direct that the proposal be adopted with the following safeguards:—

(1). The Taluk Magistrate, before he renews a license, should satisfy himself that the Taluk Police have no objections to the renewal: provided that in cases where the character and conduct of the licensee are well known personally to the

Judicial and Legislative (Police), dated 5th November 1912.

Magistrate himself he may dispense with the Police report and renew the license placing on record his personal knowledge.

(ii). Once in five years every license should be sent up for renewal to the District Magistrate or the Sub-Division Magistrate, as the case may be, instead of being renewed by the Taluk Magistrate.

(iii). All cases in which the Taluk Magistrate is of opinion that a renewal ought not to be granted, should be sent up to the District Magistrate or the Sub-Division Magistrate, as the case may be.

(iv). A list of licenses renewed by the Taluk Magistrate, with necessary particulars, should be sent to the District Magistrate once a month and this list, after the District Magistrate's registers are written up, should be sent to the Superintendent of Police for entry in his registers and return to the District Magistrate's office.

The power of granting fresh licenses shall remain in the hands of the District and Sub-Division Magistrates.

The Inspector-General of Police and the District Magistrates are requested to impress on all the officers concerned the necessity for prompt action in dealing with applications relating to gun licenses.

As regards the grant or renewal of licenses for more than one year at a time the District Magistrate may, on payment of the requisite fees in a lump sum, grant or renew licenses for a period of not more than three years at a time to persons of known good conduct and respectability after recording his reasons for doing so.

The rules issued under the Mysore Arms Regulation will be amended in accordance with the above.

K. R. SRINIVASIENGAR,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Inspector-General of Police in Mysore.
The District Magistrates of Districts.

Exd.—C. R.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

G.O. No. J. 1933-41—POLICE 133-11-12, DATED BANGALORE, 10TH JANUARY 1913.

ORDER.—With a view to ensure better control over the possession of fire arms by retainers of license-holders, Government are pleased to direct that the annexed forms be substituted for the Forms IV and V appended to the Rules under the Mysore Arms Regulation published with Notification No. J-1782—Police Mis. 65, dated 26th December 1905, and to lay down the following rules for the guidance of Magistrates in this matter.

RULES.

1. The provision for including retainers is intended to meet the case only of persons whose standing or circumstances are such as to make it reasonable for them to employ retainers or servants who would be required in the ordinary course of their duties to carry weapons.

2. All applications for the inclusion of retainers under licenses in Forms IV and V must be dealt with by the District Magistrates in person. The power of renewing the names of retainers in Form IV may be delegated by the District Magistrates to Amildars.

3. If any retainer whose name is entered in a license should, during the continuance of the license, die, or be dismissed from or resign the service of the license-holder, no other person shall be entitled to possess arms or ammunition as the successor of such retainer, unless his name, father's name and address are entered in the license under the signature of the officer who granted the license or the successor to such officer.

4. When no retainers are licensed the fact should be clearly indicated in column 4 of the new Form IV or column 3 of the new Form V as the case may be.

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K. R. SRINIVASIENGAR,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The District Magistrates of Districts.
The Inspector-General of Police in Mysore.

Form No. IV.
(*Vide* Rule 15.)

Fee—Four annas for each weapon, payable in stamps.

License to possess arms or ammunition and to go armed for purposes of sport, protection or display.

Serial number of license	Name of license-holder with particulars of residence	Arms or ammunition that licensee is entitled to possess		Retainers (if any) covered by the license					District or place within which the license is valid	Date on which the license expires
		Description	Quantity	Name of retainer	Name of retainer's father	Address of retainer	Arms or ammunition that retainer is entitled to possess: Description	Arms or ammunition that retainer is entitled to possess: Quantity		
1	2	3		4					5	6

....

(Signature)

Seal

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Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,

Form of renewing the license.

Date and year of renewal	Date on which the renewed license expires	Signature of Magistrate

CONDITIONS.

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Mysore Arms Regulation, 1890, and the rules framed thereunder.

2. It covers only the persons named and the arms and ammunition described therein and such retainers (if any) as may be entered in column 4.

3. It extends only to the place or district named therein, unless countersigned for other districts or the whole of the Mysore State by the Secretary to Government, General Department, or other officer authorized to countersign.

4. It authorises the holder or persons acting under it to go armed within the place or district named for *bona fide* prosecution of the purpose named on the license; but, unless specially authorised by the Magistrate, it does not permit the holder or persons aforesaid to go armed in railway carriages or to fairs, religious processions or other public assemblages.

5. The license-holder, when purchasing any new arms or ammunition, shall have the following particulars endorsed upon his license under the vendor's signature:—

(1) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased;
(2) the nature and quantity of the articles purchased;
(3) the date of purchase.

6. If any weapon covered by this license is lost or stolen, the license-holder shall at once give notice of the fact to the nearest Police Station.

N. B.— This condition may be omitted at the discretion of the Government.

7. The special attention of the license-holder is drawn to the following sections of the Regulation:—

Section 8.—No person shall go armed with any arms, except under a license and to the extent and in the manner permitted thereby.

Any person so going armed without a license, or in contravention of its provisions, may be disarmed by any Magistrate, Police officer or other person empowered by the Government of Mysore in this behalf by name or by virtue of his office.

Section 14.—Whoever commits any of the following offences (namely)—

* * * * *

(*d*) goes armed in contravention of the provisions of Section 8;

(*e*) has in his possession or under his control any arms, ammunition or military stores in contravention of the provisions of Section 9 or Section 10;

* * * * *

(*h*) fails to deposit arms, ammunition or military stores, as required by Section 11, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine or with both.

8. This license expires on 31st December of the year or of the last year of the period as the case may be for which it is issued. The license-holder can have it renewed by filing an application for its renewal on stamped paper of the prescribed value.

9. This license does not empower the holder to employ fire arms in the pursuit of game, for which a separate license under the Mysore Game Regulation and rules is necessary. In addition to conforming to the said Regulation and Rules, the license-holder is also bound to observe a close season, as prescribed by the Government, in respect of the undermentioned animals and birds which do no injury to men, cattle or crops:—

Specification of animals or birds	Close season

Gl.

X

Letter no. J295-7-65-Police 190-12-2 dated the 4th April 1913 from the Secy. to the Govt. of H.H. the Maharaja of Mysore, Gl. & Rev. Depts. to the I.G. of Police in Mysore and the Dy. Comrs of Dhs.

It is brought to the notice of Govt. that applications for licenses to import fire arms and ammunition into the Mysore State are often addressed to the Hon'ble the Resident by name. This I am directed to state results in delay in the disposal of such applications. I am therefore to request that the firms concerned in the State may be instructed to address their communications in such matters to the First Asst. Resident and not to the Hon'ble the Resident by name.

41

Not for publication

Supplement
to
The Imperial Arms Law Manual.
being a collection of orders
containing instructions issued
to subordinate officers regarding
the working of the law and some
other routine matters connected
therewith.

No. 16413-21—J. 1642.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Dated Bangalore, 15th June 1898.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM.

The Government consider it desirable that the working of the Arms and Explosives Regulations should form the subject of a special annual report, as is the case in the Madras Presidency. The forms prescribed by the Madras Government are as appended hereto. The District Magistrates in Mysore are requested to furnish the particulars required by these forms to the Inspector General of Police, who will submit to Government one general report for the whole State. The next report should deal with the events of the current official year 1897-98.

By Order,
C. SREENIVASIENGAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—All District Magistrates.
The Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

Exd.—H.A.R.

43

Statement showing the number and description of licenses issued by the District Magistrate of for 189 and the previous year.

Serial No.	Nature of licenses issued	Number issued for the previous year			Number issued for the year under report			Variations as compared with the preceding year		Remarks
		Total number of licenses issued	Number of arms covered by the licenses issued		Total number of licenses issued	Number of arms covered by the licenses issued		Increase in the number of licenses issued	Decrease in the number of licenses issued	
			Fire-arms	Other arms		Fire-arms	Other arms			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	License to transport arms, ammunition or military stores in British India (Form II).									
2	License to import arms, ammunition or military stores by river or land under G.O., dated 20th June 1882, No. 512, Judicial (*vide* Rule 6-*c*).									
3	License to manufacture, convert, sell or keep arms, ammunition or military stores (Form VI).									
4	License to keep and sell arms, ammunition and military stores (Form VII).									
5	License to possess arms, ammunition and to go armed for purposes of sport, protection or display (Form VIII).									
6	License to go armed on a journey (Form IX). ...									
7	License to possess fire-arms, ammunition or military stores in a district which has not been disarmed (Form X).									
8	License to possess arms and ammunition for the purpose of destroying wild animals (Form XI).									
9	License to possess and transport gunpowder and fuses for *bonâ fide* blasting purposes under G.Os., dated 23rd September 1882, No. 1388, and 6th October 1882, No. 1512, Judicial.									
	Grand Total ...									

NOTE.—1. The number of licenses in Form XI and the arms covered by those produced for inspection before the Magistracy under Rule 16 of the Arms Act Rules should be entered in the column of remarks against item No. 8.

2. In the returns submitted by the District Magistrate of Malabar and the Commissioner of Police, Madras, licenses granted in Forms III, IV and V should also be entered.

3. Fire-arms are required to be shown separately from other arms only in the cases of licenses appearing against Nos. 1, 2, 5, 6 and 8 above and of those granted in Forms III, IV and V.

Statement showing the number of Licensed Dealers in Sulphur in the District of their stock and the purposes for which it was sold.

Number	Number in General Return under Arms Act	Name	Date of License			Quantity for which License was last obtained.				Quantity for which License was issued in 189				Stock of Sulphur												General purpose for which the Sulphur was sold	Result of inspection and Remarks
														Balance on 1st January 189				Purchased during the year 189				Sold during the year 189				Balance on 31st December 189					
			Day	Month	Year	Tons	Cwt	Qrs	Lbs	Tons	Cwt	Qrs	Lbs	Tons	Cwt	Qrs	Lbs	Tons	Cwt	Qrs	Lbs	Tons	Cwt	Qrs	Lbs	Tons	Cwt	Qrs	Lbs		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
		Total ...																													

Column 3.—Names of new licensees should be entered in red ink.
Column 6.—If license current during year under report was issued in previous year, the fact should be noted at foot of this page.
Columns 10, 14, 18, 22, 26, 30.—Fractions of lbs. should be omitted.
Column 32.—All discrepancies in opening and closing balances should be explained in this column.

Judicial, dated 15th June 1898.

Report of inspection of Stock Premises and Books of Persons licensed under Forms VI and VII to manufacture, convert, keep or sell arms, ammunition or Military Stores in the District of

No.	Name, father's name, and residence of licensee	Form of license	Date of license			Place of business	Inspections by												Remarks
							Inspectors of Police								Magistrate		Superintendent of Police		
							1st quarter		2nd quarter		3rd quarter		4th quarter						
			Day	Month	Year		Day	Month	Day	Month	Day	Month	Day	Month	Day	Month	Day	Month	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
		A.																	
		B.																	
		C.																	
		D.																	
		VII.																	

Column 2.—Names of new licensees should be shown in red ink.

Column 6.—If license current during year under report was issued in previous year, the fact should be noted at the foot of this page.

Columns 8 to 19.—Names of Inspecting Officers should not be entered.

Judicial, dated 15th June 1898.

Licenses issued under the Explosives Act, 1884.

Serial No.	Nature of licenses issued	Total number of licenses issued for the previous year	Total number of licenses issued for the year under report	Variations as compared with the preceding year		Remarks
				Increase	Decrease	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	License to manufacture, sell and possess explosives under Rule 8 of the Explosives Rules (Form A).					
2	License to sell and possess explosives under Rule 8 of the Explosives Rules (Form B).					
3	License to possess explosives under Rule 8 of the Explosives Rules (Form C).					
4	License to possess explosives under Rule 14 of the Explosives Rules (Form D).					
5	License to sell explosives under Rule 23 of the Explosives Rules (Form F).					
6	License to import explosives under the rules regarding importation (Form A).					
	Grand Total ...					

NOTE.—This form will be used only in the districts to which the Explosives Act, 1884 has been extended.

G S

1887-88
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Proceedings of the Government of Mysore, Judicial, dated 27th July 1898.

Memorandum No. 1463-70 J 137 dated 27th July 1898.

Letter No. 3558, dated 19th July 1898, from the First Assistant to the Resident in Mysore to the Dewan of Mysore—

When persons in the Mysore State, licensed to deal in arms and ammunition, desire to import arms and ammunition from British India, they are, as you are aware, required, when submitting their applications to this office, to attach certificates of non-objection signed by the Magistrate of the District to which import is desired.

Colonel Robertson will be much obliged if the Durbar will issue instructions to the District Magistrates to include in such certificates particulars on the following points, *viz*:—

(*a*) the stock of arms and ammunition remaining in the would-be importer's shop at the time of his application,

(*b*) the dates on which during the current and previous year, and the officials by whom the applicant's shop was inspected,

(*c*) to whom the applicant ordinarily sells arms and ammunition.

As regards (*a*) *supra* there is reason to believe that the amount of ammunition mentioned in the applications for licenses is, looking to the stock in hand at the time, frequently excessive, and the Resident will be obliged if the stock in hand be, as a rule, tested by a Superintendent or Assistant Superintendent of Police prior to the application being passed on to this office.

2. Further, there is, it is believed, considerable trade in arms and ammunition between the Civil and Military Station on the one hand and the City of Bangalore and the Mysore State generally on the other.

Such trade is, it is understood, governed by licenses, and the Resident will be glad to know what amount of arms and ammunition were imported into—

(i) Bangalore City, and

(ii) other parts of Mysore during the calendar years 1895, 1896 and 1897.

No. 1463-70
J. 137

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Dated Bangalore, 27th July 1898.

46

MEMO.

Copy forwarded to all District Magistrates in Mysore with a request that the procedure indicated in para 1 of the Residency letter may be observed in future cases of import of arms into the State; and that the information required in para 2 as regards the amount of arms and ammunition imported during the calendar years 1895, 1896 and 1897, may be submitted to this office as quickly as possible, for communication to the Resident.

By Order,
(Signed) C. SREENIVASIENGAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

MEMO No. 1471—J. 138, DATED 27TH JULY 1898.

Copy forwarded to the Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

By Order,
C. SREENIVASIENGAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

Exd.—C.V.

10 Copies taken

1898-99

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

JUDICIAL

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM.

Dated 27th July 1898

No. 1463-70
J. 137.

Issuing instructions to the District Magistrates to include particulars on certain points specified by the Resident in the non-objection certificates issued by them for the import of arms and ammunition from British India.

M.G.C.P. Bangalore.—17-8-98-350

READ—

Letter No. 167, dated 23rd August 1898, from the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur district, requesting instructions as to whether the countersignature of the Secretary to the Government is necessary for the renewal endorsements of the licenses granted by the District Magistrate, under Rule 8 of the Rules under the Mysore Arms Regulation, and originally countersigned by the Secretary.

2. The following replies from the District Magistrates to this office No. 3825-31—J. 429, dated the 17th September 1898, reporting the practice in their respective districts:—

No.	1221—335,	dated	19th September 1898,	from the District Magistrate,	Kolar.
„	270—20	do	20th do	do	Shimoga.
„	372	do	21st do	do	Bangalore.
„	168	do	21st do	do	Kadur.
„	272—268	do	25th do	do	Chitaldrug.
„	334	do	27th do.	do	Mysore.
„	401	do	24th November 1898	do	Hassan.

G O. No. 7795-80—J. 842, DATED BANGALORE, 3RD JANUARY 1899.

ORDER THEREON.—Government observe that the renewals of licenses are as good as fresh licenses and should therefore be submitted for the countersignature of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Departments.

C. SREENIVASIENGAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The District Magistrate of Tumkur.
The other District Magistrates, for information and guidance.

Exd.—H. A. R.

1898-99

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

JUDICIAL

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 3rd January 1899

No. 7795-80 / J. 842

Observing that the renewals of licenses granted by District Magistrates under Rule 8 of the Mysore Arms Regulation, are as good as fresh licenses and should therefore be submitted for the countersignature of the Secretary to Government in the General and Revenue Departments.

M G B P B—9-1-99—350

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Judicial, dated 29th August 1903.

READ—

Letter No. 160—15, dated the 6th July 1903, from the Inspector General of Police in Mysore, submitting a report on the working of the Arms and Explosives Regulations for the calendar year 1902.

Letter No. 77-8, dated 6th August 1903, from the Secretary to Government, Geological Department, offering certain observations on the above report.

No. 482-91—J. F. 43 OF 98-9, DATED BANGALORE, 29TH AUGUST 1903.

ORDER THEREON.—Recorded.

2. In their review of the report for the half year ending 31st December 1901, Government remarked on the unsatisfactory nature of the work done by local Magistrates and Police officers in the matter of the inspection of licensed premises. They regret to observe that there has been little improvement in this respect during the year 1903, and that out of 84 shops only 22 were inspected by Police Inspectors, 8 by Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents and 26 by Magistrates. Government expect District Magistrates to pay more attention to this important part of their duties, and that every shop in their districts will be inspected at least once a year either by themselves or by a subordinate Magistrate or by a superior Police officer.

3. As a separate report on Explosives is being issued every year by the Chief Inspector of Explosives, the Inspector General of Police is requested to confine his future reports to the working of the *Arms* Regulation and Rules only. Information about the inspection of premises licensed under the Explosives Regulation will, however, be furnished by the Inspector General separately to the Chief Inspector, who will embody the same in his report on Explosives.

H. V. NANJUNDAYYA,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Inspector General of Police in Mysore.
The Secretary to Government, Geological Department, and Chief Inspector of Explosives.
All District Magistrates.

Exd.—C.V.

1903-04

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

JUDICIAL

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 29th August 1903

No. 482-91
J. F. 43 of 98-9

Recording with certain observations the report on the working of the Arms and Explosives Regulations for the calendar year 1902.

SBP—9-9-03—200

READ—

(1) Para 10 of letter No. 55, dated 16th October 1903, from Mr. V. R. Thyagaraja Iyer Assistant Secretary to Government, on special duty, submitting certain suggestions in regard to the curtailment of the Annual Report on the working of the Arms and Explosives Regulations :—

* * *

"10. *Report on the working of the Arms and Explosives Regulations.*—This report was prescribed by No. 16413-21—J, dated 15th June 1898, and the forms of statements appended to the report were adopted from the report prescribed in the Madras Presidency. Two of these statements were, at the suggestion of Mr. Meyer, considerably curtailed by the Madras Government in their Government Order dated 7th June 1898, No. 884. I would therefore suggest that similar curtailments may be carried out here."

* * *

(2) Letter No. 66—Ex, dated 16th January 1904, from the Chief Inspector of Explosives in Mysore, submitting his opinion on the above suggestions :—

"In reply to your docket No. 1254, dated 19th December 1903, forwarding for my opinion an extract of a letter from the Assistant Secretary to Government, on special duty, in connection with the curtailment of reports and returns, I have the honor to state that I see no objection to the adoption of the curtailed forms similar to those prescribed by the Madras Government, if Government is satisfied with merely knowing the number of omissions on the part of Inspecting Officers. This will no doubt be sufficient so long as the principal Inspecting Officers in each District know where the omissions have occurred and endeavour to rectify them.

2. In the copy of the proposed curtailed form sent with your docket referred to above, I notice that the inspections refer only to shops licensed under the Arms Regulation, whereas the Madras Form includes under a separate heading the shops licensed in Forms A to F of the Explosives Rules.

The Madras Form is, I think, correct.

3. In connection with this matter I may point out that Government Proceedings No. 484-91—J. F. 43 of 98-99, dated 29th August 1903, laid down that the Inspector General of Police should confine his report to the working of the *Arms* Regulation and Rules.

But as *inspection* of premises which have been licensed under the Explosives Regulation may be considered as done under the Arms Regulation in view of the fact that all licenses under the Explosives Regulation have the effect of like licenses under the Arms Regulation and are subject to inspection and control under the same, they should also be included in the statement to be furnished by the Inspector General of Police in his report.

4. Quite independently of this a statement of the number of inspections of premises licensed under the Explosives Regulation is to be published in the report of the Chief Inspector of Explosives, the information for which is obtained from the District Magistrates under Government Order, Geological No. 258-267—S, dated 7th November 1902, clause 4. This statement is, I think, necessary for the guidance of the Chief Inspector of Explosives.

5. In conclusion what I would recommend is the following :—

(1) A statement of omission of inspections like that prescribed for Madras in two sections,

one for shops licensed under the Arms Regulation,

the other for shops licensed under the Explosives Regulation ;

the complete statement to be furnished by the Inspector General of Police as inspections under the Arms Regulation.

(2) A statement of inspection of shops licensed under the Explosives Regulation to be furnished by the Chief Inspector of Explosives as inspections under the Explosives Regulation. Of course there is some overlapping which is unavoidable.

Magistrates and Police Officers should be instructed when making inspections of premises licensed under the Explosives Regulation to carry out such inspections not only under Rule 43 of the Explosives Rules, but also under the provisions of the Arms Regulation and Rules.

6. I see no objection to the adoption of the modified statement for sulphur as proposed in your letter under reply."

(3) Letter No. 88, dated 8th February 1904 from Mr. V. R. Thyagaraja Iyer, Assistant Secretary on special duty :—

"I have the honor to reply to your docket No. 1455—J., dated 23rd January 1904, forwarding for my remarks letter No. 66—Ex., dated 16th January 1904, from the Chief Inspector of Explosives.

2. From paras 1 and 6 of the letter under reference it appears that the Chief Inspector of Explosives approves of the curtailment of the statements suggested by me in para 10 of my

letter No. 55, dated 16th October 1903. The only point on which my remarks appear to be called for are with reference to paras 2, 3 and 5 of the Chief Inspector's letter, in which he recommends the incorporation in the Report on the working of the Arms Regulation of a statement of omission of inspections of premises licensed under the Explosives Rules.

3. As remarked by the Chief Inspector of Explosives, the six licenses issuable under the Explosives Rules have to be endorsed in almost all cases under Rule 42 of the Explosives Rules so as to have the effect of licenses in Forms II or III of the Arms Regulation Rules. But in these cases the premises will or ought to be inspected as premises licensed under the Arms Regulation and in this view there does not seem to be any necessity for the inclusion *in this Report* of a separate statement of omission of inspections of the same premises under the Explosives Regulation.

4. In conclusion I would suggest that, as the forms of statements appended to Official Memo No. 16413-21—J. 1642, dated 15th June 1898, are, as stated in the Order, the forms prescribed by the Madras Government, the forms as now modified may be issued with the headings and other entries adopted to the Mysore Arms and Explosives Regulations and the Rules thereunder."

No. 1813-23—J., DATED BANGALORE, 5TH MARCH 1904.

ORDER THEREON.—In their Order No. 482-91—J. F. 43-98-99, dated 29th August 1903, the Government have directed that the Report of the Inspector General of Police should be confined to the working of the Arms Regulation and Rules only, a Report on the Explosives Regulation being separately submitted to Government by the Chief Inspector of Explosives. The Government do not therefore approve of the insertion in the Arms Report of information relating to the inspection or omission of inspection of premises licensed under the Explosives Regulation, as such, as this course is likely to cause unnecessary confusion. Any information on this head required by the Chief Inspector of Explosives for incorporation in the Explosives Report will be separately furnished to that officer by the Inspector General of Police. When a building is licensed both under the Explosives and the Arms Regulations, distinct records of inspections under both the Regulations should be made by the Inspecting Officers, the particulars as already observed being embodied in the respective Reports to which they pertain.

2. The adoption of the curtailed statements referred to in the first of these communications, is approved.

3. The statements to be furnished in connection with the Report on the working of the Arms Regulation will accordingly be as appended to this Order.

L. ANANTASAMI RAO,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Inspector General of Police in Mysore.
The Chief Inspector of Explosives.
The Magistrates of Districts.
The Assistant Secretary on special duty in connection with the curtailment of reports and returns.

Statement showing the number of shops licensed under the Rules issued under the Mysore Arms Regulation, which have been inadequately inspected by Police Officers and Magistrates.

Number of shops licensed in Forms II and III.	Number of instances in which Inspectors of Police have failed to inspect in the—				Number of omissions on the part of—		Number of shops left wholly unvisited during the year.
	First quarter of the year.	Second quarter of the year.	Third quarter of the year.	Fourth quarter of the year.	Superior Officers of Police.	The Magistracy.	
1904 ...							
1905 ...							

Statement showing the number of licensed dealers in Sulphur in the District of ....., their stock and the purposes for which it is sold.

Number of licenses issued or in force in—				Quantities for which licenses were obtained.	Stock of Sulphur.				Remarks—opening balance.	Remarks—closing balance	General purpose for which sulphur was sold or used.	Result of inspection and remarks.
1904.	1905.	1906. Old.	1906. New.		Balance on 1st January 1906.	Purchased for or imported during 1906.	Sold during 1906.	Balance on 31st December 1906.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
				Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs.	Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs.	Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs.	Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs.	Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs.	Deficiency. Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs. Excess. Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs.	Deficiency. Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs. Excess. Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs.		

Statement showing the number of licensed dealers in Saltpetre in the District of ....., their stock and the purposes for which it is sold.

Number of licenses issued or in force in—				Quantities for which licenses were obtained.	Stock of Saltpetre.				Remarks—opening balance.	Remarks—closing balance.	General purpose for which saltpetre was sold or used.	Result of inspection and remarks.
1904.	1905.	1906. Old.	1906. New.		Balance on 1st January 1906.	Purchased for or imported during 1906.	Sold during 1906.	Balance on 31st December 1906.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	10	12	13
				Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs.	Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs.	Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs.	Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs.	Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs.	Deficiency. Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs. Excess. Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs.	Deficiency. Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs. Excess. Tons. Cwts. Qrs. lbs.		

Judicial, dated 5th March 1904.

52

Statement showing the number and description of licenses issued by the District Magistrate of .... for 190 and the previous year.

Serial No.	Nature of licenses issued.	Number issued for the previous year.			Number issued for the year under report.			Variations as compared with the preceding year.		Remarks.
		Total number of licenses issued.	Number of arms covered by the licenses issued.		Total number of licenses issued.	Number of arms covered by the licenses issued.		Increase in the number of licenses issued.	Decrease in the number of licenses issued.	
			Fire-arms.	Other arms.		Fire-arms.	Other arms.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	License to transport arms, ammunition or military stores in the Territories of Mysore (Form I)									
2	License to manufacture, convert, sell or keep arms, ammunition and military stores (Form II).									
3	License to keep and sell arms, ammunition and military stores (Form III).									
4	License to possess arms and ammunition and to go armed for purposes of sport, protection or display (Form IV).									
5	License to go armed on a journey (Form V).									
6	License to possess fire-arms, ammunition or military stores in a district which has not been disarmed (Form VI).									
7	License to possess, carry arms and ammunition for the purpose of destroying wild animals (Form VII).									
	Grand Total ...									

NOTE.—1. The number of licenses in Form VII and the arms covered by those produced for inspection before the Magistracy under Rule 11 of the Arms Rules should be entered in the column of remarks against item No. 8.

2. Fire-arms are required to be shown separately from other arms only in the cases of licenses appearing against Nos. 1, 4, 5 and 7 above.

Letter no. 3666 dated the 1st August 1904 from the First Asst Resident in Mysore to the Dewan of Mysore.

I am directed to enclose a copy of an export license no. 3581 dated the 27th July 1904, granted to Messrs Gordon Woodroffe & Co of Madras and to state for the information of the Govt. of H.H. the Maharaja of Mysore that if the Durbar had applied for this license, the same could have been granted free of fee.

S—/

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Judicial, dated 10th August 1904.

READ—

Government Proceedings No. 1314-23—J., dated the 26th February 1903, prescribing a statement in regard to the sales of saltpetre to be appended to the Report on the working of the Mysore Arms Regulation.

(2) This office docket No. 115-111 of 1903-04, dated the 16th July 1904, to the District Magistrate of Tumkur, declining that Section 4 of the Mysore Arms Regulation not having yet been extended to saltpetre, this article does not come under Military Stores.

(3) Letter No. 534—56, dated the 28th July 1904, from the Inspector General of Police in Mysore, stating in reply to this office letter No. 116-111—J., dated the 16th idem, that he sees no objection to the statement relating to saltpetre being discontinued.

(4) Letter No. 46, dated the 21st July 1904, from the District Magistrate of Tumkur on the same subject.

No. 399-408—POLICE 25-4, DATED BANGALORE, 10TH AUGUST 1904.

ORDER THEREON.—Section 4 of the Mysore Arms Regulation defines Military Stores as including all lead, sulphur, saltpetre and other material to which the Government may from time to time extend the section. But while in Notification No. 7237—J. 803, dated the 14th December 1897, the Government extended all the sections of the Regulation to sulphur in quantities exceeding ten seers and declared that leaden birdshot and bullets exceeding 1 cwt. at any one time shall be deemed to be Military Stores, no such notification was issued in the case of saltpetre. That article cannot accordingly be deemed to be Military Stores, and no license for its sale is necessary under the Arms Regulation.

2. The Government are therefore pleased to direct that the statement relating to the sale of saltpetre prescribed in their order of the 26th February 1903, be discontinued and that to this extent para 3 of Government Order No. 1813-23—J., dated the 5th March 1904, be deemed to have been modified.

B. K. VENKATAVARADA IYENGAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Inspector General of Police in Mysore.
The District Magistrates of Districts.
The Chief Inspector of Explosives.

Exd.—G. S.

1904-05

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS
THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

JUDICIAL

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 10th August 1904

No. J. 399-408
Police 25-4

Directs the continuance of the statement relating to the sale of saltpetre prescribed in the Government Order of the 26th February 1903.

WEP—23-8-04—200

Confidential

Govt. & Res. Secy's memo no. J2943-51-Police 1574
-2 dy 12.4.05 to the D.S.P Police in Mysore
and Dt. Supts. of Pols.

Letter no. 1974 dated the 3rd April 1905
from the First Asst: Resident in Mysore to the
Dewan of Mysore.

I am desired to request that the Durbar
will be so good as to arrange for a report being sent
to this office, as early as practicable after their
occurrence in the Mysore State, of all losses, thefts
and recoveries of private and govt: fire arms, capable
of being used for military purposes, of Lee-Metford
or Lee Enfield Rifles, Govt: ammunition, Gun powder,
guns, dynamite and carbide and private
ammunition that is capable of being used in
any military rifle including Snider & Martini
Henry. No reports are need be made in the
case of losses or thefts of ammunition unless
of Martini Henry Rifle cartridges, swords,
bayonets, bullets, slugs, slings, pouches &c.

2. I am also to request that attempts
to smuggle arms or ammunition into the
Mysore State should be brought to the notice of the
Resident as early as possible.

Copy of the above is forwarded to
the D.S.P Police in Mysore and all Dt. Supts.
for careful note & strict compliance.

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Confidential

Genl. & Rev. Secys. circular letter no. J1262-73 - Police 85-06-2 dated the 13th Nov 1906 to the D.I.G. Police, the D.I.G. Prisons, the S.P. Railways & Etc., the Collectors and Govt. & the Daily Commandt.

In supersession of the instructions issued in this Office memo no. J2543-51-Police 157-24-2 dated the 12th April 1905 regarding the report to be made in cases of theft, loss or recovery of certain arms, I am directed to request you to be good as to arrange for the despatch to this Office as early as practicable after their occurrence in the State, a report of losses, thefts or recoveries of all arms, important component parts and ammunition coming under the following category of which information may be received from any source, whether military, civil or private:-

(1) Rifles and pistols, Govt. or private.
(2) All Metford or Lee-Enfield bolts & all .303 rifle barrels.
(3) Ammunition for cannon, rifles and pistols
(4) Fuzes.
(5) Dynamite.
(6) Cordite.

S-4

Care should be taken to give numbers and marks by which the missing weapons or component parts may be identified

2. I am further to request that attempts to smuggle arms & ammunition into the State may be reported, when detected, to the notice of Govt. as early as possible.

Confidential

Gl. & Rev. Secy's circular letter no. J339-350 - Police 15-08-2 dated the 29th July 1908 to the D.G. of Police, the D.G. of Prisons, the Military Sec., G. Govt., the Chief Commandant & the Ft. Surgeon & Dlo.

In continuation of this office circular letter no. J 1262-73-Police 05-06-2 of 13.11.06, issuing instructions regarding the report to be made of cases of theft, loss or recovery of certain arms, I am directed to state that no report in future be made in the case of loss or theft of ammunition for pistols, but that information is required as regards loses, thefts and recoveries of all high explosives.

S-S-

Letter no. 6714 dated 4th October 1905 from the A.-G. Resident in Mysore to the Govt of Mysore -

---

The Govt. of India have had under consideration the propriety of levying customs duty on arms supplied to Native States by the Ordnance Dept.

2. Ordnance Stores imported into the country for the purposes of the Govt. of India are exempt from customs duty; but the existing orders require that 10 per cent on stock book rates on imported departmental (including ordnance) stores, owned otherwise than in combination with indigenous articles should be added for customs duty to claims against Native States.

3. The Native States of India have a part to play in the general scheme for the maintenance of internal order in the Empire; and in recognition of the principle of their co-operation with the Paramount Power, the Govt. of India are willing to allow to Durbars the customs facilities which the former enjoy in respect of ordnance stores.

4. The Governor General in Council directs accordingly that arms and other ordnance stores supplied to Native States by the Govt. of India either free or on payment shall be exempt from customs duty. But in the exceptional

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wch of a Durbar being permitted to purchase
or obtain military stores otherwise than
through the Govt of India, such military
stores shall be amenable to the imposts
as before.

X

Proceedings of the Govt: of H. H. the Maharaja of Jaipur

Read -

from the I.G. of Police in Jaipur } letter no. 863-102 dated the 18th August 1906 forwarding a copy of his order no. 28 dated the 21st June 1906 directing Police Superintendents to inspect premises licensed under the Jaipur Arms & Explosives Regulations at least once a year and Police Inspectors to inspect such premises once a quarter.

Copy no. J 443-Police 27-06-2 of 13.8.06

Recorded.

S 7

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Police, dated 21st September 1909.

READ—

Letters Nos. 1215 and 1300, dated the 22nd May 1906 and the 12th June 1906, respectively, from the District Magistrate of Mysore, forwarding for the sanction of Government under Rule 19 of the rules under the Arms Regulation, the applications of Veene Rangaswamaiengar and Gomatam Srinivasa Jois for the renewal of their licenses in Form IV for the possession of arms.

No. J. 743-51—POLICE 131-05-6, DATED BANGALORE, 21ST SEPTEMBER 1906.

ORDER THEREON.—The fire-arms referred to are revolvers. Rule 19 of the rules under the Arms Regulation only requires that the sanction of Government for the grant of licenses should be obtained in the case of breech-loading *rifles*. Revolvers and pistols are breech-loaders but are not rifles. The previous sanction of Government is not therefore necessary in the case of fire-arms of this description. The applications will therefore be returned to the District Magistrate for his disposal.

K. S. CHANDRASEKHARA AIYAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The District Magistrate of Mysore, with the records received with his letters under reply.
The District Magistrates of other Districts.
The Inspector-General of Police in Mysore.

EXD.—C. V.

S-8

Branch III

1906-07

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS
THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

POLICE

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 21st September 1906

No. J. 743-51
Police 181-05-6

Observes that revolvers are not rifles within the meaning of the rule under the Arms Regulation and that previous sanction of Government is not necessary for granting licenses to possess fire-arm of that description.

GPB-5-10-06-350

X

Letter no. J2623-Police 112-08-2 Dt 11.3.09 from the Secy. to the Govt. of H.H the Maharaja of Mysore to the Govt. & Resident
the Hl. Resdt. Madras Hl.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter no. 237 dated the 12th January 1909 soliciting instructions as to whether the period mentioned in an export license granted by the P.A. Resident can be extended by Hl. Resdt in Mysore when the arms or ammunition covered by the license reach their place of destination after the expiry of the said period.

In reply I am to state that a Mysore Officer cannot validly extend the time mentioned in an export license issued by the British Indian authorities under the Indian Arms Act XI of 1878. The Mysore officers have only to see whether arms or ammunition, when they are in Mysore territory are covered by a license under the Mysore law or are exempted by the Mysore Govt. If a consignee takes delivery of arms & ammunition after the expiry of the period covered by the license, a Mysore officer cannot interfere if such a delivery is made in a place outside the jurisdiction of the State such as certain Ry. limits over which criminal jurisdiction has been ceded to the British Govt. If on the other hand such delivery is made in a place over which the Durbar has jurisdiction, the fact that the period mentioned in the export license has been exceeded is immaterial as that period is intended to cover only the transport of the arms in British India up to the Mysore frontier. In such a case Hl. Resdts. in Mysore have only to satisfy themselves that the consignee is, at the time of taking delivery, a licensed person or is one exempted under the Mysore law.

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Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

READ—

Papers ending with letter No. 2965, dated the 11th August 1909, from the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, to the Chief Secretary to the Government of the Punjab.

No. 2965.

FROM

SIR HAROLD STUART, K.C.V.O., C.S.I.,

Secretary to the Government of India.

To

THE CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PUNJAB.

Home Department
(Public)

Simla, the 11th August 1909.

SIR,

I am directed to refer to your letter No. 422, dated the 11th June 1909, regarding the responsibility of licensed dealers in arms and ammunition in the matter of satisfying themselves that their customers are legally authorized to possess them.

2. The Government of India concur in the view expressed in paragraph 3 of your letter that dealers are bound, under the law, to ascertain that the persons to whom they sell arms are legally authorized to possess the same. I am to request that, with the permission of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Messrs. Walter Locke & Co. may be informed accordingly.

3. While desiring to enforce the responsibility of arms-vendors, the Government of India are unwilling to impose on them the obligation suggested in paragraph 6 of your letter to the effect that they should supply immediate information to the Superintendent of Police of the despatch by rail or post of arms and ammunition to any address or send them to purchasers through district officials. I am, however, to invite attention to the fact that under the conditions attached to their licenses all dealers in arms and ammunition are required to keep registers of their stock in trade and of all transactions relating to it, and that their stock and registers are liable to inspection by the police. I am therefore to suggest that the police should be required to exercise a more vigilant supervision over these registers and if they find that arms and ammunition have been supplied to persons whose exemption seems to be doubtful, they should take steps to ascertain whether such persons are really exempted from the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, and if not, to report the matter to the local Government.

If it should be found that instances of arms being supplied to persons not entitled to possess them are at all frequent, the Government of India would be willing to reconsider the proposal to frame a rule of the description recommended by His Honour.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

H. A. STUART,

Secretary to the Government of India.

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No. 422-S.-Home, dated Simla, the 11th June 1909.

From—The HON'BLE MR. M. W. FENTON, I.C.S., Officiating Chief Secretary to the Government of the Punjab.

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.

I am directed by the Lieutenant-Governor to submit for the consideration of the Government of India copy of a letter No. 1712, dated the 3rd of May 1909, from the Commissioner of Jullundur bringing to notice an evasion of the provisions of the Arms Act, which, in His Honour's opinion, is of no small importance.

2. It will be noticed that Messrs. Walter Locke and Company consider that they are entitled to sell arms and ammunition to any well-dressed respectable looking person who may represent himself to be an Honorary Magistrate. Apparently also it is considered legitimate by this firm to despatch a consignment of arms to the address of any person, who may come within the categories exempted from the provisions of the Act, without ascertaining that the addressee is really the person whom he represents himself to be. The Commissioner of Jullundur, it will be seen, apparently accepts this view of the law.

3. The Lieutenant-Governor, however, cannot admit that the law is so defective. It seems to him that the provisions of Section 22 of the Arms Act, are applicable to such cases, and that dealers

are bound to ascertain that the persons to whom they sell arms are legally authorized to possess the same. The opinion of the Legal Remembrancer was taken on this point. His view is:—

> "To accept a mere assurance or to judge by mere appearances is certainly not what a Magistrate would consider a *bonâ fide* discharge of the licensee's obligation. Walter Locke will be responsible if they merely rely on such enquiries to satisfy themselves of the legal authority of any intending purchaser, and I think they ought to be warned to that effect. They are, similarly, not properly discharging their obligations if they send by post arms to any person who professes himself entitled to possess them. They must make due enquiry in all cases of sales, and must in all cases where they have not already sufficient proof that the purchaser is legally entitled to purchase, obtain sufficient proof by further enquiry."

4. Sir Louis Dane is of opinion that the subject is of sufficient importance to bring to the notice of the Government of India. It is possible that Walter Locke and Company are not the only firm that is selling arms and ammunition to all sorts of persons indiscriminately. In the last ten years the annual customs receipts from arms and ammunition have gone up 80 per cent and though this may be legitimate trade up to the time the weapons reach the licensed dealers, there seems to be reason for some misgivings as to the way in which these latter dispose of their wares.

5. His Honour has heard that it is the experience of those who advertise fire-arms for sale in the newspapers that their advertisements invariably meet with an immediate response. It is quite possible that private persons disposing of their arms in this way are not sufficiently careful about ascertaining whether the purchasers are entitled to keep arms. However, that is a branch of the subject which, it is understood, is engaging the attention of the Criminal Investigation Department. The present letter is concerned only with the question raised by the letter of the Commissioner of Jullundur and its enclosures, *viz.*, whether steps should not be taken to ensure that all licensed vendors of arms throughout India should be warned of their responsibilities in the matter of ascertaining whether purchasers are persons to whom arms may legally be sold. Perhaps the Government of India may deem it desirable to issue a general warning to this effect and to direct the prosecution of any licensed vendor who neglects the warning.

6. His Honour would also suggest the issue of a rule requiring licensed vendors to supply immediate information by post to the Superintendent of Police of the district of the addressee in the case of all arms and ammunition despatched by rail or post to any address. To give this information through the local Commissioner of Police results in delay, the consignment reaching the address before the police of the consignee's district are aware of it. Another plan might be to require the dealer to send all arms and ammunition supplied to persons with whom he was not actually acquainted, or as to whose rights to possess arms he was not absolutely certain, to the Deputy Commissioner of the district or to the Tahsildar for delivery to the addressee. That some rule of the kind is necessary will, His Honour thinks, be admitted. The matter is one of very considerable importance.

No. 1712, dated Jullundur, the 3rd May 1909.

From—The Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

To—The Chief Secretary to the Government of the Punjab.

I have the honour to forward copy of letter No. 93, dated the 22nd April 1909, with enclosure from the Deputy Commissioner, Jullundur, for the information of Government.

2. The correspondence shows that it is possible for any one to purchase arms or ammunition without a license provided that he is prepared to give a wrong name, or to assert that he is exempted. Under the license for sale of arms there appears no restriction as to persons to whom goods are sold: the licensee is apparently not required to take any steps to satisfy himself as to the identity of the person to whom the goods are sold.

No. 93, dated the 22nd April 1909.

From—The Deputy Commissioner, Jullundur.

To—The Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

I have the honour to report the following facts for your information:—

2. On 5th March 1909 Pir Anwar-ul-Haq, Tahsildar, Jullundur, received an intimation from Messrs. Walter Locke and Company, Lahore, that they had executed his order and sent value-payable parcel to him the following ammunitions noted in the margin. As he had given no such order, he reported the matter to me and asked Walter Locke and Company to send the letter to him. This they did. The letter was a forgery. I stopped delivery of the ammunition.

		Rs.	a.	P.
20 450	Express Rifle Cartridges at 20 per cent	4	0	0
250 12	Bore Cartridges Caps	1	4	0
100 22	Short Cartridges	1	12	0
	Packing and Registration fee ...	0	6	0
	Total ...	7	6	0

3. Copies of the correspondence show that Walter Locke and Company are absolutely within their rights. I would specially invite your attention to that portion of their letter marked A in which they state that if a respectably dressed native walked into their shop, or wrote to them purporting to be a gentleman exempt under the Arms Act, that they would supply him with such arms and ammunition as he required, and are under no obligation to inform any one of having done so.

Judicial and Legislative (Police), dated 11th October 1909.

To my mind it appears most dangerous and it would possibly in the light of the above occurrence be desirable to bring the matter to the notice of Government. This matter came to light owing to the goods being sent value-payable parcel, but it is not inconceivable for a firm of less repute and standing than Walter Locke and Company, to sell in the way represented by that firm, any amount of arms and ammunition for cash, to any person whatsoever, provided he purports to be a person exempt under the Arms Act, whether he really is or not, and it would be quite impossible afterwards to trace the purchaser, or prove connivance by the vendor, and as far as I can see, there is nothing to prevent any number of natives dressing themselves respectably and calling themselves Honorary Magistrates or otherwise and getting as much ammunition as they like irrespective of the prohibitions of the provisions of the Arms Act.

Dated Lahore, the 24th March 1909.

From—MESSRS. WALTER LOCKE and Company.

To—The District Magistrate, Jullundur.

In reply to your No. 582 of the 23rd instant, we have the honor to state that we do use every possible precaution in supplying arms and ammunition to natives and that we are in the habit of verifying names by a reference to a current army or civil list as the case may be. At the same time we wish to point out to you that fraudulent purchase of ammunition would not be a difficult matter to a man who desires to accomplish it. We instance an educated and well-dressed native representing himself and using the name of an Honorary Magistrate, who under Section 4 of the first schedule of the rules is an exempted person from the Arms Act operations, purchasing ammunition personally or by letter. We do not say that this is ever done, but it could be accomplished, and under the circumstances we should like to know how such fraud may be guarded against.

In reference to paragraph 2 of your letter we beg to enclose for your perusal a copy of a letter No. 454 of 5th May 1908, from the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, relating to the sale of ammunition of the prohibited bores. From this you will see that only ammunition of the ·303 and M. H. ·577-·450 bores require a special license by exempted persons to purchase and we are always careful to obtain this before we effect a sale.

With regard to intimating to you details of sales of ammunition we beg to enquire under what section of the rules we are obliged to do this? We furnish annual reports of sales of arms and ammunition to our District Magistrate and also keep police registers and sales books which are periodically examined by the authorities. We understand that this is all we are obliged to do in connection with the sales we effect. } A

No. J. 1125-33—POLICE 61-09-2, DATED BANGALORE, 11TH OCTOBER 1909.

ORDER THEREON.—Ordered that the communication above printed be circulated to the District Magistrates and the Inspector-General of Police in Mysore for attention.

K. S. CHANDRASEKHARA AIYAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

61

To—The District Magistrates of Districts.
The Inspector-General of Police in Mysore.

Exd.—C. V.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Judicial and Legislative (Police), dated 22nd November 1909.

READ—

Letter No. 3594-3602—Home Department Public, dated the 29th September 1909, from the Officiating Deputy Secretary to the Government of India to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg.

In connection with the orders conveyed in the Home Department ~~letter No. 781~~ endorsement No. 782-789, dated the 26th February 1909, questions have been raised as to (1) whether it is the intension that a native soldier on leave should not be eligible to obtain a license for arms and ammunition in respect of which he is not exempt; (2) whether the pass to be granted by the Commanding Officer would relate only to arms and ammunition which the soldier possessed at the time when he went on leave, or whether it would extend to arms and ammunition which he might subsequently purchase; and (3) whether dealers will be at liberty to sell arms and ammunition up to the amount covered by such a pass.

2. With reference to the first question, I am to invite attention to paragraphs 686-693 of the Army Regulations, India, Volume II, and to explain that although there is nothing in the Arms Act and Rules to render a native soldier on leave ineligible for a license for arms and ammunition other than those covered by the pass granted by his Commanding Officer, yet, since the possession or obtaining of such arms constitutes a breach of the Army Regulations quoted, it is desirable that such applications for license should invariably be refused by District Magistrates and other authorities invested with the power to license. I am to request that all licensing authorities may be instructed in this sense.

3. As regards the second question, I am to say that the Commanding Officer's pass is intended to cover only those arms which were in the soldier's possession at the time of his quitting his regiment on leave and that the pass does not cover arms purchased subsequently. That this is the intention is clear from paragraph 686 (*e*) of the Army Regulations, India, Volume II, which requires the Officer Commanding to satisfy himself, on the soldier's return from leave, that the arms covered by the pass have not been changed. Under Army Regulations, India, Volume II, paragraphs 686, 687, (i) and (iii), a soldier is restricted to a certain maximum quantity of arms and ammunition, and if the quantity covered by the pass granted by his Commanding Officer on his proceeding on leave is less than the prescribed maximum, he may only purchase additional arms and ammunition up to that maximum with the written permission of "competent authority," *i.e.*, his Commanding Officer. From this it follows that the reply to the third question is that dealers cannot sell arms or ammunition to native soldiers on the strength of the Commanding Officer's pass up to the quantity specified therein unless a special authorisation is produced for each such purchase.

4. I am to request that, with the permission of ~~the Governor in Council~~ His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor these orders may be communicated to the dealers in arms and ammunition and to all other persons concerned.

No. J. 1387-97—POLICE 81-09-2, DATED BANGALORE, 22ND NOVEMBER 1909.

62

ORDER THEREON.—Ordered that the above be printed and circulated to the District Magistrates, the Inspector-General of Police in Mysore, the Registrar of the Chief Court and the Chief Commandant, Mysore State Troops, for information and guidance.

K. S. CHANDRASEKHARA AIYAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The District Magistrates.
The Inspector-General of Police in Mysore.
The Registrar, Chief Court.
The Chief Commandant, Mysore State Troops.

Exd.—C. V.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Judicial and Legislative (Police), dated 31st August 1910.

READ—

India Army Order No. 334, dated the 6th June 1910:—

"334. *Private Arms of Indian Troops.*—India Army Order No. 326 of 1909 is cancelled and the following is substituted:—

In order to provide for the closer control over the possession of private arms by Indian troops, the Government of India direct the observance of the following rules:—

(*a*) An Indian soldier, while absent from his regiment on leave, shall be exempt from the operations of Sections 13 to 16 of the Indian Arms Act in respect of such arms and ammunition only as may be covered by the pass granted to him by his Commanding Officer under Army Regulations, India, Volume II.

If a soldier so absent is found to be in possession of arms and ammunition not covered by such a pass, he will be made over to the Military authorities for trial.

(*b*) Whenever an Indian soldier at the time of his being transferred to the reserve wishes as a reservist to possess arms and ammunition for his personal use, the Magistrate of the district in which he resides will grant him a license, free of license fee, provided that the application therefor has been submitted through, and is recommended by, the Officer Commanding the applicant's late regiment or battery.

(*c*) In the case of an Indian reservist applying for a license at any time after joining the reserve, the Magistrate of the District will grant the license, free of license fee, on the recommendation of the Officer Commanding the Reserve Centre to which the reservist is attached.

(*d*) In all cases licenses will be renewed, free of license fee, on the recommendation of the Officer Commanding the Reserve Centre.

Should a Magistrate not feel justified in issuing a license to a reservist or in renewing a reservist's license, his decision will be communicated to the officer through whom the application was submitted, for such action as the latter may wish to take.

Offences under the Arms Act and Rules committed by reservists will be dealt with in the ordinary manner under the Act by the magistracy.

2. Army Regulations, India, Volume II, will be amended in due course."

G.O. No. J. 687-97—POLICE 32-10-2, DATED BANGALORE, 31ST AUGUST 1910.

ORDER ~~THEREON~~.—Ordered that the above be communicated to the District Magistrates of Districts, the Inspector-General of Police in Mysore, the Registrar, Chief Court of Mysore, and the Chief Commandant, Mysore State Troops, for information in continuation of the marginally noted Government Orders.

Government Order No. J. 3195-25—Police 152-08-2, dated 16th June 1909.
Government Order No. J. 1387-97—Police 81-09-2, dated 22nd November 1909.

C. S. BADASUNDARAM IYER,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

63

To—The District Magistrates of Districts.
The Inspector-General of Police in Mysore.
The Registrar, Chief Court of Mysore.
The Chief Commandant, Mysore State Troops.

Exd.—C. V.

Letter no. 5521 dated the 14th September 1910
from the A.A. Resident in Mysore to the Dewan
of Mysore

In continuation of this office letter no. 4305
dated the 18th June 1907, I am directed to state
that orders have been issued to the effect that
the supply of ammunition to Native States
should be contingent on the return of an
equal number of fired cases. I am accordingly
to request, that, in future, when applications are
made for the supply of ball ammunition
required for the use of the Military, Police, Jail
& other depts. of the Mysore State, they may,
as far as practicable, be accompanied
by an equal number of fired cases.

—

64

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Extract from G.P. no J 3268-76 - Price 143-12

- 3 dated the 30th April 1913

× × × × × ×

Govt. see no objection to authorise the Magte. of the Tk and the Magte of the Sub Tk to renew provincial licenses subject to the same restrictions as in the case of ordinary licenses.

× × × × × × ×

Please see ? ?
c. 1775. t. 1 t. 1
t. 13.1.1899.

65—

X.

Extract from letter no. 3404-Police 20-13-2 dated the 6th August 1913 from the Secy. to Govt. of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore, Pl. & Rev Depts, to the Pl. Secy. Mysore Pl.

Adverting to your letter no. 20 dated the 8th July 1913 soliciting instructions as to whether forest guards may be considered to be 'forest officers' for the purpose of exemption from the operation of certain prohibitions & restrictions contained in the Mysore Arms Regulation, I am directed to state that the expression 'forest officer' occurring in the Mysore Arms Rules should be interpreted according to the meaning given to it in the Forest Regulation.

x x x x x x x

66

X

Official Memorandum no. J3893-900
Police 40-13-12 dated the 12th May 1915
to the Dt. Magistrate of Dhn.

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with a view to facilitating the
disposal of applications from importers
of arms for refund of differential duty
paid by them under proviso 2 to Schedule II
of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, officers
granting licenses are requested to state
on every new license issued in forms
IV & VII of the forms appended to the
Rules issued under the Import
Arms Regulation whether it appertains
to a weapon to be newly purchased
or to one already in the possession of
the licensee.

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S. O.

Applications for importing Firearms required for Public Departments.

No. J. 2516-65—Police 120-15-2, dated 23rd December 1915.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

GENERAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENTS.

Order No. J. 2516-65—Police 120-15-2, dated 23rd December 1915.

Government are pleased to direct that in cases in which any firearms are required to be imported for the use of public departments, applications for importing such firearms should be sent up to Government, and not to the Residency direct by the indenting officer in his private capacity.

V. R. THYAGARAJA IYER,
Secy. to Govt., Rev. Dept., in charge, Genl. Dept.

To—The Heads of Departments.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Exd.—C. R.

68

Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

GENERAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENTS.

G. O. No. J. 2516-65—Police 120-15-2, dated 23rd Dec. 1915

Applications for importing Firearms required for Public Departments.

Directing that — should be sent up to Government and not to the Residency direct by the indenting officer.

W. D. 1536—GPB—11-1-16—450

G.O. no. 3604-12-Police (71-15-10 dt/ 14.8.16.

Govt. are pleased to direct that, in future, information as to the number of arms and the quantity of ammunition manufactured in each district in the State be furnished in the annual report on the working of the Indian Arms Regulation and the rules framed thereunder.

MYSORE GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS.

Invoice No. 1969

To The Chief Secretary to Govt of Mysore, Bangalore.

The 28.5.1918

SECRETARIAT 4.6.18

JUDICIAL III JUN 1918

Indent or Press Register No.	Description	Number of copies, etc.	Number of packets	Acknowledgment
1008	Mysore Arms Law Manual	~~1300~~ 1200	Books	

It is requested this Invoice may be receipted and returned as early as possible.

Despatcher.

Asst. Supt.

14 4/16

2942

G. R. S. VI—G/32]

SUBJECT..... Miscellaneous .....

.....

.....

Diary No. of letter replied to.....

Section Police
File No. 211-16
Serial No. 6

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT,
( )
, *the* 191 .

No. J 4961 (1200 Copies)

Date of issue..... 4/6/18

To

Signed by..... W. E. Stewart
for Sd

The Supdt. Govt. Press

Sir

In returning herewith the copies of the Mysore Arms Law Manual received with invoice No. 1959 dated the 28th May 1918 I am directed to state that the title printed on the wrapper is incorrect and to request that the correct title as per margin may be printed on slips to be pasted on all copies of the book before it is issued.

* The Mysore Arms Laws Manual (Being a compilation of the Mysore Arms Regulations, the Mysore Arms Rules & important Govt. orders on the subject.)

over.

place on the wrappers. The copies may be retransmitted very early to this office with the above mentioned. The copies to be sent to the Canadian Govt. Book Depôt may be treated similarly.

As there has already been some delay in issuing the manual it is requested that the matter may be taken in hand at once.

I have &c...

[illegible]
For Ch Secy. to Govt.

WDC
4.6.18.

List of enclosure

Copied by

Examined by

WD 86—GPB—60,000—15-11 16

G. R. S. III-2]

General and Revenue Secretariat.	File No.	of 191 .

Serial No.

MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS.

Invoice No. 2071

The 19-6-1918.

The Chief Secretary
to Government of Mysore.
Bangalore.

nt or ess ister o.	Description	Number of copies, etc.	Number of packets	Acknowledgment
	Mysore Arms Regulation	1195	Books	

GEN. REV. SECRETARIAT
III
JUDICIAL
1918

It is requested that this Invoice may be receipted and returned as early as possible.

Despatcher.

Asst. Supt.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

WD A 1799—GPB—60,000—20-8-18—S.

G. R. S. VI—G/32]

SUBJECT.....

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Diary No. of letter replied to.....

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT,
( )
, the 191 .

Date of issue 28.6.18

Signed by W. G. Greenwood

Section Police
File No. 211-16
Serial No. 8.

No. f 5213 (800)

To

The I. G. of Police in Mysore

Have the honor to forward herewith for distribution 800 copies of the Mysore Abkari Manual.

By Order
for Chief Secretary

P.T.
21.6.18.

over.

G. R. S. VI—G/32]

SUBJECT.....

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Diary No. of letter replied to... .....

Section PO
File No. 211-16
Serial No. 9

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT
( )
, the *191*

No. G964
200 copies

Date of issue 17th Aug 18

To

Signed by M.G.S.3.

The I. G. of Police in Mysore.

Sir,

I am directed to forward herewith 200 copies of the Supplement to the Mysore Arms Law Manual.

I have &c.

Sd/-
for Sec. to Govt.

R.G.
16.7.18.
16/7

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